MPI for Python

Release 4.1.1

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Abstract

MPI for Python provides Python bindings for the *Message Passing Interface* (MPI) standard, allowing Python applications to exploit multiple processors on workstations, clusters and supercomputers.

This package builds on the MPI specification and provides an object oriented interface resembling the MPI-2 C++ bindings. It supports point-to-point (sends, receives) and collective (broadcasts, scatters, gathers) communication of any *picklable* Python object, as well as efficient communication of Python objects exposing the Python buffer interface (e.g. NumPy arrays and builtin bytes/array/memoryview objects).

1 Introduction

Over the last years, high performance computing has become an affordable resource to many more researchers in the scientific community than ever before. The conjunction of quality open source software and commodity hardware strongly influenced the now widespread popularity of Beowulf class clusters and cluster of workstations.

Among many parallel computational models, message-passing has proven to be an effective one. This paradigm is specially suited for (but not limited to) distributed memory architectures and is used in today's most demanding scientific and engineering application related to modeling, simulation, design, and signal processing. However, portable message-passing parallel programming used to be a nightmare in the past because of the many incompatible options developers were faced to. Fortunately, this situation definitely changed after the MPI Forum released its standard specification.

High performance computing is traditionally associated with software development using compiled languages. However, in typical applications programs, only a small part of the code is time-critical enough to require the efficiency of compiled languages. The rest of the code is generally related to memory management, error handling, input/output, and user interaction, and those are usually the most error prone and time-consuming lines of code to write and debug in the whole development process. Interpreted high-level languages can be really advantageous for this kind of tasks.

For implementing general-purpose numerical computations, MATLAB[1] is the dominant interpreted programming language. In the open source side, Octave and Scilab are well known, freely distributed software packages providing compatibility with the MATLAB language. In this work, we present MPI for Python, a new package enabling applications to exploit multiple processors using standard MPI "look and feel" in Python scripts.

1.1 What is MPI?

MPI, [mpi-using] [mpi-ref] the *Message Passing Interface*, is a standardized and portable message-passing system designed to function on a wide variety of parallel computers. The standard defines the syntax and semantics of library routines and allows users to write portable programs in the main scientific programming languages (Fortran, C, or C++).

Since its release, the MPI specification [mpi-std1] [mpi-std2] has become the leading standard for message-passing libraries for parallel computers. Implementations are available from vendors of high-performance computers and from well known open source projects like MPICH [mpi-mpich] and Open MPI [mpi-openmpi].

1.2 What is Python?

Python is a modern, easy to learn, powerful programming language. It has efficient high-level data structures and a simple but effective approach to object-oriented programming with dynamic typing and dynamic binding. It supports modules and packages, which encourages program modularity and code reuse. Python's elegant syntax, together with its interpreted nature, make it an ideal language for scripting and rapid application development in many areas on most platforms.

The Python interpreter and the extensive standard library are available in source or binary form without charge for all major platforms, and can be freely distributed. It is easily extended with new functions and data types implemented in C or C++. Python is also suitable as an extension language for customizable applications.

Python is an ideal candidate for writing the higher-level parts of large-scale scientific applications [Hinsen97] and driving simulations in parallel architectures [Beazley97] like clusters of PC's or SMP's. Python codes are quickly developed, easily maintained, and can achieve a high degree of integration with other libraries written in compiled languages.

1.3 Related Projects

As this work started and evolved, some ideas were borrowed from well known MPI and Python related open source projects from the Internet.

- OOMPI
  - It has no relation with Python, but is an excellent object oriented approach to MPI.
  - It is a C++ class library specification layered on top of the C bindings that encapsulates MPI into a functional class hierarchy.
  - It provides a flexible and intuitive interface by adding some abstractions, like *Ports* and *Messages*, which enrich and simplify the syntax.
- Pypar
  - Its interface is rather minimal. There is no support for communicators or process topologies.
  - It does not require the Python interpreter to be modified or recompiled, but does not permit interactive parallel runs.
  - General (*picklable*) Python objects of any type can be communicated. There is good support for numeric arrays, practically full MPI bandwidth can be achieved.
- pyMPI

[1] MATLAB is a registered trademark of The MathWorks, Inc.

  - It rebuilds the Python interpreter providing a built-in module for message passing. It does permit interactive parallel runs, which are useful for learning and debugging.
  - It provides an interface suitable for basic parallel programming. There is not full support for defining new communicators or process topologies.
  - General (picklable) Python objects can be messaged between processors. There is native support for numeric arrays.
- Scientific Python
  - It provides a collection of Python modules that are useful for scientific computing.
  - There is an interface to MPI and BSP (*Bulk Synchronous Parallel programming*).
  - The interface is simple but incomplete and does not resemble the MPI specification. There is support for numeric arrays.

Additionally, we would like to mention some available tools for scientific computing and software development with Python.

- NumPy is a package that provides array manipulation and computational capabilities similar to those found in IDL, MATLAB, or Octave. Using NumPy, it is possible to write many efficient numerical data processing applications directly in Python without using any C, C++ or Fortran code.
- SciPy is an open source library of scientific tools for Python, gathering a variety of high level science and engineering modules together as a single package. It includes modules for graphics and plotting, optimization, integration, special functions, signal and image processing, genetic algorithms, ODE solvers, and others.
- Cython is a language that makes writing C extensions for the Python language as easy as Python itself. The Cython language is very close to the Python language, but Cython additionally supports calling C functions and declaring C types on variables and class attributes. This allows the compiler to generate very efficient C code from Cython code. This makes Cython the ideal language for wrapping for external C libraries, and for fast C modules that speed up the execution of Python code.
- SWIG is a software development tool that connects programs written in C and C++ with a variety of high-level programming languages like Perl, Tcl/Tk, Ruby and Python. Issuing header files to SWIG is the simplest approach to interfacing C/C++ libraries from a Python module.

2 Overview

MPI for Python provides an object oriented approach to message passing which grounds on the standard MPI-2 C++ bindings. The interface was designed with focus in translating MPI syntax and semantics of standard MPI-2 bindings for C++ to Python. Any user of the standard C/C++ MPI bindings should be able to use this module without need of learning a new interface.

2.1 Communicating Python Objects and Array Data

The Python standard library supports different mechanisms for data persistence. Many of them rely on disk storage, but *pickling* and *marshaling* can also work with memory buffers.

The `pickle` modules provide user-extensible facilities to serialize general Python objects using ASCII or binary formats. The `marshal` module provides facilities to serialize built-in Python objects using a binary format specific to Python, but independent of machine architecture issues.

MPI for Python can communicate any built-in or user-defined Python object taking advantage of the features provided by the `pickle` module. These facilities will be routinely used to build binary representations of objects to communicate (at sending processes), and restoring them back (at receiving processes).

Although simple and general, the serialization approach (i.e., *pickling* and *unpickling*) previously discussed imposes important overheads in memory as well as processor usage, especially in the scenario of objects with large memory footprints being communicated. Pickling general Python objects, ranging from primitive or container built-in types to user-defined classes, necessarily requires computer resources. Processing is also needed for dispatching the appropriate serialization method (that depends on the type of the object) and doing the actual packing. Additional memory is always needed, and if its total amount is not known *a priori*, many reallocations can occur. Indeed, in the case of large numeric arrays, this is certainly unacceptable and precludes communication of objects occupying half or more of the available memory resources.

MPI for Python supports direct communication of any object exporting the single-segment buffer interface. This interface is a standard Python mechanism provided by some types (e.g., strings and numeric arrays), allowing access in the C side to a contiguous memory buffer (i.e., address and length) containing the relevant data. This feature, in conjunction with the capability of constructing user-defined MPI datatypes describing complicated memory layouts, enables the implementation of many algorithms involving multidimensional numeric arrays (e.g., image processing, fast Fourier transforms, finite difference schemes on structured Cartesian grids) directly in Python, with negligible overhead, and almost as fast as compiled Fortran, C, or C++ codes.

2.2 Communicators

In *MPI for Python*, `Comm` is the base class of communicators. The `Intracomm` and `Intercomm` classes are subclasses of the `Comm` class. The `Comm.Is_inter` method (and `Comm.Is_intra`, provided for convenience but not part of the MPI specification) is defined for communicator objects and can be used to determine the particular communicator class.

The two predefined intracommunicator instances are available: `COMM_SELF` and `COMM_WORLD`. From them, new communicators can be created as needed.

The number of processes in a communicator and the calling process rank can be respectively obtained with methods `Comm.Get_size` and `Comm.Get_rank`. The associated process group can be retrieved from a communicator by calling the `Comm.Get_group` method, which returns an instance of the `Group` class. Set operations with `Group` objects like like `Group.Union`, `Group.Intersection` and `Group.Difference` are fully supported, as well as the creation of new communicators from these groups using `Comm.Create` and `Intracomm.Create_group`.

New communicator instances can be obtained with the `Comm.Clone`, `Comm.Dup` and `Comm.Split` methods, as well methods `Intracomm.Create_intercomm` and `Intercomm.Merge`.

Virtual topologies (`Cartcomm`, `Graphcomm` and `Distgraphcomm` classes, which are specializations of the `Intracomm` class) are fully supported. New instances can be obtained from intracommunicator instances with factory methods `Intracomm.Create_cart` and `Intracomm.Create_graph`.

2.3 Point-to-Point Communications

Point to point communication is a fundamental capability of message passing systems. This mechanism enables the transmission of data between a pair of processes, one side sending, the other receiving.

MPI provides a set of *send* and *receive* functions allowing the communication of *typed* data with an associated *tag*. The type information enables the conversion of data representation from one architecture to another in the case of heterogeneous computing environments; additionally, it allows the representation of non-contiguous data layouts and user-defined datatypes, thus avoiding the overhead of (otherwise unavoidable) packing/unpacking operations. The tag information allows selectivity of messages at the receiving end.

Blocking Communications

MPI provides basic send and receive functions that are *blocking*. These functions block the caller until the data buffers involved in the communication can be safely reused by the application program.

In *MPI for Python*, the `Comm.Send`, `Comm.Recv` and `Comm.Sendrecv` methods of communicator objects provide support for blocking point-to-point communications within `Intracomm` and `Intercomm` instances. These methods

can communicate memory buffers. The variants `Comm.send`, `Comm.recv` and `Comm.sendrecv` can communicate general Python objects.

Nonblocking Communications

On many systems, performance can be significantly increased by overlapping communication and computation. This is particularly true on systems where communication can be executed autonomously by an intelligent, dedicated communication controller.

MPI provides *nonblocking* send and receive functions. They allow the possible overlap of communication and computation. Non-blocking communication always come in two parts: posting functions, which begin the requested operation; and test-for-completion functions, which allow to discover whether the requested operation has completed.

In *MPI for Python*, the `Comm.Isend` and `Comm.Irecv` methods initiate send and receive operations, respectively. These methods return a `Request` instance, uniquely identifying the started operation. Its completion can be managed using the `Request.Test`, `Request.Wait`, and `Request.Cancel` methods. The management of `Request` objects and associated memory buffers involved in communication requires a careful, rather low-level coordination. Users must ensure that objects exposing their memory buffers are not accessed at the Python level while they are involved in nonblocking message-passing operations.

Persistent Communications

Often a communication with the same argument list is repeatedly executed within an inner loop. In such cases, communication can be further optimized by using persistent communication, a particular case of nonblocking communication allowing the reduction of the overhead between processes and communication controllers. Furthermore , this kind of optimization can also alleviate the extra call overheads associated to interpreted, dynamic languages like Python.

In *MPI for Python*, the `Comm.Send_init` and `Comm.Recv_init` methods create persistent requests for a send and receive operation, respectively. These methods return an instance of the `Prequest` class, a subclass of the `Request` class. The actual communication can be effectively started using the `Prequest.Start` method, and its completion can be managed as previously described.

2.4 Collective Communications

Collective communications allow the transmittal of data between multiple processes of a group simultaneously. The syntax and semantics of collective functions is consistent with point-to-point communication. Collective functions communicate *typed* data, but messages are not paired with an associated *tag*; selectivity of messages is implied in the calling order.

The more commonly used collective communication operations are the following.

- Barrier synchronization across all group members.
- Global communication functions
  - Broadcast data from one member to all members of a group.
  - Gather data from all members to one member of a group.
  - Scatter data from one member to all members of a group.
- Global reduction operations such as sum, maximum, minimum, etc.

In *MPI for Python*, the `Comm.Bcast`, `Comm.Scatter`, `Comm.Gather`, `Comm.Allgather`, `Comm.Alltoall` methods provide support for collective communications of memory buffers. The lower-case variants `Comm.bcast`, `Comm.scatter`, `Comm.gather`, `Comm.allgather` and `Comm.alltoall` can communicate general Python objects. The vector variants (which can communicate different amounts of data to each process) `Comm.Scatterv`, `Comm.Gatherv`, `Comm.Allgatherv`, `Comm.Alltoallv` and `Comm.Alltoallw` are also supported, they can only communicate objects exposing memory buffers.

Global reduction operations on memory buffers are accessible through the *Comm.Reduce*, *Comm.Reduce_scatter*, *Comm.Allreduce*, *Intracomm.Scan* and *Intracomm.Exscan* methods. The lower-case variants *Comm.reduce*, *Comm.allreduce*, *Intracomm.scan* and *Intracomm.exscan* can communicate general Python objects; however, the actual required reduction computations are performed sequentially at some process. All the predefined (i.e., *SUM*, *PROD*, *MAX*, etc.) reduction operations can be applied.

2.5 Support for GPU-aware MPI

Several MPI implementations, including Open MPI and MVAPICH, support passing GPU pointers to MPI calls to avoid explicit data movement between host and device. On the Python side, support for handling GPU arrays have been implemented in many libraries related GPU computation such as CuPy, Numba, PyTorch, and PyArrow. To maximize interoperability across library boundaries, two kinds of zero-copy data exchange protocols have been defined and agreed upon: `DLPack` and `CUDA Array Interface (CAI)`.

MPI for Python provides an experimental support for GPU-aware MPI. This feature requires:

1. mpi4py is built against a GPU-aware MPI library.
2. The Python GPU arrays are compliant with either of the protocols.

See the *Tutorial* section for further information. We note that

- Whether or not a MPI call can work for GPU arrays depends on the underlying MPI implementation, not on mpi4py.
- This support is currently experimental and subject to change in the future.

2.6 Dynamic Process Management

In the context of the MPI-1 specification, a parallel application is static; that is, no processes can be added to or deleted from a running application after it has been started. Fortunately, this limitation was addressed in MPI-2. The new specification added a process management model providing a basic interface between an application and external resources and process managers.

This MPI-2 extension can be really useful, especially for sequential applications built on top of parallel modules, or parallel applications with a client/server model. The MPI-2 process model provides a mechanism to create new processes and establish communication between them and the existing MPI application. It also provides mechanisms to establish communication between two existing MPI applications, even when one did not *start* the other.

In *MPI for Python*, new independent process groups can be created by calling the *Intracomm.Spawn* method within an intracommunicator. This call returns a new intercommunicator (i.e., an *Intercomm* instance) at the parent process group. The child process group can retrieve the matching intercommunicator by calling the *Comm.Get_parent* class method. At each side, the new intercommunicator can be used to perform point to point and collective communications between the parent and child groups of processes.

Alternatively, disjoint groups of processes can establish communication using a client/server approach. Any server application must first call the *Open_port* function to open a *port* and the *Publish_name* function to publish a provided *service*, and next call the *Intracomm.Accept* method. Any client applications can first find a published *service* by calling the *Lookup_name* function, which returns the *port* where a server can be contacted; and next call the *Intracomm.Connect* method. Both *Intracomm.Accept* and *Intracomm.Connect* methods return an *Intercomm* instance. When connection between client/server processes is no longer needed, all of them must cooperatively call the *Comm.Disconnect* method. Additionally, server applications should release resources by calling the *Unpublish_name* and *Close_port* functions.

2.7 One-Sided Communications

One-sided communications (also called *Remote Memory Access*, *RMA*) supplements the traditional two-sided, send/receive based MPI communication model with a one-sided, put/get based interface. One-sided communication that can take advantage of the capabilities of highly specialized network hardware. Additionally, this extension lowers latency and software overhead in applications written using a shared-memory-like paradigm.

The MPI specification revolves around the use of objects called *windows*; they intuitively specify regions of a process's memory that have been made available for remote read and write operations. The published memory blocks can be accessed through three functions for put (remote send), get (remote write), and accumulate (remote update or reduction) data items. A much larger number of functions support different synchronization styles; the semantics of these synchronization operations are fairly complex.

In *MPI for Python*, one-sided operations are available by using instances of the `Win` class. New window objects are created by calling the `Win.Create` method at all processes within a communicator and specifying a memory buffer . When a window instance is no longer needed, the `Win.Free` method should be called.

The three one-sided MPI operations for remote write, read and reduction are available through calling the methods `Win.Put`, `Win.Get`, and `Win.Accumulate` respectively within a `Win` instance. These methods need an integer rank identifying the target process and an integer offset relative the base address of the remote memory block being accessed.

The one-sided operations read, write, and reduction are implicitly nonblocking, and must be synchronized by using two primary modes. Active target synchronization requires the origin process to call the `Win.Start` and `Win.Complete` methods at the origin process, and target process cooperates by calling the `Win.Post` and `Win.Wait` methods. There is also a collective variant provided by the `Win.Fence` method. Passive target synchronization is more lenient, only the origin process calls the `Win.Lock` and `Win.Unlock` methods. Locks are used to protect remote accesses to the locked remote window and to protect local load/store accesses to a locked local window.

2.8 Parallel Input/Output

The POSIX standard provides a model of a widely portable file system. However, the optimization needed for parallel input/output cannot be achieved with this generic interface. In order to ensure efficiency and scalability, the underlying parallel input/output system must provide a high-level interface supporting partitioning of file data among processes and a collective interface supporting complete transfers of global data structures between process memories and files. Additionally, further efficiencies can be gained via support for asynchronous input/output, strided accesses to data, and control over physical file layout on storage devices. This scenario motivated the inclusion in the MPI-2 standard of a custom interface in order to support more elaborated parallel input/output operations.

The MPI specification for parallel input/output revolves around the use objects called *files*. As defined by MPI, files are not just contiguous byte streams. Instead, they are regarded as ordered collections of *typed* data items. MPI supports sequential or random access to any integral set of these items. Furthermore, files are opened collectively by a group of processes.

The common patterns for accessing a shared file (broadcast, scatter, gather, reduction) is expressed by using user-defined datatypes. Compared to the communication patterns of point-to-point and collective communications, this approach has the advantage of added flexibility and expressiveness. Data access operations (read and write) are defined for different kinds of positioning (using explicit offsets, individual file pointers, and shared file pointers), coordination (non-collective and collective), and synchronism (blocking, nonblocking, and split collective with begin/end phases).

In *MPI for Python*, all MPI input/output operations are performed through instances of the `File` class. File handles are obtained by calling the `File.Open` method at all processes within a communicator and providing a file name and the intended access mode. After use, they must be closed by calling the `File.Close` method. Files even can be deleted by calling method `File.Delete`.

After creation, files are typically associated with a per-process *view*. The view defines the current set of data visible and accessible from an open file as an ordered set of elementary datatypes. This data layout can be set and queried with the `File.Set_view` and `File.Get_view` methods respectively.

Actual input/output operations are achieved by many methods combining read and write calls with different behavior regarding positioning, coordination, and synchronism. Summing up, *MPI for Python* provides the thirty (30) methods defined in MPI-2 for reading from or writing to files using explicit offsets or file pointers (individual or shared), in blocking or nonblocking and collective or noncollective versions.

2.9 Environmental Management

Initialization and Exit

Module functions *Init* or *Init_thread* and *Finalize* provide MPI initialization and finalization respectively. Module functions *Is_initialized* and *Is_finalized* provide the respective tests for initialization and finalization.

Note

`MPI_Init()` or `MPI_Init_thread()` is actually called when you import the *MPI* module from the *mpi4py* package, but only if MPI is not already initialized. In such case, calling *Init* or *Init_thread* from Python is expected to generate an MPI error, and in turn an exception will be raised.

Note

`MPI_Finalize()` is registered (by using Python C/API function `Py_AtExit()`) for being automatically called when Python processes exit, but only if *mpi4py* actually initialized MPI. Therefore, there is no need to call *Finalize* from Python to ensure MPI finalization.

Implementation Information

- The MPI version number can be retrieved from module function *Get_version*. It returns a two-integer tuple `(version, subversion)`.
- The *Get_processor_name* function can be used to access the processor name.
- The values of predefined attributes attached to the world communicator can be obtained by calling the *Comm.Get_attr* method within the *COMM_WORLD* instance.

Timers

MPI timer functionalities are available through the *Wtime* and *Wtick* functions.

Error Handling

In order to facilitate handle sharing with other Python modules interfacing MPI-based parallel libraries, the predefined MPI error handlers *ERRORS_RETURN* and *ERRORS_ARE_FATAL* can be assigned to and retrieved from communicators using methods *Comm.Set_errhandler* and *Comm.Get_errhandler*, and similarly for windows and files. New custom error handlers can be created with *Comm.Create_errhandler*.

When the predefined error handler *ERRORS_RETURN* is set, errors returned from MPI calls within Python code will raise an instance of the exception class *Exception*, which is a subclass of the standard Python exception `RuntimeError`.

Note

After import, mpi4py overrides the default MPI rules governing inheritance of error handlers. The *ERRORS_RETURN* error handler is set in the predefined *COMM_SELF* and *COMM_WORLD* communicators, as well as any new *Comm*,

Win, or *File* instance created through mpi4py. If you ever pass such handles to C/C++/Fortran library code, it is recommended to set the *ERRORS_ARE_FATAL* error handler on them to ensure MPI errors do not pass silently.

Warning

Importing with `from mpi4py.MPI import *` will cause a name clashing with the standard Python `Exception` base class.

3 Tutorial

Warning

Under construction. Contributions very welcome!

Tip

Rolf Rabenseifner at HLRS developed a comprehensive MPI-3.1/4.0 course with slides and a large set of exercises including solutions. This material is available online for self-study. The slides and exercises show the C, Fortran, and Python (mpi4py) interfaces. For performance reasons, most Python exercises use NumPy arrays and communication routines involving buffer-like objects.

Tip

Victor Eijkhout at TACC authored the book *Parallel Programming for Science and Engineering*. This book is available online in PDF and HTML formats. The book covers parallel programming with MPI and OpenMP in C/C++ and Fortran, and MPI in Python using mpi4py.

MPI for Python supports convenient, *pickle*-based communication of generic Python object as well as fast, near C-speed, direct array data communication of buffer-provider objects (e.g., NumPy arrays).

- Communication of generic Python objects

  You have to use methods with **all-lowercase** names, like *Comm.send*, *Comm.recv*, *Comm.bcast*, *Comm.scatter*, *Comm.gather* . An object to be sent is passed as a parameter to the communication call, and the received object is simply the return value.

  The *Comm.isend* and *Comm.irecv* methods return *Request* instances; completion of these methods can be managed using the *Request.test* and *Request.wait* methods.

  The *Comm.recv* and *Comm.irecv* methods may be passed a buffer object that can be repeatedly used to receive messages avoiding internal memory allocation. This buffer must be sufficiently large to accommodate the transmitted messages; hence, any buffer passed to *Comm.recv* or *Comm.irecv* must be at least as long as the *pickled* data transmitted to the receiver.

  Collective calls like *Comm.scatter*, *Comm.gather*, *Comm.allgather*, *Comm.alltoall* expect a single value or a sequence of *Comm.size* elements at the root or all process. They return a single value, a list of *Comm.size* elements, or `None`.

Note

MPI for Python uses the **highest** protocol version available in the Python runtime (see the `HIGHEST_PROTOCOL` constant in the `pickle` module). The default protocol can be changed at import time by setting the *`MPI4PY_PICKLE_PROTOCOL`* environment variable, or at runtime by assigning a different value to the *`PROTOCOL`* attribute of the *`pickle`* object within the *`MPI`* module.

- Communication of buffer-like objects

  You have to use method names starting with an **upper-case** letter, like *`Comm.Send`*, *`Comm.Recv`*, *`Comm.Bcast`*, *`Comm.Scatter`*, *`Comm.Gather`*.

  In general, buffer arguments to these calls must be explicitly specified by using a 2/3-list/tuple like `[data, MPI.DOUBLE]`, or `[data, count, MPI.DOUBLE]` (the former one uses the byte-size of `data` and the extent of the MPI datatype to define `count`).

  For vector collectives communication operations like *`Comm.Scatterv`* and *`Comm.Gatherv`*, buffer arguments are specified as `[data, count, displ, datatype]`, where `count` and `displ` are sequences of integral values.

  Automatic MPI datatype discovery for NumPy/GPU arrays and PEP-3118 buffers is supported, but limited to basic C types (all C/C99-native signed/unsigned integral types and single/double precision real/complex floating types) and availability of matching datatypes in the underlying MPI implementation. In this case, the buffer-provider object can be passed directly as a buffer argument, the count and MPI datatype will be inferred.

  If mpi4py is built against a GPU-aware MPI implementation, GPU arrays can be passed to upper-case methods as long as they have either the `__dlpack__` and `__dlpack_device__` methods or the `__cuda_array_interface__` attribute that are compliant with the respective standard specifications. Moreover, only C-contiguous or Fortran-contiguous GPU arrays are supported. It is important to note that GPU buffers must be fully ready before any MPI routines operate on them to avoid race conditions. This can be ensured by using the synchronization API of your array library. mpi4py does not have access to any GPU-specific functionality and thus cannot perform this operation automatically for users.

3.1 Running Python scripts with MPI

Most MPI programs can be run with the command **`mpiexec`**. In practice, running Python programs looks like:

```
$ mpiexec -n 4 python script.py
```

to run the program with 4 processors.

3.2 Point-to-Point Communication

- Python objects (`pickle` under the hood):

```
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = {'a': 7, 'b': 3.14}
    comm.send(data, dest=1, tag=11)
elif rank == 1:
    data = comm.recv(source=0, tag=11)
```

- Python objects with non-blocking communication:

```python
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = {'a': 7, 'b': 3.14}
    req = comm.isend(data, dest=1, tag=11)
    req.wait()
elif rank == 1:
    req = comm.irecv(source=0, tag=11)
    data = req.wait()
```

- NumPy arrays (the fast way!):

```python
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

# passing MPI datatypes explicitly
if rank == 0:
    data = numpy.arange(1000, dtype='i')
    comm.Send([data, MPI.INT], dest=1, tag=77)
elif rank == 1:
    data = numpy.empty(1000, dtype='i')
    comm.Recv([data, MPI.INT], source=0, tag=77)

# automatic MPI datatype discovery
if rank == 0:
    data = numpy.arange(100, dtype=numpy.float64)
    comm.Send(data, dest=1, tag=13)
elif rank == 1:
    data = numpy.empty(100, dtype=numpy.float64)
    comm.Recv(data, source=0, tag=13)
```

3.3 Collective Communication

- Broadcasting a Python dictionary:

```python
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = {'key1' : [7, 2.72, 2+3j],
            'key2' : ( 'abc', 'xyz')}
else:
    data = None
data = comm.bcast(data, root=0)
```

- Scattering Python objects:

```
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = [(i+1)**2 for i in range(size)]
else:
    data = None
data = comm.scatter(data, root=0)
assert data == (rank+1)**2
```

- Gathering Python objects:

```
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

data = (rank+1)**2
data = comm.gather(data, root=0)
if rank == 0:
    for i in range(size):
        assert data[i] == (i+1)**2
else:
    assert data is None
```

- Broadcasting a NumPy array:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = np.arange(100, dtype='i')
else:
    data = np.empty(100, dtype='i')
comm.Bcast(data, root=0)
for i in range(100):
    assert data[i] == i
```

- Scattering NumPy arrays:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()
```

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```
sendbuf = None
if rank == 0:
    sendbuf = np.empty([size, 100], dtype='i')
    sendbuf.T[:,:] = range(size)
recvbuf = np.empty(100, dtype='i')
comm.Scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)
assert np.allclose(recvbuf, rank)
```

- Gathering NumPy arrays:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

sendbuf = np.zeros(100, dtype='i') + rank
recvbuf = None
if rank == 0:
    recvbuf = np.empty([size, 100], dtype='i')
comm.Gather(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)
if rank == 0:
    for i in range(size):
        assert np.allclose(recvbuf[i,:], i)
```

- Parallel matrix-vector product:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy

def matvec(comm, A, x):
    m = A.shape[0] # local rows
    p = comm.Get_size()
    xg = numpy.zeros(m*p, dtype='d')
    comm.Allgather([x,  MPI.DOUBLE],
                   [xg, MPI.DOUBLE])
    y = numpy.dot(A, xg)
    return y
```

3.4 Input/Output (MPI-IO)

- Collective I/O with NumPy arrays:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

amode = MPI.MODE_WRONLY|MPI.MODE_CREATE
comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
fh = MPI.File.Open(comm, "./datafile.contig", amode)
```

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```
buffer = np.empty(10, dtype=np.int)
buffer[:] = comm.Get_rank()

offset = comm.Get_rank()*buffer.nbytes
fh.Write_at_all(offset, buffer)

fh.Close()
```

- Non-contiguous Collective I/O with NumPy arrays and datatypes:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()
size = comm.Get_size()

amode = MPI.MODE_WRONLY|MPI.MODE_CREATE
fh = MPI.File.Open(comm, "./datafile.noncontig", amode)

item_count = 10

buffer = np.empty(item_count, dtype='i')
buffer[:] = rank

filetype = MPI.INT.Create_vector(item_count, 1, size)
filetype.Commit()

displacement = MPI.INT.Get_size()*rank
fh.Set_view(displacement, filetype=filetype)

fh.Write_all(buffer)
filetype.Free()
fh.Close()
```

3.5 Dynamic Process Management

- Compute Pi - Master (or parent, or client) side:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy
import sys

comm = MPI.COMM_SELF.Spawn(sys.executable,
                           args=['cpi.py'],
                           maxprocs=5)

N = numpy.array(100, 'i')
comm.Bcast([N, MPI.INT], root=MPI.ROOT)
PI = numpy.array(0.0, 'd')
comm.Reduce(None, [PI, MPI.DOUBLE],
```

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```
            op=MPI.SUM, root=MPI.ROOT)
print(PI)

comm.Disconnect()
```

- Compute Pi - Worker (or child, or server) side:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy

comm = MPI.Comm.Get_parent()
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

N = numpy.array(0, dtype='i')
comm.Bcast([N, MPI.INT], root=0)
h = 1.0 / N; s = 0.0
for i in range(rank, N, size):
    x = h * (i + 0.5)
    s += 4.0 / (1.0 + x**2)
PI = numpy.array(s * h, dtype='d')
comm.Reduce([PI, MPI.DOUBLE], None,
            op=MPI.SUM, root=0)

comm.Disconnect()
```

3.6 GPU-aware MPI + Python GPU arrays

- Reduce-to-all CuPy arrays:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import cupy as cp

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

sendbuf = cp.arange(10, dtype='i')
recvbuf = cp.empty_like(sendbuf)
cp.cuda.get_current_stream().synchronize()
comm.Allreduce(sendbuf, recvbuf)

assert cp.allclose(recvbuf, sendbuf*size)
```

3.7 One-Sided Communication (RMA)

- Read from (write to) the entire RMA window:

```
import numpy as np
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.util import dtlib
```

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```
comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

datatype = MPI.FLOAT
np_dtype = dtlib.to_numpy_dtype(datatype)
itemsize = datatype.Get_size()

N = 10
win_size = N * itemsize if rank == 0 else 0
win = MPI.Win.Allocate(win_size, comm=comm)

buf = np.empty(N, dtype=np_dtype)
if rank == 0:
    buf.fill(42)
    win.Lock(rank=0)
    win.Put(buf, target_rank=0)
    win.Unlock(rank=0)
    comm.Barrier()
else:
    comm.Barrier()
    win.Lock(rank=0)
    win.Get(buf, target_rank=0)
    win.Unlock(rank=0)
    assert np.all(buf == 42)
```

- Accessing a part of the RMA window using the `target` argument, which is defined as `(offset, count, datatype)`:

```
import numpy as np
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.util import dtlib

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

datatype = MPI.FLOAT
np_dtype = dtlib.to_numpy_dtype(datatype)
itemsize = datatype.Get_size()

N = comm.Get_size() + 1
win_size = N * itemsize if rank == 0 else 0
win = MPI.Win.Allocate(
    size=win_size,
    disp_unit=itemsize,
    comm=comm,
)
if rank == 0:
    mem = np.frombuffer(win, dtype=np_dtype)
    mem[:] = np.arange(len(mem), dtype=np_dtype)
comm.Barrier()
```

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```
buf = np.zeros(3, dtype=np_dtype)
target = (rank, 2, datatype)
win.Lock(rank=0)
win.Get(buf, target_rank=0, target=target)
win.Unlock(rank=0)
assert np.all(buf == [rank, rank+1, 0])
```

3.8 Wrapping with SWIG

- C source:

```
/* file: helloworld.c */
void sayhello(MPI_Comm comm)
{
  int size, rank;
  MPI_Comm_size(comm, &size);
  MPI_Comm_rank(comm, &rank);
  printf("Hello, World! "
         "I am process %d of %d.\n",
         rank, size);
}
```

- SWIG interface file:

```
// file: helloworld.i
%module helloworld
%{
#include <mpi.h>
#include "helloworld.c"
}%

%include mpi4py/mpi4py.i
%mpi4py_typemap(Comm, MPI_Comm);
void sayhello(MPI_Comm comm);
```

- Try it in the Python prompt:

```
>>> from mpi4py import MPI
>>> import helloworld
>>> helloworld.sayhello(MPI.COMM_WORLD)
Hello, World! I am process 0 of 1.
```

3.9 Wrapping with F2Py

- Fortran 90 source:

```
! file: helloworld.f90
subroutine sayhello(comm)
  use mpi
  implicit none
  integer :: comm, rank, size, ierr
  call MPI_Comm_size(comm, size, ierr)
```

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```
  call MPI_Comm_rank(comm, rank, ierr)
  print *, 'Hello, World! I am process ',rank,' of ',size,'.'
end subroutine sayhello
```

- Compiling example using f2py

```
$ f2py -c --f90exec=mpif90 helloworld.f90 -m helloworld
```

- Try it in the Python prompt:

```
>>> from mpi4py import MPI
>>> import helloworld
>>> fcomm = MPI.COMM_WORLD.py2f()
>>> helloworld.sayhello(fcomm)
Hello, World! I am process 0 of 1.
```

4 mpi4py

The **MPI for Python** package.

The *Message Passing Interface* (MPI) is a standardized and portable message-passing system designed to function on a wide variety of parallel computers. The MPI standard defines the syntax and semantics of library routines and allows users to write portable programs in the main scientific programming languages (Fortran, C, or C++). Since its release, the MPI specification has become the leading standard for message-passing libraries for parallel computers.

MPI for Python provides MPI bindings for the Python programming language, allowing any Python program to exploit multiple processors. This package build on the MPI specification and provides an object oriented interface which closely follows MPI-2 C++ bindings.

4.1 Runtime configuration options

mpi4py.**rc**

This object has attributes exposing runtime configuration options that become effective at import time of the *MPI* module.

Attributes Summary

initialize	Automatic MPI initialization at import
threads	Request initialization with thread support
thread_level	Level of thread support to request
finalize	Automatic MPI finalization at exit
fast_reduce	Use tree-based reductions for objects
recv_mprobe	Use matched probes to receive objects
irecv_bufsz	Default buffer size in bytes for *irecv()*
errors	Error handling policy

Attributes Documentation

mpi4py.rc.**initialize**

Automatic MPI initialization at import.

Type
bool

Default
True

See also
MPI4PY_RC_INITIALIZE

mpi4py.rc.**threads**

Request initialization with thread support.

Type
bool

Default
True

See also
MPI4PY_RC_THREADS

mpi4py.rc.**thread_level**

Level of thread support to request.

Type
str

Default
"multiple"

Choices
"multiple", "serialized", "funneled", "single"

See also
MPI4PY_RC_THREAD_LEVEL

mpi4py.rc.**finalize**

Automatic MPI finalization at exit.

If set to None, the value of *mpi4py.rc.initialize* is used.

Type
None or bool

Default
None

See also
MPI4PY_RC_FINALIZE

mpi4py.rc.**fast_reduce**

Use tree-based reductions for objects.

Type
bool

Default
True

See also

MPI4PY_RC_FAST_REDUCE

mpi4py.rc.**recv_mprobe**

Use matched probes to receive objects.

Type
bool

Default
True

See also

MPI4PY_RC_RECV_MPROBE

mpi4py.rc.**irecv_bufsz**

Default buffer size in bytes for *irecv()*.

Type
int

Default
32768

See also

MPI4PY_RC_IRECV_BUFSZ

Added in version 4.0.0.

mpi4py.rc.**errors**

Error handling policy.

Type
str

Default
"exception"

Choices
"exception", "default", "abort", "fatal"

See also

MPI4PY_RC_ERRORS

Example

MPI for Python features automatic initialization and finalization of the MPI execution environment. By using the *mpi4py.rc* object, MPI initialization and finalization can be handled programmatically:

```
import mpi4py
mpi4py.rc.initialize = False  # do not initialize MPI automatically
mpi4py.rc.finalize = False    # do not finalize MPI automatically

from mpi4py import MPI # import the 'MPI' module

MPI.Init()      # manual initialization of the MPI environment
...             # your finest code here ...
MPI.Finalize()  # manual finalization of the MPI environment
```

4.2 Environment variables

The following environment variables override the corresponding attributes of the *mpi4py.rc* and *MPI.pickle* objects at import time of the *MPI* module.

Note

For variables of boolean type, accepted values are `0` and `1` (interpreted as `False` and `True`, respectively), and strings specifying a YAML boolean value (case-insensitive).

MPI4PY_RC_INITIALIZE

Type
`bool`

Default
`True`

Whether to automatically initialize MPI at import time of the *mpi4py.MPI* module.

See also

mpi4py.rc.initialize

Added in version 4.0.0.

MPI4PY_RC_FINALIZE

Type
`None` | `bool`

Default
`None`

Choices
None, True, False

Whether to automatically finalize MPI at exit time of the Python process.

See also

mpi4py.rc.finalize

Added in version 4.0.0.

MPI4PY_RC_THREADS

Type
bool

Default
True

Whether to initialize MPI with thread support.

See also

mpi4py.rc.threads

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_RC_THREAD_LEVEL

Default
"multiple"

Choices
"single", "funneled", "serialized", "multiple"

The level of required thread support.

See also

mpi4py.rc.thread_level

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_RC_FAST_REDUCE

Type
bool

Default
True

Whether to use tree-based reductions for objects.

See also

mpi4py.rc.fast_reduce

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_RC_RECV_MPROBE

Type
bool

Default
True

Whether to use matched probes to receive objects.

See also

mpi4py.rc.recv_mprobe

MPI4PY_RC_IRECV_BUFSZ

Type
int

Default
32768

Default buffer size in bytes for *irecv()*.

See also

mpi4py.rc.irecv_bufsz

Added in version 4.0.0.

MPI4PY_RC_ERRORS

Default
"exception"

Choices
"exception", "default", "abort", "fatal"

Controls default MPI error handling policy.

See also

mpi4py.rc.errors

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_PICKLE_PROTOCOL

Type
int

Default
pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL

Controls the default pickle protocol to use when communicating Python objects.

See also

PROTOCOL attribute of the *MPI.pickle* object within the *MPI* module.

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_PICKLE_THRESHOLD

Type
int

Default
262144

Controls the default buffer size threshold for switching from in-band to out-of-band buffer handling when using pickle protocol version 5 or higher.

See also

THRESHOLD attribute of the *MPI.pickle* object within the *MPI* module.

Added in version 3.1.2.

4.3 Miscellaneous functions

mpi4py.**profile**(*name*, ** (Keyword-only parameters separator (PEP 3102))*, *path=None*)

Support for the MPI profiling interface.

Parameters

- **name** (str) – Name of the profiler library to load.
- **path** (sequence of str, *optional*) – Additional paths to search for the profiler.

Return type
None

mpi4py.**get_include**()

Return the directory in the package that contains header files.

Extension modules that need to compile against mpi4py should use this function to locate the appropriate include directory. Using Python distutils (or perhaps NumPy distutils):

```
import mpi4py
Extension('extension_name', ...
          include_dirs=[..., mpi4py.get_include()])
```

Return type
str

mpi4py.**get_config**()

Return a dictionary with information about MPI.

Changed in version 4.0.0: By default, this function returns an empty dictionary. However, downstream packagers and distributors may alter such behavior. To that end, MPI information must be provided under an `mpi` section within a UTF-8 encoded INI-style configuration file `mpi.cfg` located at the top-level package directory. The configuration file is read and parsed using the `configparser` module.

Return type
dict[str, str]

5 mpi4py.MPI

5.1 Classes

Ancillary

Datatype	Datatype object.
Status	Status object.
Request	Request handler.
Prequest	Persistent request handler.
Grequest	Generalized request handler.
Op	Reduction operation.
Group	Group of processes.
Info	Info object.
Session	Session context.

Communication

Comm	Communication context.
Intracomm	Intracommunicator.
Topocomm	Topology intracommunicator.
Cartcomm	Cartesian topology intracommunicator.
Graphcomm	General graph topology intracommunicator.
Distgraphcomm	Distributed graph topology intracommunicator.
Intercomm	Intercommunicator.
Message	Matched message.

One-sided operations

Win	Remote memory access context.

Input/Output

File	File I/O context.

Error handling

Errhandler	Error handler.
Exception	Exception class.

Auxiliary

Pickle	Pickle/unpickle Python objects.
buffer	Buffer.

5.2 Functions

Version inquiry

Get_version()	Obtain the version number of the MPI standard.
Get_library_version()	Obtain the version string of the MPI library.

Initialization and finalization

Init()	Initialize the MPI execution environment.
Init_thread([required])	Initialize the MPI execution environment.
Finalize()	Terminate the MPI execution environment.
Is_initialized()	Indicate whether *Init* has been called.
Is_finalized()	Indicate whether *Finalize* has completed.
Query_thread()	Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library.
Is_thread_main()	Indicate whether this thread called *Init* or *Init_thread*.

Memory allocation

Alloc_mem(size[, info])	Allocate memory for message passing and remote memory access.
Free_mem(mem)	Free memory allocated with *Alloc_mem*.

Address manipulation

Get_address(location)	Get the address of a location in memory.
Aint_add(base, disp)	Return the sum of base address and displacement.
Aint_diff(addr1, addr2)	Return the difference between absolute addresses.

Timer

Wtick()	Return the resolution of *Wtime*.
Wtime()	Return an elapsed time on the calling processor.

Error handling

Get_error_class(errorcode)	Convert an *error code* into an *error class*.
Get_error_string(errorcode)	Return the *error string* for a given *error class* or *error code*.
Add_error_class()	Add an *error class* to the known error classes.
Add_error_code(errorclass)	Add an *error code* to an *error class*.
Add_error_string(errorcode, string)	Associate an *error string* with an *error class* or *error code*.
Remove_error_class(errorclass)	Remove an *error class* from the known error classes.
Remove_error_code(errorcode)	Remove an *error code* from the known error codes.
Remove_error_string(errorcode)	Remove *error string* association from *error class* or *error code*.

Dynamic process management

Open_port([info])	Return an address used to connect group of processes.
Close_port(port_name)	Close a port.
Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])	Publish a service name.
Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])	Unpublish a service name.
Lookup_name(service_name[, info])	Lookup a port name given a service name.

Miscellanea

Attach_buffer(buf)	Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode.
Detach_buffer()	Remove an existing attached buffer.
Flush_buffer()	Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted.
Iflush_buffer()	Nonblocking flush for buffered messages.
Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)	Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction.
Get_processor_name()	Obtain the name of the calling processor.
Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn, ...)	Register user-defined data representations.
Pcontrol(level)	Control profiling.

Utilities

get_vendor()	Information about the underlying MPI implementation.

5.3 Attributes

UNDEFINED	Constant `UNDEFINED` of type `int`
ANY_SOURCE	Constant `ANY_SOURCE` of type `int`
ANY_TAG	Constant `ANY_TAG` of type `int`
PROC_NULL	Constant `PROC_NULL` of type `int`

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Table 16 – continued from previous page

ROOT	Constant ROOT of type int
BOTTOM	Object BOTTOM of type *BottomType*
IN_PLACE	Object IN_PLACE of type *InPlaceType*
BUFFER_AUTOMATIC	Object BUFFER_AUTOMATIC of type *BufferAutomaticType*
KEYVAL_INVALID	Constant KEYVAL_INVALID of type int
TAG_UB	Constant TAG_UB of type int
IO	Constant IO of type int
WTIME_IS_GLOBAL	Constant WTIME_IS_GLOBAL of type int
UNIVERSE_SIZE	Constant UNIVERSE_SIZE of type int
APPNUM	Constant APPNUM of type int
LASTUSEDCODE	Constant LASTUSEDCODE of type int
WIN_BASE	Constant WIN_BASE of type int
WIN_SIZE	Constant WIN_SIZE of type int
WIN_DISP_UNIT	Constant WIN_DISP_UNIT of type int
WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR	Constant WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR of type int
WIN_FLAVOR	Constant WIN_FLAVOR of type int
WIN_MODEL	Constant WIN_MODEL of type int
SUCCESS	Constant SUCCESS of type int
ERR_LASTCODE	Constant ERR_LASTCODE of type int
ERR_COMM	Constant ERR_COMM of type int
ERR_GROUP	Constant ERR_GROUP of type int
ERR_TYPE	Constant ERR_TYPE of type int
ERR_REQUEST	Constant ERR_REQUEST of type int
ERR_OP	Constant ERR_OP of type int
ERR_ERRHANDLER	Constant ERR_ERRHANDLER of type int
ERR_BUFFER	Constant ERR_BUFFER of type int
ERR_COUNT	Constant ERR_COUNT of type int
ERR_TAG	Constant ERR_TAG of type int
ERR_RANK	Constant ERR_RANK of type int
ERR_ROOT	Constant ERR_ROOT of type int
ERR_TRUNCATE	Constant ERR_TRUNCATE of type int
ERR_IN_STATUS	Constant ERR_IN_STATUS of type int
ERR_PENDING	Constant ERR_PENDING of type int
ERR_TOPOLOGY	Constant ERR_TOPOLOGY of type int
ERR_DIMS	Constant ERR_DIMS of type int
ERR_ARG	Constant ERR_ARG of type int
ERR_OTHER	Constant ERR_OTHER of type int
ERR_UNKNOWN	Constant ERR_UNKNOWN of type int
ERR_INTERN	Constant ERR_INTERN of type int
ERR_INFO	Constant ERR_INFO of type int
ERR_FILE	Constant ERR_FILE of type int
ERR_WIN	Constant ERR_WIN of type int
ERR_KEYVAL	Constant ERR_KEYVAL of type int
ERR_INFO_KEY	Constant ERR_INFO_KEY of type int
ERR_INFO_VALUE	Constant ERR_INFO_VALUE of type int
ERR_INFO_NOKEY	Constant ERR_INFO_NOKEY of type int
ERR_ACCESS	Constant ERR_ACCESS of type int
ERR_AMODE	Constant ERR_AMODE of type int
ERR_BAD_FILE	Constant ERR_BAD_FILE of type int
ERR_FILE_EXISTS	Constant ERR_FILE_EXISTS of type int
ERR_FILE_IN_USE	Constant ERR_FILE_IN_USE of type int

continues on next page

Table 16 – continued from previous page

ERR_NO_SPACE	Constant ERR_NO_SPACE of type int
ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE	Constant ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE of type int
ERR_IO	Constant ERR_IO of type int
ERR_READ_ONLY	Constant ERR_READ_ONLY of type int
ERR_CONVERSION	Constant ERR_CONVERSION of type int
ERR_DUP_DATAREP	Constant ERR_DUP_DATAREP of type int
ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP	Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP of type int
ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION	Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION of type int
ERR_NAME	Constant ERR_NAME of type int
ERR_NO_MEM	Constant ERR_NO_MEM of type int
ERR_NOT_SAME	Constant ERR_NOT_SAME of type int
ERR_PORT	Constant ERR_PORT of type int
ERR_QUOTA	Constant ERR_QUOTA of type int
ERR_SERVICE	Constant ERR_SERVICE of type int
ERR_SPAWN	Constant ERR_SPAWN of type int
ERR_BASE	Constant ERR_BASE of type int
ERR_SIZE	Constant ERR_SIZE of type int
ERR_DISP	Constant ERR_DISP of type int
ERR_ASSERT	Constant ERR_ASSERT of type int
ERR_LOCKTYPE	Constant ERR_LOCKTYPE of type int
ERR_RMA_CONFLICT	Constant ERR_RMA_CONFLICT of type int
ERR_RMA_SYNC	Constant ERR_RMA_SYNC of type int
ERR_RMA_RANGE	Constant ERR_RMA_RANGE of type int
ERR_RMA_ATTACH	Constant ERR_RMA_ATTACH of type int
ERR_RMA_SHARED	Constant ERR_RMA_SHARED of type int
ERR_RMA_FLAVOR	Constant ERR_RMA_FLAVOR of type int
ORDER_C	Constant ORDER_C of type int
ORDER_F	Constant ORDER_F of type int
ORDER_FORTRAN	Constant ORDER_FORTRAN of type int
TYPECLASS_INTEGER	Constant TYPECLASS_INTEGER of type int
TYPECLASS_REAL	Constant TYPECLASS_REAL of type int
TYPECLASS_COMPLEX	Constant TYPECLASS_COMPLEX of type int
DISTRIBUTE_NONE	Constant DISTRIBUTE_NONE of type int
DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK	Constant DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK of type int
DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC	Constant DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC of type int
DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG	Constant DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG of type int
COMBINER_NAMED	Constant COMBINER_NAMED of type int
COMBINER_DUP	Constant COMBINER_DUP of type int
COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS	Constant COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS of type int
COMBINER_VECTOR	Constant COMBINER_VECTOR of type int
COMBINER_HVECTOR	Constant COMBINER_HVECTOR of type int
COMBINER_INDEXED	Constant COMBINER_INDEXED of type int
COMBINER_HINDEXED	Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED of type int
COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK	Constant COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK of type int
COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK	Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK of type int
COMBINER_STRUCT	Constant COMBINER_STRUCT of type int
COMBINER_SUBARRAY	Constant COMBINER_SUBARRAY of type int
COMBINER_DARRAY	Constant COMBINER_DARRAY of type int
COMBINER_RESIZED	Constant COMBINER_RESIZED of type int
COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX	Constant COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX of type int
COMBINER_F90_REAL	Constant COMBINER_F90_REAL of type int
COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX	Constant COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX of type int

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Table 16 – continued from previous page

COMBINER_F90_INTEGER	Constant COMBINER_F90_INTEGER of type int
IDENT	Constant IDENT of type int
CONGRUENT	Constant CONGRUENT of type int
SIMILAR	Constant SIMILAR of type int
UNEQUAL	Constant UNEQUAL of type int
CART	Constant CART of type int
GRAPH	Constant GRAPH of type int
DIST_GRAPH	Constant DIST_GRAPH of type int
UNWEIGHTED	Constant UNWEIGHTED of type int
WEIGHTS_EMPTY	Constant WEIGHTS_EMPTY of type int
COMM_TYPE_SHARED	Constant COMM_TYPE_SHARED of type int
BSEND_OVERHEAD	Constant BSEND_OVERHEAD of type int
WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE	Constant WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE of type int
WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE	Constant WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE of type int
WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC	Constant WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC of type int
WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED	Constant WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED of type int
WIN_SEPARATE	Constant WIN_SEPARATE of type int
WIN_UNIFIED	Constant WIN_UNIFIED of type int
MODE_NOCHECK	Constant MODE_NOCHECK of type int
MODE_NOSTORE	Constant MODE_NOSTORE of type int
MODE_NOPUT	Constant MODE_NOPUT of type int
MODE_NOPRECEDE	Constant MODE_NOPRECEDE of type int
MODE_NOSUCCEED	Constant MODE_NOSUCCEED of type int
LOCK_EXCLUSIVE	Constant LOCK_EXCLUSIVE of type int
LOCK_SHARED	Constant LOCK_SHARED of type int
MODE_RDONLY	Constant MODE_RDONLY of type int
MODE_WRONLY	Constant MODE_WRONLY of type int
MODE_RDWR	Constant MODE_RDWR of type int
MODE_CREATE	Constant MODE_CREATE of type int
MODE_EXCL	Constant MODE_EXCL of type int
MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE	Constant MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE of type int
MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN	Constant MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN of type int
MODE_SEQUENTIAL	Constant MODE_SEQUENTIAL of type int
MODE_APPEND	Constant MODE_APPEND of type int
SEEK_SET	Constant SEEK_SET of type int
SEEK_CUR	Constant SEEK_CUR of type int
SEEK_END	Constant SEEK_END of type int
DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT	Constant DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT of type int
DISP_CUR	Constant DISP_CUR of type int
THREAD_SINGLE	Constant THREAD_SINGLE of type int
THREAD_FUNNELED	Constant THREAD_FUNNELED of type int
THREAD_SERIALIZED	Constant THREAD_SERIALIZED of type int
THREAD_MULTIPLE	Constant THREAD_MULTIPLE of type int
VERSION	Constant VERSION of type int
SUBVERSION	Constant SUBVERSION of type int
MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME	Constant MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME of type int
MAX_ERROR_STRING	Constant MAX_ERROR_STRING of type int
MAX_PORT_NAME	Constant MAX_PORT_NAME of type int
MAX_INFO_KEY	Constant MAX_INFO_KEY of type int
MAX_INFO_VAL	Constant MAX_INFO_VAL of type int
MAX_OBJECT_NAME	Constant MAX_OBJECT_NAME of type int
MAX_DATAREP_STRING	Constant MAX_DATAREP_STRING of type int

continues on next page

Table 16 – continued from previous page

MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING	Constant MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING of type int
DATATYPE_NULL	Object DATATYPE_NULL of type *Datatype*
PACKED	Object PACKED of type *Datatype*
BYTE	Object BYTE of type *Datatype*
AINT	Object AINT of type *Datatype*
OFFSET	Object OFFSET of type *Datatype*
COUNT	Object COUNT of type *Datatype*
CHAR	Object CHAR of type *Datatype*
WCHAR	Object WCHAR of type *Datatype*
SIGNED_CHAR	Object SIGNED_CHAR of type *Datatype*
SHORT	Object SHORT of type *Datatype*
INT	Object INT of type *Datatype*
LONG	Object LONG of type *Datatype*
LONG_LONG	Object LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED_CHAR	Object UNSIGNED_CHAR of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED_SHORT	Object UNSIGNED_SHORT of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED	Object UNSIGNED of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED_LONG	Object UNSIGNED_LONG of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG	Object UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*
FLOAT	Object FLOAT of type *Datatype*
DOUBLE	Object DOUBLE of type *Datatype*
LONG_DOUBLE	Object LONG_DOUBLE of type *Datatype*
C_BOOL	Object C_BOOL of type *Datatype*
INT8_T	Object INT8_T of type *Datatype*
INT16_T	Object INT16_T of type *Datatype*
INT32_T	Object INT32_T of type *Datatype*
INT64_T	Object INT64_T of type *Datatype*
UINT8_T	Object UINT8_T of type *Datatype*
UINT16_T	Object UINT16_T of type *Datatype*
UINT32_T	Object UINT32_T of type *Datatype*
UINT64_T	Object UINT64_T of type *Datatype*
C_COMPLEX	Object C_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
C_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Object C_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
CXX_BOOL	Object CXX_BOOL of type *Datatype*
CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Object CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
SHORT_INT	Object SHORT_INT of type *Datatype*
INT_INT	Object INT_INT of type *Datatype*
TWOINT	Object TWOINT of type *Datatype*
LONG_INT	Object LONG_INT of type *Datatype*
FLOAT_INT	Object FLOAT_INT of type *Datatype*
DOUBLE_INT	Object DOUBLE_INT of type *Datatype*
LONG_DOUBLE_INT	Object LONG_DOUBLE_INT of type *Datatype*
CHARACTER	Object CHARACTER of type *Datatype*
LOGICAL	Object LOGICAL of type *Datatype*
INTEGER	Object INTEGER of type *Datatype*
REAL	Object REAL of type *Datatype*
DOUBLE_PRECISION	Object DOUBLE_PRECISION of type *Datatype*
COMPLEX	Object COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

continues on next page

Table 16 – continued from previous page

DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
LOGICAL1	Object LOGICAL1 of type *Datatype*
LOGICAL2	Object LOGICAL2 of type *Datatype*
LOGICAL4	Object LOGICAL4 of type *Datatype*
LOGICAL8	Object LOGICAL8 of type *Datatype*
INTEGER1	Object INTEGER1 of type *Datatype*
INTEGER2	Object INTEGER2 of type *Datatype*
INTEGER4	Object INTEGER4 of type *Datatype*
INTEGER8	Object INTEGER8 of type *Datatype*
INTEGER16	Object INTEGER16 of type *Datatype*
REAL2	Object REAL2 of type *Datatype*
REAL4	Object REAL4 of type *Datatype*
REAL8	Object REAL8 of type *Datatype*
REAL16	Object REAL16 of type *Datatype*
COMPLEX4	Object COMPLEX4 of type *Datatype*
COMPLEX8	Object COMPLEX8 of type *Datatype*
COMPLEX16	Object COMPLEX16 of type *Datatype*
COMPLEX32	Object COMPLEX32 of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED_INT	Object UNSIGNED_INT of type *Datatype*
SIGNED_SHORT	Object SIGNED_SHORT of type *Datatype*
SIGNED_INT	Object SIGNED_INT of type *Datatype*
SIGNED_LONG	Object SIGNED_LONG of type *Datatype*
SIGNED_LONG_LONG	Object SIGNED_LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*
BOOL	Object BOOL of type *Datatype*
SINT8_T	Object SINT8_T of type *Datatype*
SINT16_T	Object SINT16_T of type *Datatype*
SINT32_T	Object SINT32_T of type *Datatype*
SINT64_T	Object SINT64_T of type *Datatype*
F_BOOL	Object F_BOOL of type *Datatype*
F_INT	Object F_INT of type *Datatype*
F_FLOAT	Object F_FLOAT of type *Datatype*
F_DOUBLE	Object F_DOUBLE of type *Datatype*
F_COMPLEX	Object F_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
F_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Object F_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
REQUEST_NULL	Object REQUEST_NULL of type *Request*
MESSAGE_NULL	Object MESSAGE_NULL of type *Message*
MESSAGE_NO_PROC	Object MESSAGE_NO_PROC of type *Message*
OP_NULL	Object OP_NULL of type *Op*
MAX	Object MAX of type *Op*
MIN	Object MIN of type *Op*
SUM	Object SUM of type *Op*
PROD	Object PROD of type *Op*
LAND	Object LAND of type *Op*
BAND	Object BAND of type *Op*
LOR	Object LOR of type *Op*
BOR	Object BOR of type *Op*
LXOR	Object LXOR of type *Op*
BXOR	Object BXOR of type *Op*
MAXLOC	Object MAXLOC of type *Op*
MINLOC	Object MINLOC of type *Op*
REPLACE	Object REPLACE of type *Op*

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Table 16 – continued from previous page

NO_OP	Object NO_OP of type *Op*
GROUP_NULL	Object GROUP_NULL of type *Group*
GROUP_EMPTY	Object GROUP_EMPTY of type *Group*
INFO_NULL	Object INFO_NULL of type *Info*
INFO_ENV	Object INFO_ENV of type *Info*
ERRHANDLER_NULL	Object ERRHANDLER_NULL of type *Errhandler*
ERRORS_RETURN	Object ERRORS_RETURN of type *Errhandler*
ERRORS_ARE_FATAL	Object ERRORS_ARE_FATAL of type *Errhandler*
COMM_NULL	Object COMM_NULL of type *Comm*
COMM_SELF	Object COMM_SELF of type *Intracomm*
COMM_WORLD	Object COMM_WORLD of type *Intracomm*
WIN_NULL	Object WIN_NULL of type *Win*
FILE_NULL	Object FILE_NULL of type *File*
pickle	Object pickle of type *Pickle*

6 mpi4py.typing

Added in version 4.0.0.

This module provides type aliases used to add type hints to the various functions and methods within the *MPI* module.

See also

Module typing
Documentation of the typing standard module.

Types Summary

SupportsBuffer	Python buffer protocol.
SupportsDLPack	DLPack data interchange protocol.
SupportsCAI	CUDA Array Interface (CAI) protocol.
Buffer	Buffer-like object.
Bottom	Start of the address range.
InPlace	In-place buffer argument.
Aint	Address-sized integral type.
Count	Integral type for counts.
Displ	Integral type for displacements.
Offset	Integral type for offsets.
TypeSpec	Datatype specification.
BufSpec	Buffer specification.
BufSpecB	Buffer specification (block).
BufSpecV	Buffer specification (vector).
BufSpecW	Buffer specification (generalized).
TargetSpec	Target specification.

Types Documentation

mpi4py.typing.**SupportsBuffer = <class 'mpi4py.typing.SupportsBuffer'>**

Python buffer protocol.

See also

Buffer Protocol

mpi4py.typing.**SupportsDLPack = <class 'mpi4py.typing.SupportsDLPack'>**

DLPack data interchange protocol.

See also

dlpack:python-spec

mpi4py.typing.**SupportsCAI = <class 'mpi4py.typing.SupportsCAI'>**

CUDA Array Interface (CAI) protocol.

See also

numba:cuda-array-interface

mpi4py.typing.**Buffer**

Buffer-like object.

alias of *SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*

mpi4py.typing.**Bottom**

Start of the address range.

alias of *BottomType* | None

mpi4py.typing.**InPlace**

In-place buffer argument.

alias of *InPlaceType* | None

mpi4py.typing.**Aint = <class 'typing.SupportsIndex'>**

Address-sized integral type.

alias of SupportsIndex

mpi4py.typing.**Count = <class 'typing.SupportsIndex'>**

Integral type for counts.

alias of SupportsIndex

mpi4py.typing.**Displ = <class 'typing.SupportsIndex'>**

Integral type for displacements.

alias of SupportsIndex

mpi4py.typing.**Offset = <class 'typing.SupportsIndex'>**

Integral type for offsets.

alias of SupportsIndex

mpi4py.typing.**TypeSpec**

Datatype specification.

alias of *Datatype* | str

mpi4py.typing.**BufSpec**

Buffer specification.

- *Buffer*
- Tuple[*Buffer*, *Count*]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, *TypeSpec*]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, *Count*, *TypeSpec*]
- Tuple[*Bottom*, *Count*, *Datatype*]

alias of *SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI* | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, SupportsIndex] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Datatype* | str] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, SupportsIndex, *Datatype* | str] | Tuple[*BottomType* | None, SupportsIndex, *Datatype*] | List[Any]

mpi4py.typing.**BufSpecB**

Buffer specification (block).

- *Buffer*
- Tuple[*Buffer*, *Count*]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, *TypeSpec*]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, *Count*, *TypeSpec*]

alias of *SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI* | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, SupportsIndex] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Datatype* | str] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, SupportsIndex, *Datatype* | str] | List[Any]

mpi4py.typing.**BufSpecV**

Buffer specification (vector).

- *Buffer*
- Tuple[*Buffer*, Sequence[*Count*]]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, Tuple[Sequence[*Count*], Sequence[*Displ*]]]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, *TypeSpec*]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, Sequence[*Count*], *TypeSpec*]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, Tuple[Sequence[*Count*], Sequence[*Displ*]], *TypeSpec*]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, Sequence[*Count*], Sequence[*Displ*], *TypeSpec*]
- Tuple[*Bottom*, Tuple[Sequence[*Count*], Sequence[*Displ*]], *Datatype*]
- Tuple[*Bottom*, Sequence[*Count*], Sequence[*Displ*], *Datatype*]

alias of *SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI* | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, Sequence[SupportsIndex]] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, Tuple[Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[SupportsIndex]]] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Datatype* | str] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, Sequence[SupportsIndex], *Datatype* | str] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, Tuple[Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[SupportsIndex]], *Datatype* | str] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[SupportsIndex], *Datatype* | str] | Tuple[*BottomType* | None, Tuple[Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[SupportsIndex]], *Datatype*] | Tuple[*BottomType* | None, Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[SupportsIndex], *Datatype*] | List[Any]

mpi4py.typing.**BufSpecW**

Buffer specification (generalized).

- Tuple[*Buffer*, Sequence[*Datatype*]]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, Tuple[Sequence[*Count*], Sequence[*Displ*]], Sequence[*Datatype*]]
- Tuple[*Buffer*, Sequence[*Count*], Sequence[*Displ*], Sequence[*Datatype*]]
- Tuple[*Bottom*, Tuple[Sequence[*Count*], Sequence[*Displ*]], Sequence[*Datatype*]]
- Tuple[*Bottom*, Sequence[*Count*], Sequence[*Displ*], Sequence[*Datatype*]]

alias of Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, Sequence[*Datatype*]] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, Tuple[Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[SupportsIndex]], Sequence[*Datatype*]] | Tuple[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[*Datatype*]] | Tuple[*BottomType* | None, Tuple[Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[SupportsIndex]], Sequence[*Datatype*]] | Tuple[*BottomType* | None, Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[SupportsIndex], Sequence[*Datatype*]] | List[Any]

mpi4py.typing.**TargetSpec**

Target specification.

- *Displ*
- Tuple[()]
- Tuple[*Displ*]
- Tuple[*Displ*, *Count*]
- Tuple[*Displ*, *Count*, *TypeSpec*]

alias of SupportsIndex | Tuple | Tuple[SupportsIndex] | Tuple[SupportsIndex, SupportsIndex] | Tuple[SupportsIndex, SupportsIndex, *Datatype* | str] | List[Any]

mpi4py.typing.**S = TypeVar("S")**

Invariant TypeVar.

mpi4py.typing.**T = TypeVar("T")**

Invariant TypeVar.

mpi4py.typing.**U = TypeVar("U")**

Invariant TypeVar.

mpi4py.typing.**V = TypeVar("V")**

Invariant TypeVar.

7 mpi4py.futures

Added in version 3.0.0.

This package provides a high-level interface for asynchronously executing callables on a pool of worker processes using MPI for inter-process communication.

The *mpi4py.futures* package is based on `concurrent.futures` from the Python standard library. More precisely, *mpi4py.futures* provides the *MPIPoolExecutor* class as a concrete implementation of the abstract class `Executor`. The `submit()` interface schedules a callable to be executed asynchronously and returns a `Future` object representing the execution of the callable. `Future` instances can be queried for the call result or exception. Sets of `Future` instances can be passed to the `wait()` and `as_completed()` functions.

See also

Module `concurrent.futures`
Documentation of the `concurrent.futures` standard module.

7.1 MPIPoolExecutor

The *MPIPoolExecutor* class uses a pool of MPI processes to execute calls asynchronously. By performing computations in separate processes, it allows to side-step the global interpreter lock but also means that only picklable objects can be executed and returned. The `__main__` module must be importable by worker processes, thus *MPIPoolExecutor* instances may not work in the interactive interpreter.

MPIPoolExecutor takes advantage of the dynamic process management features introduced in the MPI-2 standard. In particular, the *MPI.Intracomm.Spawn* method of *MPI.COMM_SELF* is used in the master (or parent) process to spawn new worker (or child) processes running a Python interpreter. The master process uses a separate thread (one for each *MPIPoolExecutor* instance) to communicate back and forth with the workers. The worker processes serve the execution of tasks in the main (and only) thread until they are signaled for completion.

Note

The worker processes must import the main script in order to *unpickle* any callable defined in the `__main__` module and submitted from the master process. Furthermore, the callables may need access to other global variables. At the worker processes, *mpi4py.futures* executes the main script code (using the `runpy` module) under the `__worker__` namespace to define the `__main__` module. The `__main__` and `__worker__` modules are added to `sys.modules` (both at the master and worker processes) to ensure proper *pickling* and *unpickling*.

Warning

During the initial import phase at the workers, the main script cannot create and use new *MPIPoolExecutor* instances. Otherwise, each worker would attempt to spawn a new pool of workers, leading to infinite recursion. *mpi4py.futures* detects such recursive attempts to spawn new workers and aborts the MPI execution environment. As the main script code is run under the `__worker__` namespace, the easiest way to avoid spawn recursion is using the idiom `if __name__ == '__main__': ...` in the main script.

class mpi4py.futures.**MPIPoolExecutor**(*max_workers=None*, *initializer=None*, *initargs=()*, ***kwargs*)

An `Executor` subclass that executes calls asynchronously using a pool of at most *max_workers* processes. If *max_workers* is `None` or not given, its value is determined from the *MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS* environment variable if set, or the MPI universe size if set, otherwise a single worker process is spawned. If *max_workers* is lower than or equal to `0`, then a `ValueError` will be raised.

initializer is an optional callable that is called at the start of each worker process before executing any tasks; *initargs* is a tuple of arguments passed to the initializer. If *initializer* raises an exception, all pending tasks and any attempt to submit new tasks to the pool will raise a `BrokenExecutor` exception.

Other parameters:

- *python_exe*: Path to the Python interpreter executable used to spawn worker processes, otherwise `sys.executable` is used.
- *python_args*: `list` or iterable with additional command line flags to pass to the Python executable. Command line flags determined from inspection of `sys.flags`, `sys.warnoptions` and `sys._xoptions` in are passed unconditionally.
- *mpi_info*: `dict` or iterable yielding `(key, value)` pairs. These `(key, value)` pairs are passed (through an *MPI.Info* object) to the *MPI.Intracomm.Spawn* call used to spawn worker processes. This mechanism allows telling the MPI runtime system where and how to start the processes. Check the documentation of the backend MPI implementation about the set of keys it interprets and the corresponding format for values.
- *globals*: `dict` or iterable yielding `(name, value)` pairs to initialize the main module namespace in worker processes.
- *main*: If set to `False`, do not import the `__main__` module in worker processes. Setting *main* to `False` prevents worker processes from accessing definitions in the parent `__main__` namespace.
- *path*: `list` or iterable with paths to append to `sys.path` in worker processes to extend the module search path.
- *wdir*: Path to set the current working directory in worker processes using `os.chdir()`. The initial working directory is set by the MPI implementation. Quality MPI implementations should honor a `wdir` info key passed through *mpi_info*, although such feature is not mandatory.
- *env*: `dict` or iterable yielding `(name, value)` pairs with environment variables to update `os.environ` in worker processes. The initial environment is set by the MPI implementation. MPI implementations may allow setting the initial environment through *mpi_info*, however such feature is not required nor recommended by the MPI standard.
- *use_pkl5*: If set to `True`, use `pickle` with out-of-band buffers for interprocess communication. If *use_pkl5* is set to `None` or not given, its value is determined from the *MPI4PY_FUTURES_USE_PKL5* environment variable. Using `pickle` with out-of-band buffers may benefit applications dealing with large buffer-like objects like NumPy arrays. See *mpi4py.util.pkl5* for additional information.
- *backoff*: `float` value specifying the maximum number of seconds a worker thread or process suspends execution with `time.sleep()` while idle-waiting. If not set, its value is determined from the *MPI4PY_FUTURES_BACKOFF* environment variable if set, otherwise the default value of 0.001 seconds is used. Lower values will reduce latency and increase execution throughput for very short-lived tasks, albeit at the expense of spinning CPU cores and increased energy consumption.

submit(*fn*, */ (Positional-only parameter separator (PEP 570))*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

Schedule the callable *fn* to be executed as `fn(*args, **kwargs)` and returns a `Future` object representing the execution of the callable.

```
executor = MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=1)
future = executor.submit(pow, 321, 1234)
print(future.result())
```

map(*fn*, **iterables*, *timeout=None*, *chunksize=1*, *buffersize=None*, ***kwargs*)

Similar to `map(fn, *iterables)` except:

- The *iterables* are consumed immediately rather than lazily, unless *buffersize* is specified to limit the number of submitted tasks whose results have not yet been yielded. If the task buffer is full, the caller blocks and iteration over the *iterables* pauses until a result is yielded from the buffer.
- *fn* is executed asynchronously and several calls to *fn* may be made concurrently, out-of-order, in separate processes.

The returned iterator raises a `TimeoutError` if `__next__()` is called and the result isn't available after *timeout* seconds from the original call to *map()*. *timeout* can be an int or a float. If *timeout* is not specified or `None`, there is no limit to the wait time.

If *fn* raises an exception, then that exception will be raised when its value is retrieved from the iterator.

This method chops *iterables* into a number of chunks which it submits to the pool as separate tasks. The (approximate) size of these chunks can be specified by setting *chunksize* to a positive integer. For very long iterables, using a large value for *chunksize* can significantly improve performance compared to the default size of one.

By default, the returned iterator yields results in-order, waiting for successive tasks to complete . This behavior can be changed by passing the keyword argument *unordered* as `True`, then the result iterator will yield a result as soon as any of the tasks complete.

```
executor = MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=3)
for result in executor.map(pow, [2] * 32, range(32)):
    print(result)
```

Changed in version 4.1.0: Added the *buffersize* parameter.

starmap(*fn*, *iterable*, *timeout=None*, *chunksize=1*, *buffersize=None*, ***kwargs*)

Similar to `itertools.starmap(fn, iterable)`. Used instead of *map()* when argument parameters are already grouped in tuples from a single iterable (the data has been "pre-zipped"). *map(fn, *iterable)* is equivalent to *starmap(fn, zip(*iterable))*.

```
executor = MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=3)
iterable = ((2, n) for n in range(32))
for result in executor.starmap(pow, iterable):
    print(result)
```

Changed in version 4.1.0: Added the *buffersize* parameter.

shutdown(*wait=True*, *cancel_futures=False*)

Signal the executor that it should free any resources that it is using when the currently pending futures are done executing. Calls to *submit()* and *map()* made after *shutdown()* will raise `RuntimeError`.

If *wait* is `True` then this method will not return until all the pending futures are done executing and the resources associated with the executor have been freed. If *wait* is `False` then this method will return immediately and the resources associated with the executor will be freed when all pending futures are done executing. Regardless of the value of *wait*, the entire Python program will not exit until all pending futures are done executing.

If *cancel_futures* is `True`, this method will cancel all pending futures that the executor has not started running. Any futures that are completed or running won't be cancelled, regardless of the value of *cancel_futures*.

You can avoid having to call this method explicitly if you use the `with` statement, which will shutdown the executor instance (waiting as if *shutdown()* were called with *wait* set to `True`).

```
import time
with MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=1) as executor:
    future = executor.submit(time.sleep, 2)
assert future.done()
```

bootup(*wait=True*)

Signal the executor that it should allocate eagerly any required resources (in particular, MPI worker processes). If *wait* is `True`, then *bootup()* will not return until the executor resources are ready to process submissions. Resources are automatically allocated in the first call to *submit()*, thus calling *bootup()* explicitly is seldom needed.

num_workers

Number or worker processes in the pool.

MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS

If the *max_workers* parameter to *MPIPoolExecutor* is `None` or not given, the *MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS* environment variable provides a fallback value for the maximum number of MPI worker processes to spawn.

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_FUTURES_USE_PKL5

If the *use_pkl5* keyword argument to *MPIPoolExecutor* is `None` or not given, the *MPI4PY_FUTURES_USE_PKL5* environment variable provides a fallback value for whether the executor should use `pickle` with out-of-band buffers for interprocess communication. Accepted values are `0` and `1` (interpreted as `False` and `True`, respectively), and strings specifying a YAML boolean value (case-insensitive). Using `pickle` with out-of-band buffers may benefit applications dealing with large buffer-like objects like NumPy arrays. See *mpi4py.util.pkl5* for additional information.

Added in version 4.0.0.

MPI4PY_FUTURES_BACKOFF

If the *backoff* keyword argument to *MPIPoolExecutor* is not given, the *MPI4PY_FUTURES_BACKOFF* environment variable can be set to a `float` value specifying the maximum number of seconds a worker thread or process suspends execution with `time.sleep()` while idle-waiting. If not set, the default backoff value is 0.001 seconds. Lower values will reduce latency and increase execution throughput for very short-lived tasks, albeit at the expense of spinning CPU cores and increased energy consumption.

Added in version 4.0.0.

Note

As the master process uses a separate thread to perform MPI communication with the workers, the backend MPI implementation should provide support for *MPI.THREAD_MULTIPLE*. However, some popular MPI implementations do not support yet concurrent MPI calls from multiple threads. Additionally, users may decide to initialize MPI with a lower level of thread support. If the level of thread support in the backend MPI is less than *MPI.THREAD_MULTIPLE*, *mpi4py.futures* will use a global lock to serialize MPI calls. If the level of thread support is less than *MPI.THREAD_SERIALIZED*, *mpi4py.futures* will emit a `RuntimeWarning`.

Warning

If the level of thread support in the backend MPI is less than *MPI.THREAD_SERIALIZED* (i.e, it is either *MPI.THREAD_SINGLE* or *MPI.THREAD_FUNNELED*), in theory *mpi4py.futures* cannot be used. Rather than raising

an exception, *mpi4py.futures* emits a warning and takes a "cross-fingers" attitude to continue execution in the hope that serializing MPI calls with a global lock will actually work.

7.2 MPICommExecutor

Legacy MPI-1 implementations (as well as some vendor MPI-2 implementations) do not support the dynamic process management features introduced in the MPI-2 standard. Additionally, job schedulers and batch systems in supercomputing facilities may pose additional complications to applications using the `MPI_Comm_spawn()` routine.

With these issues in mind, *mpi4py.futures* supports an additional, more traditional, SPMD-like usage pattern requiring MPI-1 calls only. Python applications are started the usual way, e.g., using the **mpiexec** command. Python code should make a collective call to the *MPICommExecutor* context manager to partition the set of MPI processes within a MPI communicator in one master processes and many workers processes. The master process gets access to an *MPIPoolExecutor* instance to submit tasks. Meanwhile, the worker process follow a different execution path and team-up to execute the tasks submitted from the master.

Besides alleviating the lack of dynamic process management features in legacy MPI-1 or partial MPI-2 implementations, the *MPICommExecutor* context manager may be useful in classic MPI-based Python applications willing to take advantage of the simple, task-based, master/worker approach available in the *mpi4py.futures* package.

class mpi4py.futures.**MPICommExecutor**(*comm=None*, *root=0*)

Context manager for *MPIPoolExecutor*. This context manager splits a MPI (intra)communicator *comm* (defaults to *MPI.COMM_WORLD* if not provided or `None`) in two disjoint sets: a single master process (with rank *root* in *comm*) and the remaining worker processes. These sets are then connected through an intercommunicator. The target of the `with` statement is assigned either an *MPIPoolExecutor* instance (at the master) or `None` (at the workers).

```
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.futures import MPICommExecutor

with MPICommExecutor(MPI.COMM_WORLD, root=0) as executor:
    if executor is not None:
       future = executor.submit(abs, -42)
       assert future.result() == 42
       answer = set(executor.map(abs, [-42, 42]))
       assert answer == {42}
```

Warning

If *MPICommExecutor* is passed a communicator of size one (e.g., *MPI.COMM_SELF*), then the executor instance assigned to the target of the `with` statement will execute all submitted tasks in a single worker thread, thus ensuring that task execution still progress asynchronously. However, the GIL will prevent the main and worker threads from running concurrently in multicore processors. Moreover, the thread context switching may harm noticeably the performance of CPU-bound tasks. In case of I/O-bound tasks, the GIL is not usually an issue, however, as a single worker thread is used, it progress one task at a time. We advice against using *MPICommExecutor* with communicators of size one and suggest refactoring your code to use instead a `ThreadPoolExecutor`.

7.3 Command line

Recalling the issues related to the lack of support for dynamic process management features in MPI implementations, *mpi4py.futures* supports an alternative usage pattern where Python code (either from scripts, modules, or zip files) is run under command line control of the *mpi4py.futures* package by passing `-m mpi4py.futures` to the **python** executable. The `mpi4py.futures` invocation should be passed a *pyfile* path to a script (or a zipfile/directory containing

a `__main__.py` file). Additionally, `mpi4py.futures` accepts `-m` *mod* to execute a module named *mod*, `-c` *cmd* to execute a command string *cmd*, or even `-` to read commands from standard input (`sys.stdin`). Summarizing, `mpi4py.futures` can be invoked in the following ways:

- `$ mpiexec -n` *numprocs* `python -m mpi4py.futures` *pyfile* `[arg] ...`
- `$ mpiexec -n` *numprocs* `python -m mpi4py.futures -m` *mod* `[arg] ...`
- `$ mpiexec -n` *numprocs* `python -m mpi4py.futures -c` *cmd* `[arg] ...`
- `$ mpiexec -n` *numprocs* `python -m mpi4py.futures - [arg] ...`

Before starting the main script execution, *mpi4py.futures* splits *MPI.COMM_WORLD* in one master (the process with rank 0 in *MPI.COMM_WORLD*) and *numprocs - 1* workers and connects them through an MPI intercommunicator. Afterwards, the master process proceeds with the execution of the user script code, which eventually creates *MPIPoolExecutor* instances to submit tasks. Meanwhile, the worker processes follow a different execution path to serve the master. Upon successful termination of the main script at the master, the entire MPI execution environment exists gracefully. In case of any unhandled exception in the main script, the master process calls `MPI.COMM_WORLD.Abort(1)` to prevent deadlocks and force termination of entire MPI execution environment.

Warning

Running scripts under command line control of *mpi4py.futures* is quite similar to executing a single-process application that spawn additional workers as required. However, there is a very important difference users should be aware of. All *MPIPoolExecutor* instances created at the master will share the pool of workers. Tasks submitted at the master from many different executors will be scheduled for execution in random order as soon as a worker is idle. Any executor can easily starve all the workers (e.g., by calling *MPIPoolExecutor.map()* with long iterables). If that ever happens, submissions from other executors will not be serviced until free workers are available.

See also

Command line
Documentation on Python command line interface.

7.4 Parallel tasks

The *mpi4py.futures* package favors an embarrassingly parallel execution model involving a series of sequential tasks independent of each other and executed asynchronously. Albeit unnatural, *MPIPoolExecutor* can still be used for handling workloads involving parallel tasks, where worker processes communicate and coordinate each other via MPI.

`mpi4py.futures.`**`get_comm_workers`**`()`

Access an intracommunicator grouping MPI worker processes.

Executing parallel tasks with *mpi4py.futures* requires following some rules, cf. highlighted lines in example *cpi.py* :

- Use *MPIPoolExecutor.num_workers* to determine the number of worker processes in the executor and **submit exactly one callable per worker process** using the *MPIPoolExecutor.submit()* method.
- The submitted callable must use *get_comm_workers()* to access an intracommunicator grouping MPI worker processes. Afterwards, it is highly recommended calling the *Barrier()* method on the communicator. The barrier synchronization ensures that every worker process is executing the submitted callable exactly once. Afterwards, the parallel task can safely perform any kind of point-to-point or collective operation using the returned communicator.

- The `Future` instances returned by *`MPIPoolExecutor.submit()`* should be collected in a sequence. Use `wait()` with the sequence of `Future` instances to ensure logical completion of the parallel task.

7.5 Utilities

The *`mpi4py.futures`* package provides additional utilities for handling `Future` instances.

`mpi4py.futures.`**`collect`**(*fs*)

Gather a collection of futures in a new future.

Parameters
`fs` – Collection of futures.

Returns
New future producing as result a list with results from *fs*.

`mpi4py.futures.`**`compose`**(*future*, *resulthook=None*, *excepthook=None*)

Compose the completion of a future with result and exception handlers.

Parameters

- **`future`** – Input future instance.
- **`resulthook`** – Function to be called once the input future completes with success. Once the input future finish running with success, its result value is the input argument for *resulthook*. The result of *resulthook* is set as the result of the output future. If *resulthook* is `None`, the output future is completed directly with the result of the input future.
- **`excepthook`** – Function to be called once the input future completes with failure. Once the input future finish running with failure, its exception value is the input argument for *excepthook*. If *excepthook* returns an `Exception` instance, it is set as the exception of the output future. Otherwise, the result of *excepthook* is set as the result of the output future. If *excepthook* is `None`, the output future is set as failed with the exception from the input future.

Returns
Output future instance to be completed once the input future is completed and either *resulthook* or *excepthook* finish executing.

7.6 Examples

Computing the Julia set

The following *julia.py* script computes the Julia set and dumps an image to disk in binary PGM format. The code starts by importing *`MPIPoolExecutor`* from the *`mpi4py.futures`* package. Next, some global constants and functions implement the computation of the Julia set. The computations are protected with the standard `if __name__ == '__main__': ...` idiom. The image is computed by whole scanlines submitting all these tasks at once using the *`map`* method. The result iterator yields scanlines in-order as the tasks complete. Finally, each scanline is dumped to disk.

Listing 1: `julia.py`

```
from mpi4py.futures import MPIPoolExecutor

x0, x1, w = -2.0, +2.0, 640*2
y0, y1, h = -1.5, +1.5, 480*2
dx = (x1 - x0) / w
dy = (y1 - y0) / h

```

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```
c = complex(0, 0.65)

def julia(x, y):
    z = complex(x, y)
    n = 255
    while abs(z) < 3 and n > 1:
        z = z**2 + c
        n -= 1
    return n

def julia_line(k):
    line = bytearray(w)
    y = y1 - k * dy
    for j in range(w):
        x = x0 + j * dx
        line[j] = julia(x, y)
    return line

if __name__ == '__main__':

    with MPIPoolExecutor() as executor:
        image = executor.map(julia_line, range(h))
        with open('julia.pgm', 'wb') as f:
            f.write(b'P5 %d %d %d\n' % (w, h, 255))
            for line in image:
                f.write(line)
```

The recommended way to execute the script is by using the **mpiexec** command specifying one MPI process (master) and (optional but recommended) the desired MPI universe size, which determines the number of additional dynamically spawned processes (workers). The MPI universe size is provided either by a batch system or set by the user via command-line arguments to **mpiexec** or environment variables. Below we provide examples for MPICH and Open MPI implementations[1]. In all of these examples, the **mpiexec** command launches a single master process running the Python interpreter and executing the main script. When required, *mpi4py.futures* spawns the pool of 16 worker processes. The master submits tasks to the workers and waits for the results. The workers receive incoming tasks, execute them, and send back the results to the master.

When using MPICH implementation or its derivatives based on the Hydra process manager, users can set the MPI universe size via the `-usize` argument to **mpiexec**:

```
$ mpiexec -n 1 -usize 17 python julia.py
```

or, alternatively, by setting the `MPIEXEC_UNIVERSE_SIZE` environment variable:

```
$ env MPIEXEC_UNIVERSE_SIZE=17 mpiexec -n 1 python julia.py
```

In the Open MPI implementation, the MPI universe size can be set via the `-host` argument to **mpiexec**:

```
$ mpiexec -n 1 -host localhost:17 python julia.py
```

Another way to specify the number of workers is to use the *mpi4py.futures*-specific environment variable *MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS*:

[1] When using an MPI implementation other than MPICH or Open MPI, please check the documentation of the implementation and/or batch system for the ways to specify the desired MPI universe size.

```
$ env MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS=16 mpiexec -n 1 python julia.py
```

Note that in this case, the MPI universe size is ignored.

Alternatively, users may decide to execute the script in a more traditional way, that is, all the MPI processes are started at once. The user script is run under command-line control of *mpi4py.futures* passing the -m flag to the **python** executable:

```
$ mpiexec -n 17 python -m mpi4py.futures julia.py
```

As explained previously, the 17 processes are partitioned in one master and 16 workers. The master process executes the main script while the workers execute the tasks submitted by the master.

Computing Pi (parallel task)

The number π can be approximated via numerical integration with the simple midpoint rule, that is:

$$\pi = \int_0^1 \frac{4}{1+x^2}\,dx \approx \frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{4}{1+\left[\frac{1}{n}\left(i-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right]^2}.$$

The following *cpi.py* script computes such approximations using *mpi4py.futures* with a parallel task involving a collective reduction operation. Highlighted lines correspond to the rules discussed in *Parallel tasks*.

Listing 2: cpi.py

```
import math
import sys
from mpi4py.futures import MPIPoolExecutor, wait
from mpi4py.futures import get_comm_workers


def compute_pi(n):
    # Access intracommunicator and synchronize
    comm = get_comm_workers()
    comm.Barrier()

    rank = comm.Get_rank()
    size = comm.Get_size()

    # Local computation
    h = 1.0 / n
    s = 0.0
    for i in range(rank + 1, n + 1, size):
        x = h * (i - 0.5)
        s += 4.0 / (1.0 + x**2)
    pi_partial = s * h

    # Parallel reduce-to-all
    pi = comm.allreduce(pi_partial)

    # All workers return the same value
    return pi


```

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```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    n = int(sys.argv[1]) if len(sys.argv) > 1 else 256

    with MPIPoolExecutor() as executor:
        # Submit exactly one callable per worker
        P = executor.num_workers
        fs = [executor.submit(compute_pi, n) for _ in range(P)]

        # Wait for all workers to finish
        wait(fs)

        # Get result from the first future object.
        # In this particular example, due to using reduce-to-all,
        # all the other future objects hold the same result value.
        pi = fs[0].result()
        print(
            f"pi: {pi:.16f}, error: {abs(pi - math.pi):.3e}",
            f"({n:d} intervals, {P:d} workers)",
        )
```

To run in modern MPI-2 mode:

```
$ env MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS=4 mpiexec -n 1 python cpi.py 128
pi: 3.1415977398528137, error: 5.086e-06 (128 intervals, 4 workers)

$ env MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS=8 mpiexec -n 1 python cpi.py 512
pi: 3.1415929714812316, error: 3.179e-07 (512 intervals, 8 workers)
```

To run in legacy MPI-1 mode:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python -m mpi4py.futures cpi.py 128
pi: 3.1415977398528137, error: 5.086e-06 (128 intervals, 4 workers)

$ mpiexec -n 9 python -m mpi4py.futures cpi.py 512
pi: 3.1415929714812316, error: 3.179e-07 (512 intervals, 8 workers)
```

7.7 Citation

If *mpi4py.futures* been significant to a project that leads to an academic publication, please acknowledge our work by citing the following article [mpi4py-futures]:

8 mpi4py.util

Added in version 3.1.0.

The *mpi4py.util* package collects miscellaneous utilities within the intersection of Python and MPI.

8.1 mpi4py.util.dtlib

Added in version 3.1.0.

The *mpi4py.util.dtlib* module provides converter routines between NumPy and MPI datatypes.

mpi4py.util.dtlib.**from_numpy_dtype**(*dtype*)

Convert NumPy datatype to MPI datatype.

Parameters
dtype (*DTypeLike*) – NumPy dtype-like object.

Return type
Datatype

mpi4py.util.dtlib.**to_numpy_dtype**(*datatype*)

Convert MPI datatype to NumPy datatype.

Parameters
datatype (Datatype) – MPI datatype.

Return type
dtype[*Any*]

8.2 mpi4py.util.pkl5

Added in version 3.1.0.

pickle protocol 5 (see **PEP 574**) introduced support for out-of-band buffers, allowing for more efficient handling of certain object types with large memory footprints.

MPI for Python uses the traditional in-band handling of buffers. This approach is appropriate for communicating non-buffer Python objects, or buffer-like objects with small memory footprints. For point-to-point communication, in-band buffer handling allows for the communication of a pickled stream with a single MPI message, at the expense of additional CPU and memory overhead in the pickling and unpickling steps.

The *mpi4py.util.pkl5* module provides communicator wrapper classes reimplementing pickle-based point-to-point and collective communication methods using pickle protocol 5. Handling out-of-band buffers necessarily involves multiple MPI messages, thus increasing latency and hurting performance in case of small size data. However, in case of large size data, the zero-copy savings of out-of-band buffer handling more than offset the extra latency costs. Additionally, these wrapper methods overcome the infamous 2 GiB message count limit (MPI-1 to MPI-3).

class mpi4py.util.pkl5.**Request**

Request.

Custom request class for nonblocking communications.

Note

Request is not a subclass of *mpi4py.MPI.Request*

Free()

Free a communication request.

Return type
None

free()

Free a communication request.

Return type
None

cancel()

Cancel a communication request.

Return type
None

get_status(*status=None*)

Non-destructive test for the completion of a request.

Parameters
status (Status | *None*)

Return type
bool

test(*status=None*)

Test for the completion of a request.

Parameters
status (Status | *None*)

Return type
tuple[bool, *Any* | None]

wait(*status=None*)

Wait for a request to complete.

Parameters
status (Status | *None*)

Return type
Any

classmethod get_status_all(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Non-destructive test for the completion of all requests.

Classmethod

classmethod testall(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Test for the completion of all requests.

Classmethod

classmethod waitall(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Wait for all requests to complete.

Classmethod

class mpi4py.util.pkl5.**Message**

Message.

Custom message class for matching probes.

Note

Message is not a subclass of *mpi4py.MPI.Message*

free()

Do nothing.

Return type
None

recv(*status=None*)

Blocking receive of matched message.

Parameters
status (Status | None)

Return type
Any

irecv()

Nonblocking receive of matched message.

Return type
Request

classmethod probe(*comm*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Classmethod

classmethod iprobe(*comm*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Classmethod

class mpi4py.util.pkl5.**Comm**

Communicator.

Base communicator wrapper class.

send(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Blocking send in standard mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
None

bsend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Blocking send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
None

ssend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Blocking send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
None

isend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Nonblocking send in standard mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

ibsend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Nonblocking send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

issend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Nonblocking send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

recv(*buf=None*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Blocking receive.

Parameters

- **buf** (*Buffer | None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Any

irecv(*buf=None*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*)

Nonblocking receive.

Warning

This method cannot be supported reliably and raises RuntimeError.

Parameters

- **buf** (Buffer | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

sendrecv(*sendobj*, *dest*, *sendtag=0*, *recvbuf=None*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *recvtag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Send and receive.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **recvbuf** (Buffer | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Any

mprobe(*source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Message

improbe(*source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Message | None

bcast(*obj*, *root=0*)

Broadcast.

Added in version 3.1.0.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Any

gather(*sendobj*, *root=0*)

Gather.

Added in version 4.0.0.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
list[*Any*] | None

scatter(*sendobj*, *root=0*)

Scatter.

Added in version 4.0.0.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Sequence[Any]* | *None*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Any

allgather(*sendobj*)

Gather to All.

Added in version 4.0.0.

Parameters
sendobj (*Any*)

Return type
list[*Any*]

alltoall(*sendobj*)

All to All Scatter/Gather.

Added in version 4.0.0.

Parameters
sendobj (*Sequence[Any]*)

Return type
list[*Any*]

class mpi4py.util.pkl5.**Intracomm**

Intracommunicator.

Intracommunicator wrapper class.

class mpi4py.util.pkl5.**Intercomm**

Intercommunicator.

Intercommunicator wrapper class.

Examples

Listing 3: `test-pkl5-1.py`

```
import numpy as np
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.util import pkl5

comm = pkl5.Intracomm(MPI.COMM_WORLD)  # comm wrapper
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()
dst = (rank + 1) % size
src = (rank - 1) % size

sobj = np.full(1024**3, rank, dtype='i4')  # > 4 GiB
sreq = comm.isend(sobj, dst, tag=42)
robj = comm.recv (None, src, tag=42)
sreq.Free()

assert np.min(robj) == src
assert np.max(robj) == src
```

Listing 4: `test-pkl5-2.py`

```
import numpy as np
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.util import pkl5

comm = pkl5.Intracomm(MPI.COMM_WORLD)  # comm wrapper
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()
dst = (rank + 1) % size
src = (rank - 1) % size

sobj = np.full(1024**3, rank, dtype='i4')  # > 4 GiB
```

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```
sreq = comm.isend(sobj, dst, tag=42)

status = MPI.Status()
rmsg = comm.mprobe(status=status)
assert status.Get_source() == src
assert status.Get_tag() == 42
rreq = rmsg.irecv()
robj = rreq.wait()

sreq.Free()
assert np.max(robj) == src
assert np.min(robj) == src
```

8.3 mpi4py.util.pool

Added in version 4.0.0.

See also

This module intends to be a drop-in replacement for the `multiprocessing.pool` interface from the Python standard library. The *Pool* class exposed here is implemented as a thin wrapper around *MPIPoolExecutor*.

Note

The *mpi4py.futures* package offers a higher level interface for asynchronously pushing tasks to MPI worker process, allowing for a clear separation between submitting tasks and waiting for the results.

class mpi4py.util.pool.**Pool**

Pool using MPI processes as workers.

__init__(*processes=None*, *initializer=None*, *initargs=()*, ***kwargs*)

Initialize a new Pool instance.

Parameters

- **processes** (*int | None*) – Number of worker processes.
- **initializer** (*Callable[[...], object] | None*) – An callable used to initialize workers processes.
- **initargs** (*Iterable[Any]*) – A tuple of arguments to pass to the initializer.
- **kwargs** (*Any*)

Return type

None

Note

Additional keyword arguments are passed down to the *MPIPoolExecutor* constructor.

Warning

The *maxtasksperchild* and *context* arguments of `multiprocessing.pool.Pool` are not supported. Specifying *maxtasksperchild* or *context* with a value other than `None` will issue a warning of category `UserWarning`.

apply(*func*, *args=()*, *kwds={}*)

Call *func* with arguments *args* and keyword arguments *kwds*.

Equivalent to `func(*args, **kwds)`.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable[[...], T]*)
- **args** (*Iterable[Any]*)
- **kwds** (*Mapping[str, Any]*)

Return type
T

apply_async(*func*, *args=()*, *kwds={}*, *callback=None*, *error_callback=None*)

Asynchronous version of *apply()* returning *ApplyResult*.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable[..., T]*)
- **args** (*Iterable[Any]*)
- **kwds** (*Mapping[str, Any]*)
- **callback** (*Callable[[T], object] | None*)
- **error_callback** (*Callable[[BaseException], object] | None*)

Return type
AsyncResult[*T*]

map(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize=None*)

Apply *func* to each element in *iterable*.

Equivalent to `list(map(func, iterable))`.

Block until all results are ready and return them in a `list`.

The *iterable* is choped into a number of chunks which are submitted as separate tasks. The (approximate) size of these chunks can be specified by setting *chunksize* to a positive integer.

Consider using *imap()* or *imap_unordered()* with explicit *chunksize* for better efficiency.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable[[S], T]*)
- **iterable** (*Iterable[S]*)
- **chunksize** (*int | None*)

Return type
list[T]

map_async(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize=None*, *callback=None*, *error_callback=None*)

Asynchronous version of *map()* returning *MapResult*.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable[[S], T]*)
- **iterable** (*Iterable[S]*)
- **chunksize** (*int | None*)
- **callback** (*Callable[[T], None] | None*)
- **error_callback** (*Callable[[BaseException], None] | None*)

Return type
MapResult[*T*]

imap(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize=1*)

Like *map()* but return an `iterator`.

Equivalent to `map(func, iterable)`.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable[[S], T]*)
- **iterable** (*Iterable[S]*)
- **chunksize** (*int*)

Return type
Iterator[T]

imap_unordered(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize=1*)

Like *imap()* but ordering of results is arbitrary.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable[[S], T]*)
- **iterable** (*Iterable[S]*)
- **chunksize** (*int*)

Return type
Iterator[T]

starmap(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize=None*)

Apply *func* to each argument tuple in *iterable*.

Equivalent to `list(itertools.starmap(func, iterable))`.

Block until all results are ready and return them in a `list`.

The *iterable* is choped into a number of chunks which are submitted as separate tasks. The (approximate) size of these chunks can be specified by setting *chunksize* to a positive integer.

Consider using *istarmap()* or *istarmap_unordered()* with explicit *chunksize* for better efficiency.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable[[...], T]*)
- **iterable** (*Iterable[Iterable[Any]]*)
- **chunksize** (*int | None*)

Return type
list[T]

starmap_async(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize=None*, *callback=None*, *error_callback=None*)

Asynchronous version of *starmap()* returning *MapResult*.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable[..., T]*)
- **iterable** (*Iterable[Iterable[Any]]*)
- **chunksize** (*int | None*)
- **callback** (*Callable[[T], None] | None*)
- **error_callback** (*Callable[[BaseException], None] | None*)

Return type
MapResult[*T*]

istarmap(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize=1*)

Like *starmap()* but return an `iterator`.

Equivalent to `itertools.starmap(func, iterable)`.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable[[...], T]*)
- **iterable** (*Iterable[Iterable[Any]]*)
- **chunksize** (*int*)

Return type
Iterator[T]

istarmap_unordered(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize=1*)

Like *istarmap()* but ordering of results is arbitrary.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable[[...], T]*)
- **iterable** (*Iterable[Iterable[Any]]*)
- **chunksize** (*int*)

Return type
Iterator[T]

close()

Prevent any more tasks from being submitted to the pool.

Return type
None

terminate()

Stop the worker processes without completing pending tasks.

Return type
None

join()

Wait for the worker processes to exit.

Return type
None

class mpi4py.util.pool.**ThreadPool**

Bases: *Pool*

Pool using threads as workers.

class mpi4py.util.pool.**AsyncResult**

Asynchronous result.

get(*timeout=None*)

Return the result when it arrives.

If *timeout* is not None and the result does not arrive within *timeout* seconds then raise TimeoutError.

If the remote call raised an exception then that exception will be reraised.

Parameters
timeout (*float | None*)

Return type
T

wait(*timeout=None*)

Wait until the result is available or *timeout* seconds pass.

Parameters
timeout (*float | None*)

Return type
None

ready()

Return whether the call has completed.

Return type
bool

successful()

Return whether the call completed without raising an exception.

If the result is not ready then raise ValueError.

Return type
bool

class mpi4py.util.pool.**ApplyResult**

Bases: *AsyncResult*

Result type of *apply_async()*.

class mpi4py.util.pool.**MapResult**

Bases: *AsyncResult*

Result type of *map_async()* and *starmap_async()*.

8.4 mpi4py.util.sync

Added in version 4.0.0.

The *mpi4py.util.sync* module provides parallel synchronization utilities.

Sequential execution

class mpi4py.util.sync.**Sequential**

Sequential execution.

Context manager for sequential execution within a group of MPI processes.

The implementation is based in MPI-1 point-to-point communication. A process with rank *i* waits in a blocking receive until the previous process rank *i-1* finish executing and signals the next rank *i* with a send.

__init__(*comm*, *tag=0*)

Initialize sequential execution.

Parameters

- **comm** (Intracomm) – Intracommunicator context.
- **tag** (*int*) – Tag for point-to-point communication.

Return type
None

__enter__()

Enter sequential execution.

Return type
Self

__exit__(**exc*)

Exit sequential execution.

Parameters
exc (*object*)

Return type
None

begin()

Begin sequential execution.

Return type
None

end()

End sequential execution.

Return type
None

Global counter

class mpi4py.util.sync.**Counter**

Global counter.

Produce consecutive values within a group of MPI processes. The counter interface is close to that of itertools.count.

The implementation is based in MPI-3 one-sided operations. A root process (typically rank `0`) holds the counter, and its value is queried and incremented with an atomic RMA *fetch-and-add* operation.

__init__(*start=0*, *step=1*, ***, *typecode='i'*, *comm=COMM_SELF*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *root=0*)

Initialize global counter.

Parameters

- **start** (*int*) – Start value.
- **step** (*int*) – Increment value.
- **typecode** (*str*) – Type code as defined in the `array` module.
- **comm** (`Intracomm`) – Intracommunicator context.
- **info** (`Info`) – Info object for RMA context creation.
- **root** (*int*) – Process rank holding the counter memory.

Return type
None

__iter__()

Implement `iter(self)`.

Return type
Self

__next__()

Implement `next(self)`.

Return type
int

next(*incr=None*)

Return current value and increment.

Parameters
incr (*int | None*) – Increment value.

Returns
The counter value before incrementing.

Return type
int

free()

Free counter resources.

Return type
None

Mutual exclusion

class mpi4py.util.sync.**Mutex**

Mutual exclusion.

Establish a critical section or mutual exclusion among MPI processes.

The mutex interface is close to that of `threading.Lock` and `threading.RLock`, allowing the use of either recursive or non-recursive mutual exclusion. However, a mutex should be used within a group of MPI processes, not threads.

In non-recursive mode, the semantics of *Mutex* are somewhat different than these of threading.Lock:

- Once acquired, a mutex is held and owned by a process until released.
- Trying to acquire a mutex already held raises RuntimeError.
- Trying to release a mutex not yet held raises RuntimeError.

This mutex implementation uses the scalable and fair spinlock algorithm from [mcs-paper] and took inspiration from the MPI-3 RMA implementation of [uam-book].

__init__(*, *recursive=False*, *comm=COMM_SELF*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Initialize mutex object.

Parameters

- **comm** (Intracomm) – Intracommunicator context.
- **recursive** (*bool*) – Whether to allow recursive acquisition.
- **info** (Info) – Info object for RMA context creation.

Return type
None

__enter__()

Acquire mutex.

Return type
Self

__exit__(**exc*)

Release mutex.

Parameters
exc (*object*)

Return type
None

acquire(*blocking=True*)

Acquire mutex, blocking or non-blocking.

Parameters
blocking (*bool*) – If True, block until the mutex is held.

Returns
True if the mutex is held, False otherwise.

Return type
bool

release()

Release mutex.

Return type
None

locked()

Return whether the mutex is held.

Return type
bool

count()

Return the recursion count.

Return type
int

free()

Free mutex resources.

Return type
None

Condition variable

class mpi4py.util.sync.**Condition**

Condition variable.

A condition variable allows one or more MPI processes to wait until they are notified by another processes.

The condition variable interface is close to that of `threading.Condition`, allowing the use of either recursive or non-recursive mutual exclusion. However, the condition variable should be used within a group of MPI processes, not threads.

This condition variable implementation uses a MPI-3 RMA-based scalable and fair circular queue algorithm to track the set of waiting processes.

__init__(*mutex=None*, ***, *recursive=True*, *comm=COMM_SELF*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Initialize condition variable.

Parameters

- **mutex** (*Mutex | None*) – Mutual exclusion object.
- **recursive** (*bool*) – Whether to allow recursive acquisition.
- **comm** (*Intracomm*) – Intracommunicator context.
- **info** (*Info*) – Info object for RMA context creation.

Return type
None

__enter__()

Acquire the underlying mutex.

Return type
Self

__exit__(**exc*)

Release the underlying mutex.

Parameters
exc (*object*)

Return type
None

acquire(*blocking=True*)

Acquire the underlying mutex.

Parameters
blocking (*bool*)

Return type
bool

`release`()

Release the underlying mutex.

Return type
None

`locked`()

Return whether the underlying mutex is held.

Return type
bool

`wait`()

Wait until notified by another process.

Returns
Always `True`.

Return type
Literal[True]

`wait_for`(*predicate*)

Wait until a predicate evaluates to `True`.

Parameters
predicate (*Callable[[], T]*) – callable returning a boolean.

Returns
The result of predicate once it evaluates to `True`.

Return type
T

`notify`(*n=1*)

Wake up one or more processes waiting on this condition.

Parameters
n (*int*) – Maximum number of processes to wake up.

Returns
The actual number of processes woken up.

Return type
int

`notify_all`()

Wake up all processes waiting on this condition.

Returns
The actual number of processes woken up.

Return type
int

`free`()

Free condition resources.

Return type
None

Semaphore object

class mpi4py.util.sync.**Semaphore**

Semaphore object.

A semaphore object manages an internal counter which is decremented by each *acquire()* call and incremented by each *release()* call. The internal counter never reaches a value below zero; when *acquire()* finds that it is zero, it blocks and waits until some other process calls *release()*.

The semaphore interface is close to that of threading.Semaphore and threading.BoundedSemaphore, allowing the use of either bounded (default) or unbounded semaphores. With a bounded semaphore, the internal counter never exceeds its initial value; otherwise *release()* raises ValueError.

This semaphore implementation uses a global *Counter* and a *Condition* variable to handle waiting and and notification.

__init__(*value=1*, ***, *bounded=True*, *comm=COMM_SELF*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Initialize semaphore object.

Parameters

- **value** (*int*) – Initial value for internal counter.
- **bounded** (*bool*) – Bound internal counter to initial value.
- **comm** (Intracomm) – Intracommunicator context.
- **info** (Info) – Info object for RMA context creation.

Return type
None

__enter__()

Acquire semaphore.

Return type
Self

__exit__(**exc*)

Release semaphore.

Parameters
exc (*object*)

Return type
None

acquire(*blocking=True*)

Acquire semaphore, decrementing the internal counter by one.

Parameters
blocking (*bool*) – If True, block until the semaphore is acquired.

Returns
True if the semaphore is acquired, False otherwise.

Return type
bool

release(*n=1*)

Release semaphore, incrementing the internal counter by one or more.

Parameters
n (*int*) – Increment for the internal counter.

Return type
None

free()

Free semaphore resources.

Return type
None

Examples

Listing 5: `test-sync-1.py`

```
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.util.sync import Counter, Sequential

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD

counter = Counter(comm)
with Sequential(comm):
   value = next(counter)
counter.free()

assert comm.rank == value
```

Listing 6: `test-sync-2.py`

```
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.util.sync import Counter, Mutex

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD

mutex = Mutex(comm)
counter = Counter(comm)
with mutex:
   value = next(counter)
counter.free()
mutex.free()

assert (
   list(range(comm.size)) ==
   sorted(comm.allgather(value))
)
```

9 mpi4py.run

Added in version 3.0.0.

At import time, *mpi4py* initializes the MPI execution environment calling `MPI_Init_thread()` and installs an exit hook to automatically call `MPI_Finalize()` just before the Python process terminates. Additionally, *mpi4py* overrides the default *ERRORS_ARE_FATAL* error handler in favor of *ERRORS_RETURN*, which allows translating MPI errors in Python exceptions. These departures from standard MPI behavior may be controversial, but are quite convenient within the highly dynamic Python programming environment. Third-party code using *mpi4py* can just `from mpi4py import MPI` and perform MPI calls without the tedious initialization/finalization handling. MPI errors, once trans-

lated automatically to Python exceptions, can be dealt with the common `try...except...finally` clauses; unhandled MPI exceptions will print a traceback which helps in locating problems in source code.

Unfortunately, the interplay of automatic MPI finalization and unhandled exceptions may lead to deadlocks. In unattended runs, these deadlocks will drain the battery of your laptop, or burn precious allocation hours in your supercomputing facility.

9.1 Exceptions and deadlocks

Consider the following snippet of Python code. Assume this code is stored in a standard Python script file and run with **`mpiexec`** in two or more processes.

Listing 7: `deadlock.py`

```
from mpi4py import MPI
assert MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_size() > 1
rank = MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_rank()
if rank == 0:
    1/0
    MPI.COMM_WORLD.send(None, dest=1, tag=42)
elif rank == 1:
    MPI.COMM_WORLD.recv(source=0, tag=42)
```

Process 0 raises `ZeroDivisionError` exception before performing a send call to process 1. As the exception is not handled, the Python interpreter running in process 0 will proceed to exit with non-zero status. However, as *`mpi4py`* installed a finalizer hook to call `MPI_Finalize()` before exit, process 0 will block waiting for other processes to also enter the `MPI_Finalize()` call. Meanwhile, process 1 will block waiting for a message to arrive from process 0, thus never reaching to `MPI_Finalize()`. The whole MPI execution environment is irremediably in a deadlock state.

To alleviate this issue, *`mpi4py`* offers a simple, alternative command line execution mechanism based on using the `-m` flag and implemented with the `runpy` module. To use this features, Python code should be run passing `-m mpi4py` in the command line invoking the Python interpreter. In case of unhandled exceptions, the finalizer hook will call `MPI_Abort()` on the `MPI_COMM_WORLD` communicator, thus effectively aborting the MPI execution environment.

Warning

When a process is forced to abort, resources (e.g. open files) are not cleaned-up and any registered finalizers (either with the `atexit` module, the Python C/API function `Py_AtExit()`, or even the C standard library function `atexit()`) will not be executed. Thus, aborting execution is an extremely impolite way of ensuring process termination. However, MPI provides no other mechanism to recover from a deadlock state.

9.2 Command line

The use of `-m mpi4py` to execute Python code on the command line resembles that of the Python interpreter.

- `mpiexec -n` *`numprocs`* `python -m mpi4py` *`pyfile`* `[arg] ...`
- `mpiexec -n` *`numprocs`* `python -m mpi4py -m` *`mod`* `[arg] ...`
- `mpiexec -n` *`numprocs`* `python -m mpi4py -c` *`cmd`* `[arg] ...`
- `mpiexec -n` *`numprocs`* `python -m mpi4py - [arg] ...`

<pyfile>

Execute the Python code contained in *pyfile*, which must be a filesystem path referring to either a Python file, a directory containing a `__main__.py` file, or a zipfile containing a `__main__.py` file.

-m <mod>

Search `sys.path` for the named module *mod* and execute its contents.

-c <cmd>

Execute the Python code in the *cmd* string command.

-

Read commands from standard input (`sys.stdin`).

See also

Command line
Documentation on Python command line interface.

10 mpi4py.bench

Added in version 3.0.0.

11 Reference

mpi4py.MPI	Message Passing Interface.

11.1 mpi4py.MPI

Message Passing Interface.

Classes

BottomType	Type of *BOTTOM*.
BufferAutomaticType	Type of *BUFFER_AUTOMATIC*.
Cartcomm	Cartesian topology intracommunicator.
Comm	Communication context.
Datatype	Datatype object.
Distgraphcomm	Distributed graph topology intracommunicator.
Errhandler	Error handler.
File	File I/O context.
Graphcomm	General graph topology intracommunicator.
Grequest	Generalized request handler.
Group	Group of processes.
InPlaceType	Type of *IN_PLACE*.
Info	Info object.
Intercomm	Intercommunicator.
Intracomm	Intracommunicator.
Message	Matched message.
Op	Reduction operation.
Pickle	Pickle/unpickle Python objects.
Prequest	Persistent request handler.
Request	Request handler.

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Table 19 – continued from previous page

Session	Session context.
Status	Status object.
Topocomm	Topology intracommunicator.
Win	Remote memory access context.
buffer	Buffer.
memory	alias of *buffer*

mpi4py.MPI.BottomType

class mpi4py.MPI.**BottomType**

Bases: object

Type of *BOTTOM*.

static __new__(*cls*)

Return type
Self

mpi4py.MPI.BufferAutomaticType

class mpi4py.MPI.**BufferAutomaticType**

Bases: object

Type of *BUFFER_AUTOMATIC*.

static __new__(*cls*)

Return type
Self

mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm

class mpi4py.MPI.**Cartcomm**

Bases: *Topocomm*

Cartesian topology intracommunicator.

static __new__(*cls*, *comm=None*)

Parameters
comm (Cartcomm | *None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Get_cart_rank(coords)	Translate logical coordinates to ranks.
Get_coords(rank)	Translate ranks to logical coordinates.
Get_dim()	Return number of dimensions.
Get_topo()	Return information on the cartesian topology.
Shift(direction, disp)	Return a process ranks for data shifting with *Sendrecv*.
Sub(remain_dims)	Return a lower-dimensional Cartesian topology.

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Table 20 – continued from previous page

Attributes Summary

coords	Coordinates.
dim	Number of dimensions.
dims	Dimensions.
ndim	Number of dimensions.
periods	Periodicity.
topo	Topology information.

Methods Documentation

Get_cart_rank(*coords*)

Translate logical coordinates to ranks.

Parameters
coords (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type
int

Get_coords(*rank*)

Translate ranks to logical coordinates.

Parameters
rank (*int*)

Return type
list[int]

Get_dim()

Return number of dimensions.

Return type
int

Get_topo()

Return information on the cartesian topology.

Return type
tuple[list[int], list[int], list[int]]

Shift(*direction*, *disp*)

Return a process ranks for data shifting with *Sendrecv*.

Parameters

- **direction** (*int*)
- **disp** (*int*)

Return type
tuple[int, int]

Sub(*remain_dims*)

Return a lower-dimensional Cartesian topology.

Parameters
remain_dims (*Sequence[bool]*)

Return type
Cartcomm

Attributes Documentation

coords

Coordinates.

dim

Number of dimensions.

dims

Dimensions.

ndim

Number of dimensions.

periods

Periodicity.

topo

Topology information.

mpi4py.MPI.Comm

class mpi4py.MPI.**Comm**

Bases: object

Communication context.

static __new__(*cls*, *comm=None*)

Parameters
comm (Comm | *None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Abort([errorcode])	Terminate the MPI execution environment.
Ack_failed([num_to_ack])	Acknowledge failures on a communicator.
Agree(flag)	Blocking agreement.
Allgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Gather to All.
Allgather_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, info])	Persistent Gather to All.
Allgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Gather to All Vector.
Allgatherv_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, info])	Persistent Gather to All Vector.
Allreduce(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Reduce to All.
Allreduce_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, info])	Persistent Reduce to All.
Alltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)	All to All Scatter/Gather.
Alltoall_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, info])	Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather.
Alltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	All to All Scatter/Gather Vector.
Alltoallv_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, info])	Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather Vector.

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Alltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)	All to All Scatter/Gather General.
Alltoallw_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, info])	Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather General.
Attach_buffer(buf)	Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode.
Barrier()	Barrier synchronization.
Barrier_init([info])	Persistent Barrier.
Bcast(buf[, root])	Broadcast data from one process to all other processes.
Bcast_init(buf[, root, info])	Persistent Broadcast.
Bsend(buf, dest[, tag])	Blocking send in buffered mode.
Bsend_init(buf, dest[, tag])	Persistent request for a send in buffered mode.
Call_errhandler(errorcode)	Call the error handler installed on a communicator.
Clone()	Clone an existing communicator.
Compare(comm)	Compare two communicators.
Create(group)	Create communicator from group.
Create_errhandler(errhandler_fn)	Create a new error handler for communicators.
Create_keyval([copy_fn, delete_fn, nopython])	Create a new attribute key for communicators.
Delete_attr(keyval)	Delete attribute value associated with a key.
Detach_buffer()	Remove an existing attached buffer.
Disconnect()	Disconnect from a communicator.
Dup([info])	Duplicate a communicator.
Dup_with_info(info)	Duplicate a communicator with hints.
Flush_buffer()	Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted.
Free()	Free a communicator.
Free_keyval(keyval)	Free an attribute key for communicators.
Gather(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Gather data to one process from all other processes.
Gather_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root, info])	Persistent Gather.
Gatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Gather Vector.
Gatherv_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root, info])	Persistent Gather Vector.
Get_attr(keyval)	Retrieve attribute value by key.
Get_errhandler()	Get the error handler for a communicator.
Get_failed()	Extract the group of failed processes.
Get_group()	Access the group associated with a communicator.
Get_info()	Return the current hints for a communicator.
Get_name()	Get the print name for this communicator.
Get_parent()	Return the parent intercommunicator for this process.
Get_rank()	Return the rank of this process in a communicator.
Get_size()	Return the number of processes in a communicator.
Get_topology()	Return the type of topology (if any) associated with a communicator.
Iagree(flag)	Nonblocking agreement.
Iallgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Gather to All.
Iallgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Gather to All Vector.
Iallreduce(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Nonblocking Reduce to All.
Ialltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather.
Ialltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather Vector.
Ialltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather General.
Ibarrier()	Nonblocking Barrier.
Ibcast(buf[, root])	Nonblocking Broadcast.
Ibsend(buf, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send in buffered mode.
Idup([info])	Nonblocking duplicate a communicator.

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Idup_with_info(info)	Nonblocking duplicate a communicator with hints.
Iflush_buffer()	Nonblocking flush for buffered messages.
Igather(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Nonblocking Gather.
Igatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Nonblocking Gather Vector.
Improbe([source, tag, status])	Nonblocking test for a matched message.
Iprobe([source, tag, status])	Nonblocking test for a message.
Irecv(buf[, source, tag])	Nonblocking receive.
Ireduce(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, root])	Nonblocking Reduce to Root.
Ireduce_scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf[, ...])	Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter (vector version).
Ireduce_scatter_block(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version).
Irsend(buf, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send in ready mode.
Is_inter()	Return whether the communicator is an intercommunicator.
Is_intra()	Return whether the communicator is an intracommunicator.
Is_revoked()	Indicate whether the communicator has been revoked.
Iscatter(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Nonblocking Scatter.
Iscatterv(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Nonblocking Scatter Vector.
Isend(buf, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send.
Isendrecv(sendbuf, dest[, sendtag, recvbuf, ...])	Nonblocking send and receive.
Isendrecv_replace(buf, dest[, sendtag, ...])	Send and receive a message.
Ishrink()	Nonblocking shrink a communicator to remove all failed processes.
Issend(buf, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send in synchronous mode.
Join(fd)	Interconnect two processes connected by a socket.
Mprobe([source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a matched message.
Precv_init(buf, partitions[, source, tag, info])	Create request for a partitioned recv operation.
Probe([source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a message.
Psend_init(buf, partitions, dest[, tag, info])	Create request for a partitioned send operation.
Recv(buf[, source, tag, status])	Blocking receive.
Recv_init(buf[, source, tag])	Create a persistent request for a receive.
Reduce(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, root])	Reduce to Root.
Reduce_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, root, info])	Persistent Reduce to Root.
Reduce_scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf[, ...])	Reduce-Scatter (vector version).
Reduce_scatter_block(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version).
Reduce_scatter_block_init(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Persistent Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version).
Reduce_scatter_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, ...])	Persistent Reduce-Scatter (vector version).
Revoke()	Revoke a communicator.
Rsend(buf, dest[, tag])	Blocking send in ready mode.
Rsend_init(buf, dest[, tag])	Persistent request for a send in ready mode.
Scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Scatter data from one process to all other processes.
Scatter_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root, info])	Persistent Scatter.
Scatterv(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root])	Scatter Vector.
Scatterv_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, root, info])	Persistent Scatter Vector.
Send(buf, dest[, tag])	Blocking send.
Send_init(buf, dest[, tag])	Create a persistent request for a standard send.
Sendrecv(sendbuf, dest[, sendtag, recvbuf, ...])	Send and receive a message.
Sendrecv_replace(buf, dest[, sendtag, ...])	Send and receive a message.
Set_attr(keyval, attrval)	Store attribute value associated with a key.

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Table 22 – continued from previous page

Set_errhandler(errhandler)	Set the error handler for a communicator.
Set_info(info)	Set new values for the hints associated with a communicator.
Set_name(name)	Set the print name for this communicator.
Shrink()	Shrink a communicator to remove all failed processes.
Split([color, key])	Split communicator by color and key.
Split_type(split_type[, key, info])	Split communicator by split type.
Ssend(buf, dest[, tag])	Blocking send in synchronous mode.
Ssend_init(buf, dest[, tag])	Persistent request for a send in synchronous mode.
allgather(sendobj)	Gather to All.
allreduce(sendobj[, op])	Reduce to All.
alltoall(sendobj)	All to All Scatter/Gather.
barrier()	Barrier synchronization.
bcast(obj[, root])	Broadcast.
bsend(obj, dest[, tag])	Send in buffered mode.
f2py(arg)	
free()	Call *Free* if not null or predefined.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
gather(sendobj[, root])	Gather.
ibsend(obj, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send in buffered mode.
improbe([source, tag, status])	Nonblocking test for a matched message.
iprobe([source, tag, status])	Nonblocking test for a message.
irecv([buf, source, tag])	Nonblocking receive.
isend(obj, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send.
issend(obj, dest[, tag])	Nonblocking send in synchronous mode.
mprobe([source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a matched message.
probe([source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a message.
py2f()	
recv([buf, source, tag, status])	Receive.
reduce(sendobj[, op, root])	Reduce to Root.
scatter(sendobj[, root])	Scatter.
send(obj, dest[, tag])	Send in standard mode.
sendrecv(sendobj, dest[, sendtag, recvbuf, ...])	Send and Receive.
ssend(obj, dest[, tag])	Send in synchronous mode.
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.

Attributes Summary

group	Group.
handle	MPI handle.
info	Info hints.
is_inter	Is intercommunicator.
is_intra	Is intracommunicator.
is_topo	Is a topology.
name	Print name.
rank	Rank of this process.
size	Number of processes.

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topology	Topology type.

Methods Documentation

Abort(*errorcode=0*)

Terminate the MPI execution environment.

> **Warning**
>
> The invocation of this method prevents the execution of various Python exit and cleanup mechanisms. Use this method as a last resort to prevent parallel deadlocks in case of unrecoverable errors.

Parameters
errorcode (*int*)

Return type
NoReturn

Ack_failed(*num_to_ack=None*)

Acknowledge failures on a communicator.

Parameters
num_to_ack (*int | None*)

Return type
int

Agree(*flag*)

Blocking agreement.

Parameters
flag (*int*)

Return type
int

Allgather(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Gather to All.

Gather data from all processes and broadcast the combined data to all other processes.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type
None

Allgather_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Gather to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Allgatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Gather to All Vector.

Gather data from all processes and send it to all other processes providing different amounts of data and displacements.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type
None

Allgatherv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Gather to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Allreduce(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Reduce to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
None

Allreduce_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Reduce to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Alltoall(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

All to All Scatter/Gather.

Send data to all processes and recv data from all processes.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type
None

Alltoall_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Alltoallv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

All to All Scatter/Gather Vector.

Send data to all processes and recv data from all processes providing different amounts of data and displacements.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type
None

Alltoallv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Alltoallw(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

All to All Scatter/Gather General.

Send/recv data to/from all processes allowing the specification of different counts, displacements, and datatypes for each dest/source.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW | InPlace)

- **recvbuf** (BufSpecW)

Return type
None

Alltoallw_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather General.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecW)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Attach_buffer(*buf*)

Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode.

Parameters
buf (Buffer | *None*)

Return type
None

Barrier()

Barrier synchronization.

Return type
None

Barrier_init(*info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Barrier.

Parameters
info (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Bcast(*buf*, *root=0*)

Broadcast data from one process to all other processes.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
None

Bcast_init(*buf*, *root=0*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Broadcast.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **root** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Bsend(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Blocking send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
None

Bsend_init(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Persistent request for a send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Call_errhandler(*errorcode*)

Call the error handler installed on a communicator.

Parameters
errorcode (*int*)

Return type
None

Clone()

Clone an existing communicator.

Return type
Self

Compare(*comm*)

Compare two communicators.

Parameters
comm (Comm)

Return type
int

Create(*group*)

Create communicator from group.

Parameters
group (Group)

Return type
Comm

classmethod Create_errhandler(*errhandler_fn*)

Create a new error handler for communicators.

Parameters
errhandler_fn (*Callable[[Comm, int], None]*)

Return type
Errhandler

classmethod Create_keyval(*copy_fn=None*, *delete_fn=None*, *nopython=False*)

Create a new attribute key for communicators.

Parameters

- **copy_fn** (*Callable[[Comm, int, Any], Any] | None*)
- **delete_fn** (*Callable[[Comm, int, Any], None] | None*)
- **nopython** (*bool*)

Return type
int

Delete_attr(*keyval*)

Delete attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
None

Detach_buffer()

Remove an existing attached buffer.

Return type
Buffer | None

Disconnect()

Disconnect from a communicator.

Return type
None

Dup(*info=None*)

Duplicate a communicator.

Parameters
info (*Info | None*)

Return type
Self

Dup_with_info(*info*)

Duplicate a communicator with hints.

Parameters
info (*Info*)

Return type
Self

Flush_buffer()

Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted.

Return type
None

Free()

Free a communicator.

Return type
None

classmethod Free_keyval(*keyval*)

Free an attribute key for communicators.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
int

Gather(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*)

Gather data to one process from all other processes.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB | *None*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
None

Gather_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Gather.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB | *None*)
- **root** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Gatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*)

Gather Vector.

Gather data to one process from all other processes providing different amounts of data and displacements.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV | *None*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
None

Gatherv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Gather Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV | *None*)
- **root** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Get_attr(*keyval*)

Retrieve attribute value by key.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
int | *Any* | None

Get_errhandler()

Get the error handler for a communicator.

Return type
Errhandler

Get_failed()

Extract the group of failed processes.

Return type
Group

Get_group()

Access the group associated with a communicator.

Return type
Group

Get_info()

Return the current hints for a communicator.

Return type
Info

Get_name()

Get the print name for this communicator.

Return type
str

classmethod Get_parent()

Return the parent intercommunicator for this process.

Return type
Intercomm

`Get_rank`()

Return the rank of this process in a communicator.

Return type
int

`Get_size`()

Return the number of processes in a communicator.

Return type
int

`Get_topology`()

Return the type of topology (if any) associated with a communicator.

Return type
int

`Iagree`(*flag*)

Nonblocking agreement.

Parameters
flag (Buffer)

Return type
Request

`Iallgather`(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Gather to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type
Request

`Iallgatherv`(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Gather to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type
Request

`Iallreduce`(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Nonblocking Reduce to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
Request

`Ialltoall`(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type
Request

`Ialltoallv`(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type
Request

`Ialltoallw`(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather General.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecW)

Return type
Request

`Ibarrier`()

Nonblocking Barrier.

Return type
Request

`Ibcast`(*buf*, *root=0*)

Nonblocking Broadcast.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Request

`Ibsend`(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Nonblocking send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Idup(*info=None*)

Nonblocking duplicate a communicator.

Parameters
info (Info | None)

Return type
tuple[*Self*, Request]

Idup_with_info(*info*)

Nonblocking duplicate a communicator with hints.

Parameters
info (Info)

Return type
tuple[*Self*, Request]

Iflush_buffer()

Nonblocking flush for buffered messages.

Return type
Request

Igather(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*)

Nonblocking Gather.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB | None)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Igatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*)

Nonblocking Gather Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV | None)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Improbe(*source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | None)

Return type
Message | None

Iprobe(*source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
bool

Irecv(*buf*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*)

Nonblocking receive.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Ireduce(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*, *root=0*)

Nonblocking Reduce to Root.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | *None*)
- **op** (Op)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Ireduce_scatter(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *recvcounts=None*, *op=SUM*)

Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter (vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvcounts** (*Sequence[int]* | *None*)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
Request

Ireduce_scatter_block(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | BufSpecB)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
Request

Irsend(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Nonblocking send in ready mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Is_inter()

Return whether the communicator is an intercommunicator.

Return type
bool

Is_intra()

Return whether the communicator is an intracommunicator.

Return type
bool

Is_revoked()

Indicate whether the communicator has been revoked.

Return type
bool

Iscatter(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*)

Nonblocking Scatter.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB | *None*)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Iscatterv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*)

Nonblocking Scatter Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV | *None*)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Isend(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Nonblocking send.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Isendrecv(*sendbuf*, *dest*, *sendtag=0*, *recvbuf=None*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *recvtag=ANY_TAG*)

Nonblocking send and receive.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Isendrecv_replace(*buf*, *dest*, *sendtag=0*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *recvtag=ANY_TAG*)

Send and receive a message.

Note

This function is guaranteed not to deadlock in situations where pairs of blocking sends and receives may deadlock.

Caution

A common mistake when using this function is to mismatch the tags with the source and destination ranks, which can result in deadlock.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)

- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Ishrink()

Nonblocking shrink a communicator to remove all failed processes.

Return type
tuple[Comm, Request]

Issend(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Nonblocking send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

classmethod Join(*fd*)

Interconnect two processes connected by a socket.

Parameters
fd (*int*)

Return type
Intercomm

Mprobe(*source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Message

Precv_init(*buf*, *partitions*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Create request for a partitioned recv operation.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **partitions** (*int*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Probe(*source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Blocking test for a message.

> **Note**
>
> This function blocks until the message arrives.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Literal[True]

Psend_init(*buf*, *partitions*, *dest*, *tag=0*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Create request for a partitioned send operation.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **partitions** (*int*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Recv(*buf*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Blocking receive.

> **Note**
>
> This function blocks until the message is received.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Recv_init(*buf*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*)

Create a persistent request for a receive.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Prequest

Reduce(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*, *root=0*)

Reduce to Root.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | *None*)
- **op** (Op)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
None

Reduce_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*, *root=0*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Reduce to Root.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | *None*)
- **op** (Op)
- **root** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Reduce_scatter(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *recvcounts=None*, *op=SUM*)

Reduce-Scatter (vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvcounts** (*Sequence[int]* | *None*)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
None

Reduce_scatter_block(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | BufSpecB)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
None

Reduce_scatter_block_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | BufSpecB)
- **op** (Op)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Reduce_scatter_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *recvcounts=None*, *op=SUM*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Reduce-Scatter (vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvcounts** (*Sequence[int] | None*)
- **op** (Op)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Revoke()

Revoke a communicator.

Return type
None

Rsend(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Blocking send in ready mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
None

Rsend_init(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Persistent request for a send in ready mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Scatter(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*)

Scatter data from one process to all other processes.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB | *None*)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
None

Scatter_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Scatter.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB | *None*)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **root** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Scatterv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*)

Scatter Vector.

Scatter data from one process to all other processes providing different amounts of data and displacements.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV | *None*)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
None

Scatterv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Scatter Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV | *None*)

- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **root** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Send(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Blocking send.

> **Note**
>
> This function may block until the message is received. Whether *Send* blocks or not depends on several factors and is implementation dependent.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
None

Send_init(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Create a persistent request for a standard send.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Prequest

Sendrecv(*sendbuf*, *dest*, *sendtag=0*, *recvbuf=None*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *recvtag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Send and receive a message.

> **Note**
>
> This function is guaranteed not to deadlock in situations where pairs of blocking sends and receives may deadlock.

> **Caution**
>
> A common mistake when using this function is to mismatch the tags with the source and destination ranks, which can result in deadlock.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Sendrecv_replace(*buf*, *dest*, *sendtag=0*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *recvtag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Send and receive a message.

Note

This function is guaranteed not to deadlock in situations where pairs of blocking sends and receives may deadlock.

Caution

A common mistake when using this function is to mismatch the tags with the source and destination ranks, which can result in deadlock.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Set_attr(*keyval*, *attrval*)

Store attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters

- **keyval** (*int*)
- **attrval** (*Any*)

Return type
None

Set_errhandler(*errhandler*)

Set the error handler for a communicator.

Parameters
errhandler (Errhandler)

Return type
None

Set_info(*info*)

Set new values for the hints associated with a communicator.

Parameters
info (Info)

Return type
None

Set_name(*name*)

Set the print name for this communicator.

Parameters
name (*str*)

Return type
None

Shrink()

Shrink a communicator to remove all failed processes.

Return type
Comm

Split(*color=0*, *key=0*)

Split communicator by color and key.

Parameters

- **color** (*int*)
- **key** (*int*)

Return type
Comm

Split_type(*split_type*, *key=0*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Split communicator by split type.

Parameters

- **split_type** (*int*)
- **key** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Comm

Ssend(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Blocking send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
None

Ssend_init(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Persistent request for a send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

allgather(*sendobj*)

Gather to All.

Parameters
sendobj (*Any*)

Return type
list[*Any*]

allreduce(*sendobj*, *op=SUM*)

Reduce to All.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **op** (Op | *Callable[[Any, Any], Any]*)

Return type
Any

alltoall(*sendobj*)

All to All Scatter/Gather.

Parameters
sendobj (*Sequence[Any]*)

Return type
list[*Any*]

barrier()

Barrier synchronization.

Note

This method is equivalent to *Barrier*.

Return type
None

bcast(*obj*, *root=0*)

Broadcast.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Any

bsend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
None

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Comm

free()

Call *Free* if not null or predefined.

Return type
None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Comm

classmethod fromint(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Comm

gather(*sendobj*, *root=0*)

Gather.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)

- **root** (*int*)

Return type
list[*Any*] | None

ibsend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Nonblocking send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

improbe(*source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Message | None

iprobe(*source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
bool

irecv(*buf=None*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*)

Nonblocking receive.

Parameters

- **buf** (Buffer | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

isend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Nonblocking send.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)

- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

issend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Nonblocking send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

mprobe(*source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Message

probe(*source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Blocking test for a message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Literal[True]

py2f()

Return type
int

recv(*buf=None*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Receive.

Parameters

- **buf** (Buffer | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Any

reduce(*sendobj*, *op=SUM*, *root=0*)

Reduce to Root.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **op** (Op | *Callable[[Any, Any], Any]*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Any | None

scatter(*sendobj*, *root=0*)

Scatter.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Sequence[Any] | None*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Any

send(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Send in standard mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
None

sendrecv(*sendobj*, *dest*, *sendtag=0*, *recvbuf=None*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *recvtag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Send and Receive.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **recvbuf** (Buffer | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Any

ssend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
None

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

Attributes Documentation

group

Group.

handle

MPI handle.

info

Info hints.

is_inter

Is intercommunicator.

is_intra

Is intracommunicator.

is_topo

Is a topology.

name

Print name.

rank

Rank of this process.

size

Number of processes.

topology

Topology type.

mpi4py.MPI.Datatype

class mpi4py.MPI.**Datatype**

Bases: object

Datatype object.

static __new__(*cls*, *datatype=None*)

Parameters
datatype (*Datatype | None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Commit()	Commit the datatype.
Create_contiguous(count)	Create a contiguous datatype.
Create_darray(size, rank, gsizes, distribs, ...)	Create a datatype for a distributed array on Cartesian process grids.
Create_f90_complex(p, r)	Return a bounded complex datatype.
Create_f90_integer(r)	Return a bounded integer datatype.
Create_f90_real(p, r)	Return a bounded real datatype.
Create_hindexed(blocklengths, displacements)	Create an indexed datatype.
Create_hindexed_block(blocklength, displacements)	Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized blocks.
Create_hvector(count, blocklength, stride)	Create a vector (strided) datatype with stride in bytes.
Create_indexed(blocklengths, displacements)	Create an indexed datatype.
Create_indexed_block(blocklength, displacements)	Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized blocks.
Create_keyval([copy_fn, delete_fn, nopython])	Create a new attribute key for datatypes.
Create_resized(lb, extent)	Create a datatype with a new lower bound and extent.
Create_struct(blocklengths, displacements, ...)	Create a general composite (struct) datatype.
Create_subarray(sizes, subsizes, starts[, order])	Create a datatype for a subarray of a multidimensional array.
Create_vector(count, blocklength, stride)	Create a vector (strided) datatype.
Delete_attr(keyval)	Delete attribute value associated with a key.
Dup()	Duplicate a datatype.
Free()	Free the datatype.
Free_keyval(keyval)	Free an attribute key for datatypes.
Get_attr(keyval)	Retrieve attribute value by key.
Get_contents()	Return the input arguments used to create a datatype.
Get_envelope()	Return the number of input arguments used to create a datatype.
Get_extent()	Return lower bound and extent of datatype.
Get_name()	Get the print name for this datatype.
Get_size()	Return the number of bytes occupied by entries in the datatype.
Get_true_extent()	Return the true lower bound and extent of a datatype.
Get_value_index(value, index)	Return a predefined pair datatype.
Match_size(typeclass, size)	Find a datatype matching a specified size in bytes.
Pack(inbuf, outbuf, position, comm)	Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype.
Pack_external(datarep, inbuf, outbuf, position)	Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype.
Pack_external_size(datarep, count)	Determine the amount of space needed to pack a message.
Pack_size(count, comm)	Determine the amount of space needed to pack a message.
Set_attr(keyval, attrval)	Store attribute value associated with a key.
Set_name(name)	Set the print name for this datatype.

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Unpack(inbuf, position, outbuf, comm)	Unpack from contiguous memory according to datatype.
Unpack_external(datarep, inbuf, position, outbuf)	Unpack from contiguous memory according to datatype.
decode()	Convenience method for decoding a datatype.
f2py(arg)	
free()	Call *Free* if not null or predefined.
fromcode(code)	Get predefined MPI datatype from character code or type string.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
py2f()	
tocode()	Get character code or type string from predefined MPI datatype.
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.

Attributes Summary

combiner	Combiner.
contents	Contents.
envelope	Envelope.
extent	Extent.
handle	MPI handle.
is_named	Is a named datatype.
is_predefined	Is a predefined datatype.
lb	Lower bound.
name	Print name.
size	Size (in bytes).
true_extent	True extent.
true_lb	True lower bound.
true_ub	True upper bound.
typechar	Character code.
typestr	Type string.
ub	Upper bound.

Methods Documentation

Commit()

Commit the datatype.

Return type
Self

Create_contiguous(*count*)

Create a contiguous datatype.

Parameters
count (*int*)

Return type
Self

Create_darray(*size*, *rank*, *gsizes*, *distribs*, *dargs*, *psizes*, *order=ORDER_C*)

Create a datatype for a distributed array on Cartesian process grids.

Parameters

- **size** (*int*)
- **rank** (*int*)
- **gsizes** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **distribs** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **dargs** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **psizes** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **order** (*int*)

Return type
Self

classmethod Create_f90_complex(*p*, *r*)

Return a bounded complex datatype.

Parameters

- **p** (*int*)
- **r** (*int*)

Return type
Self

classmethod Create_f90_integer(*r*)

Return a bounded integer datatype.

Parameters
r (*int*)

Return type
Self

classmethod Create_f90_real(*p*, *r*)

Return a bounded real datatype.

Parameters

- **p** (*int*)
- **r** (*int*)

Return type
Self

Create_hindexed(*blocklengths*, *displacements*)

Create an indexed datatype.

Note

Displacements are measured in bytes.

Parameters

- **blocklengths** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **displacements** (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type
Self

Create_hindexed_block(*blocklength*, *displacements*)

Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized blocks.

> **Note**
>
> Displacements are measured in bytes.

Parameters

- **blocklength** (*int*)
- **displacements** (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type
Self

Create_hvector(*count*, *blocklength*, *stride*)

Create a vector (strided) datatype with stride in bytes.

Parameters

- **count** (*int*)
- **blocklength** (*int*)
- **stride** (*int*)

Return type
Self

Create_indexed(*blocklengths*, *displacements*)

Create an indexed datatype.

Parameters

- **blocklengths** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **displacements** (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type
Self

Create_indexed_block(*blocklength*, *displacements*)

Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized blocks.

Parameters

- **blocklength** (*int*)
- **displacements** (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type
Self

classmethod Create_keyval(*copy_fn=None*, *delete_fn=None*, *nopython=False*)

Create a new attribute key for datatypes.

Parameters

- **copy_fn** (*Callable[[Datatype, int, Any], Any] | None*)
- **delete_fn** (*Callable[[Datatype, int, Any], None] | None*)
- **nopython** (*bool*)

Return type
int

Create_resized(*lb*, *extent*)

Create a datatype with a new lower bound and extent.

Parameters

- **lb** (*int*)
- **extent** (*int*)

Return type
Self

classmethod Create_struct(*blocklengths*, *displacements*, *datatypes*)

Create a general composite (struct) datatype.

Note

Displacements are measured in bytes.

Parameters

- **blocklengths** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **displacements** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **datatypes** (*Sequence[Datatype]*)

Return type
Self

Create_subarray(*sizes*, *subsizes*, *starts*, *order=ORDER_C*)

Create a datatype for a subarray of a multidimensional array.

Parameters

- **sizes** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **subsizes** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **starts** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **order** (*int*)

Return type
Self

Create_vector(*count*, *blocklength*, *stride*)

Create a vector (strided) datatype.

Parameters

- **count** (*int*)
- **blocklength** (*int*)
- **stride** (*int*)

Return type
Self

Delete_attr(*keyval*)

Delete attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
None

Dup()

Duplicate a datatype.

Return type
Self

Free()

Free the datatype.

Return type
None

classmethod Free_keyval(*keyval*)

Free an attribute key for datatypes.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
int

Get_attr(*keyval*)

Retrieve attribute value by key.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
int | *Any* | None

Get_contents()

Return the input arguments used to create a datatype.

Return type
tuple[list[int], list[int], list[int], list[Datatype]]

Get_envelope()

Return the number of input arguments used to create a datatype.

Return type
tuple[int, int, int, int, int]

Get_extent()

Return lower bound and extent of datatype.

Return type
tuple[int, int]

Get_name()

Get the print name for this datatype.

Return type
str

Get_size()

Return the number of bytes occupied by entries in the datatype.

Return type
int

Get_true_extent()

Return the true lower bound and extent of a datatype.

Return type
tuple[int, int]

classmethod Get_value_index(*value*, *index*)

Return a predefined pair datatype.

Parameters

- **value** (Datatype)
- **index** (Datatype)

Return type
Self

classmethod Match_size(*typeclass*, *size*)

Find a datatype matching a specified size in bytes.

Parameters

- **typeclass** (*int*)
- **size** (*int*)

Return type
Self

Pack(*inbuf*, *outbuf*, *position*, *comm*)

Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype.

Parameters

- **inbuf** (BufSpec)
- **outbuf** (BufSpec)
- **position** (*int*)
- **comm** (Comm)

Return type
int

`Pack_external`(*datarep*, *inbuf*, *outbuf*, *position*)

Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype.

Uses the portable data representation **external32**.

Parameters

- **datarep** (*str*)
- **inbuf** (BufSpec)
- **outbuf** (BufSpec)
- **position** (*int*)

Return type
int

`Pack_external_size`(*datarep*, *count*)

Determine the amount of space needed to pack a message.

Uses the portable data representation **external32**.

> **Note**
>
> Returns an upper bound measured in bytes.

Parameters

- **datarep** (*str*)
- **count** (*int*)

Return type
int

`Pack_size`(*count*, *comm*)

Determine the amount of space needed to pack a message.

> **Note**
>
> Returns an upper bound measured in bytes.

Parameters

- **count** (*int*)
- **comm** (Comm)

Return type
int

`Set_attr`(*keyval*, *attrval*)

Store attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters

- **keyval** (*int*)
- **attrval** (*Any*)

Return type
None

Set_name(*name*)

Set the print name for this datatype.

Parameters
name (*str*)

Return type
None

Unpack(*inbuf*, *position*, *outbuf*, *comm*)

Unpack from contiguous memory according to datatype.

Parameters

- **inbuf** (BufSpec)
- **position** (*int*)
- **outbuf** (BufSpec)
- **comm** (Comm)

Return type
int

Unpack_external(*datarep*, *inbuf*, *position*, *outbuf*)

Unpack from contiguous memory according to datatype.

Uses the portable data representation **external32**.

Parameters

- **datarep** (*str*)
- **inbuf** (BufSpec)
- **position** (*int*)
- **outbuf** (BufSpec)

Return type
int

decode()

Convenience method for decoding a datatype.

Return type
tuple[Datatype, str, dict[str, *Any*]]

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Datatype

free()

Call *Free* if not null or predefined.

Return type
None

classmethod fromcode(*code*)

Get predefined MPI datatype from character code or type string.

Parameters
code (*str*)

Return type
Datatype

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Datatype

classmethod fromint(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Datatype

py2f()

Return type
int

tocode()

Get character code or type string from predefined MPI datatype.

Return type
str

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

Attributes Documentation

combiner

Combiner.

contents

Contents.

envelope

Envelope.

extent
: Extent.

handle
: MPI handle.

is_named
: Is a named datatype.

is_predefined
: Is a predefined datatype.

lb
: Lower bound.

name
: Print name.

size
: Size (in bytes).

true_extent
: True extent.

true_lb
: True lower bound.

true_ub
: True upper bound.

typechar
: Character code.

typestr
: Type string.

ub
: Upper bound.

mpi4py.MPI.Distgraphcomm

class mpi4py.MPI.**Distgraphcomm**

Bases: *Topocomm*

Distributed graph topology intracommunicator.

static __new__(*cls*, *comm=None*)

Parameters
comm (Distgraphcomm | *None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Get_dist_neighbors()	Return adjacency information for a distributed graph topology.
Get_dist_neighbors_count()	Return adjacency information for a distributed graph topology.

Methods Documentation

Get_dist_neighbors()

Return adjacency information for a distributed graph topology.

Return type
tuple[list[int], list[int], tuple[list[int], list[int]] | None]

Get_dist_neighbors_count()

Return adjacency information for a distributed graph topology.

Return type
int

mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler

class mpi4py.MPI.**Errhandler**

Bases: object

Error handler.

static __new__(*cls*, *errhandler=None*)

Parameters
errhandler (Errhandler | *None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Free()	Free an error handler.
f2py(arg)	
free()	Call *Free* if not null.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
py2f()	
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.

Attributes Summary

handle	MPI handle.

Methods Documentation

Free()

Free an error handler.

Return type
None

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Errhandler

free()

Call *Free* if not null.

Return type
None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Errhandler

classmethod fromint(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Errhandler

py2f()

Return type
int

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

mpi4py.MPI.File

class mpi4py.MPI.**File**

Bases: object

File I/O context.

static __new__(*cls*, *file=None*)

Parameters
file (File | None)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Call_errhandler(errorcode)	Call the error handler installed on a file.
Close()	Close a file.
Create_errhandler(errhandler_fn)	Create a new error handler for files.
Delete(filename[, info])	Delete a file.
Get_amode()	Return the file access mode.
Get_atomicity()	Return the atomicity mode.
Get_byte_offset(offset)	Return the absolute byte position in the file.
Get_errhandler()	Get the error handler for a file.
Get_group()	Access the group of processes that opened the file.
Get_info()	Return the current hints for a file.
Get_position()	Return the current position of the individual file pointer.
Get_position_shared()	Return the current position of the shared file pointer.
Get_size()	Return the file size.
Get_type_extent(datatype)	Return the extent of datatype in the file.
Get_view()	Return the file view.
Iread(buf)	Nonblocking read using individual file pointer.
Iread_all(buf)	Nonblocking collective read using individual file pointer.
Iread_at(offset, buf)	Nonblocking read using explicit offset.
Iread_at_all(offset, buf)	Nonblocking collective read using explicit offset.
Iread_shared(buf)	Nonblocking read using shared file pointer.
Iwrite(buf)	Nonblocking write using individual file pointer.
Iwrite_all(buf)	Nonblocking collective write using individual file pointer.
Iwrite_at(offset, buf)	Nonblocking write using explicit offset.
Iwrite_at_all(offset, buf)	Nonblocking collective write using explicit offset.
Iwrite_shared(buf)	Nonblocking write using shared file pointer.
Open(comm, filename[, amode, info])	Open a file.
Preallocate(size)	Preallocate storage space for a file.
Read(buf[, status])	Read using individual file pointer.
Read_all(buf[, status])	Collective read using individual file pointer.
Read_all_begin(buf)	Start a split collective read using individual file pointer.
Read_all_end(buf[, status])	Complete a split collective read using individual file pointer.
Read_at(offset, buf[, status])	Read using explicit offset.
Read_at_all(offset, buf[, status])	Collective read using explicit offset.
Read_at_all_begin(offset, buf)	Start a split collective read using explicit offset.

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Read_at_all_end(buf[, status])	Complete a split collective read using explicit offset.
Read_ordered(buf[, status])	Collective read using shared file pointer.
Read_ordered_begin(buf)	Start a split collective read using shared file pointer.
Read_ordered_end(buf[, status])	Complete a split collective read using shared file pointer.
Read_shared(buf[, status])	Read using shared file pointer.
Seek(offset[, whence])	Update the individual file pointer.
Seek_shared(offset[, whence])	Update the shared file pointer.
Set_atomicity(flag)	Set the atomicity mode.
Set_errhandler(errhandler)	Set the error handler for a file.
Set_info(info)	Set new values for the hints associated with a file.
Set_size(size)	Set the file size.
Set_view([disp, etype, filetype, datarep, info])	Set the file view.
Sync()	Causes all previous writes to be transferred to the storage device.
Write(buf[, status])	Write using individual file pointer.
Write_all(buf[, status])	Collective write using individual file pointer.
Write_all_begin(buf)	Start a split collective write using individual file pointer.
Write_all_end(buf[, status])	Complete a split collective write using individual file pointer.
Write_at(offset, buf[, status])	Write using explicit offset.
Write_at_all(offset, buf[, status])	Collective write using explicit offset.
Write_at_all_begin(offset, buf)	Start a split collective write using explicit offset.
Write_at_all_end(buf[, status])	Complete a split collective write using explicit offset.
Write_ordered(buf[, status])	Collective write using shared file pointer.
Write_ordered_begin(buf)	Start a split collective write using shared file pointer.
Write_ordered_end(buf[, status])	Complete a split collective write using shared file pointer.
Write_shared(buf[, status])	Write using shared file pointer.
f2py(arg)	
free()	Call *Close* if not null.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
py2f()	
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.

Attributes Summary

amode	Access mode.
atomicity	Atomicity mode.
group	Group.
group_rank	Group rank.
group_size	Group size.
handle	MPI handle.
info	Info hints.
size	Size (in bytes).

Methods Documentation

Call_errhandler(*errorcode*)

Call the error handler installed on a file.

Parameters
errorcode (*int*)

Return type
None

Close()

Close a file.

Return type
None

classmethod Create_errhandler(*errhandler_fn*)

Create a new error handler for files.

Parameters
errhandler_fn (*Callable[[File, int], None]*)

Return type
Errhandler

classmethod Delete(*filename*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Delete a file.

Parameters

- **filename** (*PathLike | str | bytes*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
None

Get_amode()

Return the file access mode.

Return type
int

Get_atomicity()

Return the atomicity mode.

Return type
bool

Get_byte_offset(*offset*)

Return the absolute byte position in the file.

Note

Input *offset* is measured in etype units relative to the current file view.

Parameters
offset (*int*)

Return type
int

`Get_errhandler()`

Get the error handler for a file.

Return type
Errhandler

`Get_group()`

Access the group of processes that opened the file.

Return type
Group

`Get_info()`

Return the current hints for a file.

Return type
Info

`Get_position()`

Return the current position of the individual file pointer.

Note

Position is measured in etype units relative to the current file view.

Return type
int

`Get_position_shared()`

Return the current position of the shared file pointer.

Note

Position is measured in etype units relative to the current view.

Return type
int

`Get_size()`

Return the file size.

Return type
int

`Get_type_extent(`*datatype*`)`

Return the extent of datatype in the file.

Parameters
datatype (Datatype)

Return type
int

`Get_view`()

Return the file view.

Return type
tuple[int, Datatype, Datatype, str]

`Iread`(*buf*)

Nonblocking read using individual file pointer.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

`Iread_all`(*buf*)

Nonblocking collective read using individual file pointer.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

`Iread_at`(*offset*, *buf*)

Nonblocking read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

`Iread_at_all`(*offset*, *buf*)

Nonblocking collective read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

`Iread_shared`(*buf*)

Nonblocking read using shared file pointer.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

`Iwrite`(*buf*)

Nonblocking write using individual file pointer.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

Iwrite_all(*buf*)

Nonblocking collective write using individual file pointer.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

Iwrite_at(*offset*, *buf*)

Nonblocking write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

Iwrite_at_all(*offset*, *buf*)

Nonblocking collective write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

Iwrite_shared(*buf*)

Nonblocking write using shared file pointer.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

classmethod Open(*comm*, *filename*, *amode=MODE_RDONLY*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Open a file.

Parameters

- **comm** (Intracomm)
- **filename** (*PathLike | str | bytes*)
- **amode** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Self

Preallocate(*size*)

Preallocate storage space for a file.

Parameters
size (*int*)

Return type
None

Read(*buf*, *status=None*)

Read using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Read_all(*buf*, *status=None*)

Collective read using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Read_all_begin(*buf*)

Start a split collective read using individual file pointer.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
None

Read_all_end(*buf*, *status=None*)

Complete a split collective read using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Read_at(*offset*, *buf*, *status=None*)

Read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

`Read_at_all`(*offset*, *buf*, *status=None*)

Collective read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

`Read_at_all_begin`(*offset*, *buf*)

Start a split collective read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)

Return type
None

`Read_at_all_end`(*buf*, *status=None*)

Complete a split collective read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

`Read_ordered`(*buf*, *status=None*)

Collective read using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

`Read_ordered_begin`(*buf*)

Start a split collective read using shared file pointer.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
None

Read_ordered_end(*buf*, *status=None*)

Complete a split collective read using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | None)

Return type
None

Read_shared(*buf*, *status=None*)

Read using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | None)

Return type
None

Seek(*offset*, *whence=SEEK_SET*)

Update the individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **whence** (*int*)

Return type
None

Seek_shared(*offset*, *whence=SEEK_SET*)

Update the shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **whence** (*int*)

Return type
None

Set_atomicity(*flag*)

Set the atomicity mode.

Parameters
flag (*bool*)

Return type
None

Set_errhandler(*errhandler*)

Set the error handler for a file.

Parameters
errhandler (Errhandler)

Return type
None

Set_info(*info*)

Set new values for the hints associated with a file.

Parameters
info (Info)

Return type
None

Set_size(*size*)

Set the file size.

Parameters
size (*int*)

Return type
None

Set_view(*disp=0*, *etype=BYTE*, *filetype=None*, *datarep='native'*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Set the file view.

Parameters

- **disp** (*int*)
- **etype** (Datatype)
- **filetype** (Datatype | *None*)
- **datarep** (*str*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
None

Sync()

Causes all previous writes to be transferred to the storage device.

Return type
None

Write(*buf*, *status=None*)

Write using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Write_all(*buf*, *status=None*)

Collective write using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Write_all_begin(*buf*)

Start a split collective write using individual file pointer.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
None

Write_all_end(*buf*, *status=None*)

Complete a split collective write using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Write_at(*offset*, *buf*, *status=None*)

Write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Write_at_all(*offset*, *buf*, *status=None*)

Collective write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Write_at_all_begin(*offset*, *buf*)

Start a split collective write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)

Return type
None

Write_at_all_end(*buf*, *status=None*)

Complete a split collective write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Write_ordered(*buf*, *status=None*)

Collective write using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Write_ordered_begin(*buf*)

Start a split collective write using shared file pointer.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
None

Write_ordered_end(*buf*, *status=None*)

Complete a split collective write using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

Write_shared(*buf*, *status=None*)

Write using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
File

free()

Call *Close* if not null.

Return type
None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
File

classmethod fromint(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
File

py2f()

Return type
int

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

Attributes Documentation

amode

Access mode.

atomicity

Atomicity mode.

group

Group.

group_rank

Group rank.

group_size

Group size.

handle

MPI handle.

info

Info hints.

size

Size (in bytes).

mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm

class mpi4py.MPI.**Graphcomm**

Bases: *Topocomm*

General graph topology intracommunicator.

static __new__(*cls*, *comm=None*)

Parameters
comm (*Graphcomm* | *None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Get_dims()	Return the number of nodes and edges.
Get_neighbors(rank)	Return list of neighbors of a process.
Get_neighbors_count(rank)	Return number of neighbors of a process.
Get_topo()	Return index and edges.

Attributes Summary

dims	Number of nodes and edges.
edges	Edges.
index	Index.
nedges	Number of edges.
neighbors	Neighbors.
nneighbors	Number of neighbors.
nnodes	Number of nodes.
topo	Topology information.

Methods Documentation

Get_dims()

Return the number of nodes and edges.

Return type
tuple[int, int]

Get_neighbors(*rank*)

Return list of neighbors of a process.

Parameters
rank (*int*)

Return type
list[int]

Get_neighbors_count(*rank*)

Return number of neighbors of a process.

Parameters
rank (*int*)

Return type
int

`Get_topo()`

Return index and edges.

Return type
tuple[list[int], list[int]]

Attributes Documentation

dims

Number of nodes and edges.

edges

Edges.

index

Index.

nedges

Number of edges.

neighbors

Neighbors.

nneighbors

Number of neighbors.

nnodes

Number of nodes.

topo

Topology information.

mpi4py.MPI.Grequest

class mpi4py.MPI.**Grequest**

Bases: *Request*

Generalized request handler.

static __new__(*cls*, *request=None*)

Parameters
request (Grequest | None)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Complete()	Notify that a user-defined request is complete.
Start([query_fn, free_fn, cancel_fn, args, ...])	Create and return a user-defined request.
complete([obj])	Notify that a user-defined request is complete.

Methods Documentation

Complete()

Notify that a user-defined request is complete.

Return type
None

classmethod Start(*query_fn=None*, *free_fn=None*, *cancel_fn=None*, *args=None*, *kwargs=None*)

Create and return a user-defined request.

Parameters

- **query_fn** (*Callable[[...], None] | None*)
- **free_fn** (*Callable[[...], None] | None*)
- **cancel_fn** (*Callable[[...], None] | None*)
- **args** (*tuple[Any] | None*)
- **kwargs** (*dict[str, Any] | None*)

Return type
Grequest

complete(*obj=None*)

Notify that a user-defined request is complete.

Parameters
obj (*Any*)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Group

class mpi4py.MPI.**Group**

Bases: object

Group of processes.

static __new__(*cls*, *group=None*)

Parameters
group (Group | *None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Compare(group)	Compare two groups.
Create_from_session_pset(session, pset_name)	Create a new group from session and process set.
Difference(group1, group2)	Create a new group from the difference of two existing groups.
Dup()	Duplicate a group.
Excl(ranks)	Create a new group by excluding listed members.
Free()	Free a group.
Get_rank()	Return the rank of this process in a group.

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Get_size()	Return the number of processes in a group.
Incl(ranks)	Create a new group by including listed members.
Intersection(group1, group2)	Create a new group from the intersection of two existing groups.
Range_excl(ranks)	Create a new group by excluding ranges of members.
Range_incl(ranks)	Create a new group by including ranges of members.
Translate_ranks([ranks, group])	Translate ranks in a group to those in another group.
Union(group1, group2)	Create a new group from the union of two existing groups.
f2py(arg)	
free()	Call *Free* if not null or predefined.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
py2f()	
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.

Attributes Summary

handle	MPI handle.
rank	Rank of this process.
size	Number of processes.

Methods Documentation

Compare(*group*)

Compare two groups.

Parameters
group (Group)

Return type
int

classmethod Create_from_session_pset(*session*, *pset_name*)

Create a new group from session and process set.

Parameters

- **session** (Session)
- **pset_name** (*str*)

Return type
Self

classmethod Difference(*group1*, *group2*)

Create a new group from the difference of two existing groups.

Parameters

- **group1** (Group)
- **group2** (Group)

Return type
Self

Dup()

Duplicate a group.

Return type
Self

Excl(*ranks*)

Create a new group by excluding listed members.

Parameters
ranks (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type
Self

Free()

Free a group.

Return type
None

Get_rank()

Return the rank of this process in a group.

Return type
int

Get_size()

Return the number of processes in a group.

Return type
int

Incl(*ranks*)

Create a new group by including listed members.

Parameters
ranks (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type
Self

classmethod Intersection(*group1*, *group2*)

Create a new group from the intersection of two existing groups.

Parameters

- **group1** (Group)
- **group2** (Group)

Return type
Self

Range_excl(*ranks*)

Create a new group by excluding ranges of members.

Parameters
ranks (*Sequence[tuple[int, int, int]]*)

Return type
Self

Range_incl(*ranks*)

Create a new group by including ranges of members.

Parameters
ranks (*Sequence[tuple[int, int, int]]*)

Return type
Self

Translate_ranks(*ranks=None*, *group=None*)

Translate ranks in a group to those in another group.

Parameters

- **ranks** (*Sequence[int] | None*)
- **group** (Group | *None*)

Return type
list[int]

classmethod Union(*group1*, *group2*)

Create a new group from the union of two existing groups.

Parameters

- **group1** (Group)
- **group2** (Group)

Return type
Self

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Group

free()

Call *Free* if not null or predefined.

Return type
None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Group

classmethod fromint(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Group

py2f()

Return type
int

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

rank

Rank of this process.

size

Number of processes.

mpi4py.MPI.InPlaceType

class mpi4py.MPI.**InPlaceType**

Bases: object

Type of *IN_PLACE*.

static __new__(*cls*)

Return type
Self

mpi4py.MPI.Info

class mpi4py.MPI.**Info**

Bases: object

Info object.

static __new__(*cls*, *info=None*)

Parameters
info (Info | None)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Create([items])	Create a new info object.
Create_env([args])	Create a new environment info object.
Delete(key)	Remove a (key, value) pair from info.

continues on next page

Table 36 – continued from previous page

Dup()	Duplicate an existing info object.
Free()	Free an info object.
Get(key)	Retrieve the value associated with a key.
Get_nkeys()	Return the number of currently defined keys in info.
Get_nthkey(n)	Return the *n*-th defined key in info.
Set(key, value)	Store a value associated with a key.
clear()	Clear contents.
copy()	Copy contents.
f2py(arg)	
free()	Call *Free* if not null or predefined.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
get(key[, default])	Retrieve value by key.
items()	Return list of items.
keys()	Return list of keys.
pop(key, *default)	Pop value by key.
popitem()	Pop first item.
py2f()	
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.
update([items])	Update contents.
values()	Return list of values.

Attributes Summary

handle	MPI handle.

Methods Documentation

classmethod Create(*items=None*)

Create a new info object.

Parameters
items (*Info | Mapping[str, str] | Iterable[tuple[str, str]] | None*)

Return type
Self

classmethod Create_env(*args=None*)

Create a new environment info object.

Parameters
args (*Sequence[str] | None*)

Return type
Self

Delete(*key*)

Remove a (key, value) pair from info.

Parameters
key (*str*)

Return type
None

`Dup`()

Duplicate an existing info object.

Return type
Self

`Free`()

Free an info object.

Return type
None

`Get`(*key*)

Retrieve the value associated with a key.

Parameters
key (*str*)

Return type
str | None

`Get_nkeys`()

Return the number of currently defined keys in info.

Return type
int

`Get_nthkey`(*n*)

Return the *n*-th defined key in info.

Parameters
n (*int*)

Return type
str

`Set`(*key*, *value*)

Store a value associated with a key.

Parameters

- **key** (*str*)
- **value** (*str*)

Return type
None

`clear`()

Clear contents.

Return type
None

`copy`()

Copy contents.

Return type
Self

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Info

free()

Call *Free* if not null or predefined.

Return type
None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Info

classmethod fromint(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Info

get(*key*, *default=None*)

Retrieve value by key.

Parameters

- **key** (*str*)
- **default** (*str | None*)

Return type
str | None

items()

Return list of items.

Return type
list[tuple[str, str]]

keys()

Return list of keys.

Return type
list[str]

pop(*key*, **default*)

Pop value by key.

Parameters

- **key** (*str*)
- **default** (*str*)

Return type
str

popitem()

Pop first item.

Return type
tuple[str, str]

py2f()

Return type
int

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

update(*items=()*, ***kwds*)

Update contents.

Parameters

- **items** (*Info | Mapping[str, str] | Iterable[tuple[str, str]]*)
- **kwds** (*str*)

Return type
None

values()

Return list of values.

Return type
list[str]

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm

class mpi4py.MPI.**Intercomm**

Bases: *Comm*

Intercommunicator.

static __new__(*cls*, *comm=None*)

Parameters
comm (*Intercomm | None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Create_from_groups(local_group, ...[, ...])	Create communicator from group.
Get_remote_group()	Access the remote group associated with the inter-communicator.
Get_remote_size()	Intercommunicator remote size.
Merge([high])	Merge intercommunicator into an intracommunicator.

Attributes Summary

remote_group	Remote group.
remote_size	Number of remote processes.

Methods Documentation

classmethod Create_from_groups(*local_group*, *local_leader*, *remote_group*, *remote_leader*, *stringtag='org.mpi4py'*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *errhandler=None*)

Create communicator from group.

Parameters

- **local_group** (Group)
- **local_leader** (*int*)
- **remote_group** (Group)
- **remote_leader** (*int*)
- **stringtag** (*str*)
- **info** (Info)
- **errhandler** (Errhandler | *None*)

Return type
Intracomm

Get_remote_group()

Access the remote group associated with the inter-communicator.

Return type
Group

Get_remote_size()

Intercommunicator remote size.

Return type
int

Merge(*high=False*)

Merge intercommunicator into an intracommunicator.

Parameters
high (*bool*)

Return type
Intracomm

Attributes Documentation

remote_group

Remote group.

remote_size

Number of remote processes.

mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm

class mpi4py.MPI.**Intracomm**

Bases: *Comm*

Intracommunicator.

static __new__(*cls*, *comm=None*)

Parameters
comm (Intracomm | *None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Accept(port_name[, info, root])	Accept a request to form a new intercommunicator.
Cart_map(dims[, periods])	Determine optimal process placement on a Cartesian topology.
Connect(port_name[, info, root])	Make a request to form a new intercommunicator.
Create_cart(dims[, periods, reorder])	Create cartesian communicator.
Create_dist_graph(sources, degrees, destinations)	Create distributed graph communicator.
Create_dist_graph_adjacent(sources, destinations)	Create distributed graph communicator.
Create_from_group(group[, stringtag, info, ...])	Create communicator from group.
Create_graph(index, edges[, reorder])	Create graph communicator.
Create_group(group[, tag])	Create communicator from group.
Create_intercomm(local_leader, peer_comm, ...)	Create intercommunicator.
Exscan(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Exclusive Scan.
Exscan_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, info])	Persistent Exclusive Scan.
Graph_map(index, edges)	Determine optimal process placement on a graph topology.
Iexscan(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Inclusive Scan.
Iscan(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Inclusive Scan.
Scan(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op])	Inclusive Scan.
Scan_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, info])	Persistent Inclusive Scan.
Spawn(command[, args, maxprocs, info, root, ...])	Spawn instances of a single MPI application.
Spawn_multiple(command[, args, maxprocs, ...])	Spawn instances of multiple MPI applications.
exscan(sendobj[, op])	Exclusive Scan.
scan(sendobj[, op])	Inclusive Scan.

Methods Documentation

Accept(*port_name*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *root=0*)

Accept a request to form a new intercommunicator.

Parameters

- **port_name** (*str*)
- **info** (Info)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Intercomm

Cart_map(*dims*, *periods=None*)

Determine optimal process placement on a Cartesian topology.

Parameters

- **dims** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **periods** (*Sequence[bool] | None*)

Return type
int

Connect(*port_name*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *root=0*)

Make a request to form a new intercommunicator.

Parameters

- **port_name** (*str*)
- **info** (Info)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Intercomm

Create_cart(*dims*, *periods=None*, *reorder=False*)

Create cartesian communicator.

Parameters

- **dims** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **periods** (*Sequence[bool] | None*)
- **reorder** (*bool*)

Return type
Cartcomm

Create_dist_graph(*sources*, *degrees*, *destinations*, *weights=None*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *reorder=False*)

Create distributed graph communicator.

Parameters

- **sources** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **degrees** (*Sequence[int]*)

- **destinations** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **weights** (*Sequence[int] | None*)
- **info** (Info)
- **reorder** (*bool*)

Return type
Distgraphcomm

Create_dist_graph_adjacent(*sources*, *destinations*, *sourceweights=None*, *destweights=None*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *reorder=False*)

Create distributed graph communicator.

Parameters

- **sources** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **destinations** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **sourceweights** (*Sequence[int] | None*)
- **destweights** (*Sequence[int] | None*)
- **info** (Info)
- **reorder** (*bool*)

Return type
Distgraphcomm

classmethod Create_from_group(*group*, *stringtag='org.mpi4py'*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *errhandler=None*)

Create communicator from group.

Parameters

- **group** (Group)
- **stringtag** (*str*)
- **info** (Info)
- **errhandler** (Errhandler | *None*)

Return type
Intracomm

Create_graph(*index*, *edges*, *reorder=False*)

Create graph communicator.

Parameters

- **index** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **edges** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **reorder** (*bool*)

Return type
Graphcomm

Create_group(*group*, *tag=0*)

Create communicator from group.

Parameters

- **group** (Group)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Intracomm

Create_intercomm(*local_leader*, *peer_comm*, *remote_leader*, *tag=0*)

Create intercommunicator.

Parameters

- **local_leader** (*int*)
- **peer_comm** (Intracomm)
- **remote_leader** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Intercomm

Exscan(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Exclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
None

Exscan_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Exclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Graph_map(*index*, *edges*)

Determine optimal process placement on a graph topology.

Parameters

- **index** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **edges** (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type
int

Iexscan(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Inclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
Request

Iscan(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Inclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
Request

Scan(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Inclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
None

Scan_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Inclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Spawn(*command*, *args=None*, *maxprocs=1*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *root=0*, *errcodes=None*)

Spawn instances of a single MPI application.

Parameters

- **command** (*PathLike | str | bytes*)
- **args** (*Sequence[str] | None*)

- **maxprocs** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)
- **root** (*int*)
- **errcodes** (*list[int] | None*)

Return type
Intercomm

Spawn_multiple(*command*, *args=None*, *maxprocs=None*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *root=0*, *errcodes=None*)

Spawn instances of multiple MPI applications.

Parameters

- **command** (*Sequence[PathLike | str | bytes]*)
- **args** (*Sequence[Sequence[str]] | None*)
- **maxprocs** (*Sequence[int] | None*)
- **info** (*Sequence[Info] | Info*)
- **root** (*int*)
- **errcodes** (*list[list[int]] | None*)

Return type
Intercomm

exscan(*sendobj*, *op=SUM*)

Exclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **op** (*Op | Callable[[Any, Any], Any]*)

Return type
Any

scan(*sendobj*, *op=SUM*)

Inclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **op** (*Op | Callable[[Any, Any], Any]*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.Message

class mpi4py.MPI.**Message**

Bases: object

Matched message.

static __new__(*cls*, *message=None*)

Parameters
message (*Message | None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Iprobe(comm[, source, tag, status])	Nonblocking test for a matched message.
Irecv(buf)	Nonblocking receive of matched message.
Probe(comm[, source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a matched message.
Recv(buf[, status])	Blocking receive of matched message.
f2py(arg)	
free()	Do nothing.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
iprobe(comm[, source, tag, status])	Nonblocking test for a matched message.
irecv()	Nonblocking receive of matched message.
probe(comm[, source, tag, status])	Blocking test for a matched message.
py2f()	
recv([status])	Blocking receive of matched message.
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.

Attributes Summary

handle	MPI handle.

Methods Documentation

classmethod Iprobe(*comm*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **comm** (Comm)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Self | None

Irecv(*buf*)

Nonblocking receive of matched message.

Parameters
buf (BufSpec)

Return type
Request

classmethod Probe(*comm*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **comm** (Comm)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Self

Recv(*buf*, *status=None*)

Blocking receive of matched message.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
None

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Message

free()

Do nothing.

Return type
None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Message

classmethod fromint(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Message

classmethod iprobe(*comm*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **comm** (Comm)
- **source** (*int*)

- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Self | None

irecv()

Nonblocking receive of matched message.

Return type
Request

classmethod probe(*comm*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **comm** (Comm)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
Self

py2f()

Return type
int

recv(*status=None*)

Blocking receive of matched message.

Parameters
status (Status | *None*)

Return type
Any

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

mpi4py.MPI.Op

class mpi4py.MPI.**Op**

Bases: object

Reduction operation.

static __new__(*cls*, *op=None*)

Parameters
op (*Op | None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Create(function[, commute])	Create a user-defined reduction operation.
Free()	Free a user-defined reduction operation.
Is_commutative()	Query reduction operations for their commutativity.
Reduce_local(inbuf, inoutbuf)	Apply a reduction operation to local data.
f2py(arg)	
free()	Call *Free* if not null or predefined.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
py2f()	
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.

Attributes Summary

handle	MPI handle.
is_commutative	Is a commutative operation.
is_predefined	Is a predefined operation.

Methods Documentation

classmethod Create(*function*, *commute=False*)

Create a user-defined reduction operation.

Parameters

- **function** (*Callable[[Buffer, Buffer, Datatype], None]*)
- **commute** (*bool*)

Return type
Self

Free()

Free a user-defined reduction operation.

Return type
None

Is_commutative()

Query reduction operations for their commutativity.

Return type
bool

Reduce_local(*inbuf*, *inoutbuf*)

Apply a reduction operation to local data.

Parameters

- **inbuf** (BufSpec)
- **inoutbuf** (BufSpec)

Return type
None

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Op

free()

Call *Free* if not null or predefined.

Return type
None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Op

classmethod fromint(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Op

py2f()

Return type
int

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

is_commutative

Is a commutative operation.

is_predefined

Is a predefined operation.

mpi4py.MPI.Pickle

class mpi4py.MPI.**Pickle**

Bases: object

Pickle/unpickle Python objects.

static __new__(*cls*, *pickle=None*)

Parameters
pickle (Pickle | None)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

dumps(obj)	Serialize object to pickle data stream.
dumps_oob(obj)	Serialize object to pickle data stream and out-of-band buffers.
loads(data)	Deserialize object from pickle data stream.
loads_oob(data, buffers)	Deserialize object from pickle data stream and out-of-band buffers.

Attributes Summary

PROTOCOL	Protocol version.
THRESHOLD	Out-of-band threshold.

Methods Documentation

dumps(*obj*)

Serialize object to pickle data stream.

Parameters
obj (*Any*)

Return type
bytes

dumps_oob(*obj*)

Serialize object to pickle data stream and out-of-band buffers.

Parameters
obj (*Any*)

Return type
tuple[bytes, list[buffer]]

loads(*data*)

Deserialize object from pickle data stream.

Parameters
data (Buffer)

Return type
Any

loads_oob(*data*, *buffers*)

Deserialize object from pickle data stream and out-of-band buffers.

Parameters

- **data** (Buffer)
- **buffers** (*Iterable*[Buffer])

Return type
Any

Attributes Documentation

PROTOCOL

Protocol version.

THRESHOLD

Out-of-band threshold.

mpi4py.MPI.Prequest

class mpi4py.MPI.**Prequest**

Bases: *Request*

Persistent request handler.

static __new__(*cls*, *request=None*)

Parameters
request (Prequest | *None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Parrived(partition)	Test partial completion of a partitioned receive operation.
Pready(partition)	Mark a given partition as ready.
Pready_list(partitions)	Mark a sequence of partitions as ready.
Pready_range(partition_low, partition_high)	Mark a range of partitions as ready.
Start()	Initiate a communication with a persistent request.
Startall(requests)	Start a collection of persistent requests.

Methods Documentation

Parrived(*partition*)

Test partial completion of a partitioned receive operation.

Parameters
partition (*int*)

Return type
bool

`Pready`(*partition*)

Mark a given partition as ready.

Parameters
partition (*int*)

Return type
None

`Pready_list`(*partitions*)

Mark a sequence of partitions as ready.

Parameters
partitions (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type
None

`Pready_range`(*partition_low*, *partition_high*)

Mark a range of partitions as ready.

Parameters

- **partition_low** (*int*)
- **partition_high** (*int*)

Return type
None

`Start`()

Initiate a communication with a persistent request.

Return type
None

`classmethod Startall`(*requests*)

Start a collection of persistent requests.

Parameters
requests (*list[Request]*)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Request

`class mpi4py.MPI.Request`

Bases: `object`

Request handler.

`static __new__`(*cls*, *request=None*)

Parameters
request (*Request | None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Cancel()	Cancel a request.
Free()	Free a communication request.
Get_status([status])	Non-destructive test for the completion of a request.
Get_status_all(requests[, statuses])	Non-destructive test for the completion of all requests.
Get_status_any(requests[, status])	Non-destructive test for the completion of any requests.
Get_status_some(requests[, statuses])	Non-destructive test for completion of some requests.
Test([status])	Test for the completion of a non-blocking operation.
Testall(requests[, statuses])	Test for completion of all previously initiated requests.
Testany(requests[, status])	Test for completion of any previously initiated request.
Testsome(requests[, statuses])	Test for completion of some previously initiated requests.
Wait([status])	Wait for a non-blocking operation to complete.
Waitall(requests[, statuses])	Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete.
Waitany(requests[, status])	Wait for any previously initiated request to complete.
Waitsome(requests[, statuses])	Wait for some previously initiated requests to complete.
cancel()	Cancel a request.
f2py(arg)	
free()	Call *Free* if not null.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
get_status([status])	Non-destructive test for the completion of a request.
get_status_all(requests[, statuses])	Non-destructive test for the completion of all requests.
get_status_any(requests[, status])	Non-destructive test for the completion of any requests.
get_status_some(requests[, statuses])	Non-destructive test for completion of some requests.
py2f()	
test([status])	Test for the completion of a non-blocking operation.
testall(requests[, statuses])	Test for completion of all previously initiated requests.
testany(requests[, status])	Test for completion of any previously initiated request.
testsome(requests[, statuses])	Test for completion of some previously initiated requests.
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.
wait([status])	Wait for a non-blocking operation to complete.
waitall(requests[, statuses])	Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete.
waitany(requests[, status])	Wait for any previously initiated request to complete.
waitsome(requests[, statuses])	Wait for some previously initiated requests to complete.

Attributes Summary

handle	MPI handle.

Methods Documentation

Cancel()

Cancel a request.

Return type
None

Free()

Free a communication request.

Return type
None

Get_status(*status=None*)

Non-destructive test for the completion of a request.

Parameters
status (*Status | None*)

Return type
bool

classmethod Get_status_all(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Non-destructive test for the completion of all requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **statuses** (*list[Status] | None*)

Return type
bool

classmethod Get_status_any(*requests*, *status=None*)

Non-destructive test for the completion of any requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **status** (*Status | None*)

Return type
tuple[int, bool]

classmethod Get_status_some(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Non-destructive test for completion of some requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **statuses** (*list[Status] | None*)

Return type
list[int] | None

Test(*status=None*)

Test for the completion of a non-blocking operation.

Parameters
status (Status | None)

Return type
bool

classmethod Testall(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Test for completion of all previously initiated requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[Request])
- **statuses** (*list*[Status] | None)

Return type
bool

classmethod Testany(*requests*, *status=None*)

Test for completion of any previously initiated request.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[Request])
- **status** (Status | None)

Return type
tuple[int, bool]

classmethod Testsome(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Test for completion of some previously initiated requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[Request])
- **statuses** (*list*[Status] | None)

Return type
list[int] | None

Wait(*status=None*)

Wait for a non-blocking operation to complete.

Parameters
status (Status | None)

Return type
Literal[True]

classmethod Waitall(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[Request])
- **statuses** (*list*[Status] | None)

Return type
Literal[True]

classmethod **Waitany**(*requests*, *status=None*)

Wait for any previously initiated request to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **status** (*Status | None*)

Return type
int

classmethod **Waitsome**(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Wait for some previously initiated requests to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **statuses** (*list[Status] | None*)

Return type
list[int] | None

cancel()

Cancel a request.

Return type
None

classmethod **f2py**(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Request

free()

Call *Free* if not null.

Return type
None

classmethod **fromhandle**(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Request

classmethod **fromint**(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Request

get_status(*status=None*)

Non-destructive test for the completion of a request.

Parameters
status (Status | *None*)

Return type
bool

classmethod get_status_all(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Non-destructive test for the completion of all requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **statuses** (*list[Status] | None*)

Return type
bool

classmethod get_status_any(*requests*, *status=None*)

Non-destructive test for the completion of any requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **status** (Status | *None*)

Return type
tuple[int, bool]

classmethod get_status_some(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Non-destructive test for completion of some requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **statuses** (*list[Status] | None*)

Return type
list[int] | None

py2f()

Return type
int

test(*status=None*)

Test for the completion of a non-blocking operation.

Parameters
status (Status | *None*)

Return type
tuple[bool, *Any* | None]

classmethod testall(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Test for completion of all previously initiated requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)

- **statuses** (*list[Status] | None*)

Return type
tuple[bool, list[*Any*] | None]

classmethod testany(*requests*, *status=None*)

Test for completion of any previously initiated request.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **status** (*Status | None*)

Return type
tuple[int, bool, *Any* | None]

classmethod testsome(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Test for completion of some previously initiated requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **statuses** (*list[Status] | None*)

Return type
tuple[list[int] | None, list[*Any*] | None]

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

wait(*status=None*)

Wait for a non-blocking operation to complete.

Parameters
status (*Status | None*)

Return type
Any

classmethod waitall(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **statuses** (*list[Status] | None*)

Return type
list[*Any*]

classmethod waitany(*requests*, *status=None*)

Wait for any previously initiated request to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **status** (*Status | None*)

Return type
tuple[int, *Any*]

classmethod waitsome(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Wait for some previously initiated requests to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence[Request]*)
- **statuses** (*list[Status] | None*)

Return type
tuple[list[int] | None, list[*Any*] | None]

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

mpi4py.MPI.Session

class mpi4py.MPI.**Session**

Bases: object

Session context.

static __new__(*cls*, *session=None*)

Parameters
session (Session | *None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Attach_buffer(buf)	Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode.
Call_errhandler(errorcode)	Call the error handler installed on a session.
Create_errhandler(errhandler_fn)	Create a new error handler for sessions.
Create_group(pset_name)	Create a new group from session and process set.
Detach_buffer()	Remove an existing attached buffer.
Finalize()	Finalize a session.
Flush_buffer()	Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted.
Get_errhandler()	Get the error handler for a session.
Get_info()	Return the current hints for a session.
Get_nth_pset(n[, info])	Name of the *n*-th process set.
Get_num_psets([info])	Number of available process sets.
Get_pset_info(pset_name)	Return the current hints for a session and process set.
Iflush_buffer()	Nonblocking flush for buffered messages.
Init([info, errhandler])	Create a new session.
Set_errhandler(errhandler)	Set the error handler for a session.
f2py(arg)	

continues on next page

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free()	Call *Finalize* if not null.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
py2f()	
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.

Attributes Summary

handle	MPI handle.

Methods Documentation

Attach_buffer(*buf*)

Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode.

Parameters
buf (*Buffer | None*)

Return type
None

Call_errhandler(*errorcode*)

Call the error handler installed on a session.

Parameters
errorcode (*int*)

Return type
None

classmethod Create_errhandler(*errhandler_fn*)

Create a new error handler for sessions.

Parameters
errhandler_fn (*Callable[[Session, int], None]*)

Return type
Errhandler

Create_group(*pset_name*)

Create a new group from session and process set.

Parameters
pset_name (*str*)

Return type
Group

Detach_buffer()

Remove an existing attached buffer.

Return type
Buffer | None

Finalize()

Finalize a session.

Return type
None

Flush_buffer()

Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted.

Return type
None

Get_errhandler()

Get the error handler for a session.

Return type
Errhandler

Get_info()

Return the current hints for a session.

Return type
Info

Get_nth_pset(*n*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Name of the *n*-th process set.

Parameters

- **n** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
str

Get_num_psets(*info=INFO_NULL*)

Number of available process sets.

Parameters
info (Info)

Return type
int

Get_pset_info(*pset_name*)

Return the current hints for a session and process set.

Parameters
pset_name (*str*)

Return type
Info

Iflush_buffer()

Nonblocking flush for buffered messages.

Return type
Request

classmethod Init(*info=INFO_NULL*, *errhandler=None*)

Create a new session.

Parameters

- **info** (Info)
- **errhandler** (Errhandler | *None*)

Return type
Self

Set_errhandler(*errhandler*)

Set the error handler for a session.

Parameters
errhandler (Errhandler)

Return type
None

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Session

free()

Call *Finalize* if not null.

Return type
None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Session

classmethod fromint(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Session

py2f()

Return type
int

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

mpi4py.MPI.Status

class mpi4py.MPI.**Status**

Bases: object

Status object.

static __new__(*cls*, *status=None*)

Parameters
status (Status | None)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Get_count([datatype])	Get the number of *top level* elements.
Get_elements(datatype)	Get the number of basic elements in a datatype.
Get_error()	Get message error.
Get_source()	Get message source.
Get_tag()	Get message tag.
Is_cancelled()	Test to see if a request was cancelled.
Set_cancelled(flag)	Set the cancelled state associated with a status.
Set_elements(datatype, count)	Set the number of elements in a status.
Set_error(error)	Set message error.
Set_source(source)	Set message source.
Set_tag(tag)	Set message tag.
f2py(arg)	
py2f()	
tomemory()	Return status memory view.

Attributes Summary

cancelled	Cancelled state.
count	Byte count.
error	Message error.
source	Message source.
tag	Message tag.

Methods Documentation

Get_count(*datatype=BYTE*)

Get the number of *top level* elements.

Parameters
datatype (Datatype)

Return type
int

`Get_elements`(*datatype*)

Get the number of basic elements in a datatype.

Parameters
datatype (Datatype)

Return type
int

`Get_error`()

Get message error.

Return type
int

`Get_source`()

Get message source.

Return type
int

`Get_tag`()

Get message tag.

Return type
int

`Is_cancelled`()

Test to see if a request was cancelled.

Return type
bool

`Set_cancelled`(*flag*)

Set the cancelled state associated with a status.

Note

This method should be used only when implementing query callback functions for generalized requests.

Parameters
flag (*bool*)

Return type
None

`Set_elements`(*datatype*, *count*)

Set the number of elements in a status.

Note

This method should be only used when implementing query callback functions for generalized requests.

Parameters

- **datatype** (Datatype)
- **count** (*int*)

Return type
None

Set_error(*error*)

Set message error.

Parameters
error (*int*)

Return type
None

Set_source(*source*)

Set message source.

Parameters
source (*int*)

Return type
None

Set_tag(*tag*)

Set message tag.

Parameters
tag (*int*)

Return type
None

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*list[int]*)

Return type
Self

py2f()

Return type
list[int]

tomemory()

Return status memory view.

Return type
memoryview

Attributes Documentation

cancelled

Cancelled state.

count

Byte count.

error

Message error.

source

Message source.

tag

Message tag.

mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm

class mpi4py.MPI.**Topocomm**

Bases: *Intracomm*

Topology intracommunicator.

static __new__(*cls*, *comm=None*)

Parameters
comm (Topocomm | None)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Ineighbor_allgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All.
Ineighbor_allgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All Vector.
Ineighbor_alltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Neighbor All to All.
Ineighbor_alltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Neighbor All to All Vector.
Ineighbor_alltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Nonblocking Neighbor All to All General.
Neighbor_allgather(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Neighbor Gather to All.
Neighbor_allgather_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, info])	Persistent Neighbor Gather to All.
Neighbor_allgatherv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Neighbor Gather to All Vector.
Neighbor_allgatherv_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, ...])	Persistent Neighbor Gather to All Vector.
Neighbor_alltoall(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Neighbor All to All.
Neighbor_alltoall_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, info])	Persistent Neighbor All to All.
Neighbor_alltoallv(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Neighbor All to All Vector.
Neighbor_alltoallv_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, info])	Persistent Neighbor All to All Vector.
Neighbor_alltoallw(sendbuf, recvbuf)	Neighbor All to All General.
Neighbor_alltoallw_init(sendbuf, recvbuf[, info])	Persistent Neighbor All to All General.
neighbor_allgather(sendobj)	Neighbor Gather to All.
neighbor_alltoall(sendobj)	Neighbor All to All.

Attributes Summary

degrees	Number of incoming and outgoing neighbors.
indegree	Number of incoming neighbors.

continues on next page

Table 55 – continued from previous page

inedges	Incoming neighbors.
inoutedges	Incoming and outgoing neighbors.
outdegree	Number of outgoing neighbors.
outedges	Outgoing neighbors.

Methods Documentation

Ineighbor_allgather(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type
Request

Ineighbor_allgatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type
Request

Ineighbor_alltoall(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Neighbor All to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type
Request

Ineighbor_alltoallv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Neighbor All to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type
Request

Ineighbor_alltoallw(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Neighbor All to All General.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecW)

Return type
Request

Neighbor_allgather(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Neighbor Gather to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type
None

Neighbor_allgather_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Neighbor Gather to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Neighbor_allgatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Neighbor Gather to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type
None

Neighbor_allgatherv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Neighbor Gather to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Neighbor_alltoall(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Neighbor All to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type
None

Neighbor_alltoall_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Neighbor All to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Neighbor_alltoallv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Neighbor All to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type
None

Neighbor_alltoallv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Neighbor All to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

Neighbor_alltoallw(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Neighbor All to All General.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecW)

Return type
None

Neighbor_alltoallw_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Neighbor All to All General.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecW)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
Prequest

neighbor_allgather(*sendobj*)

Neighbor Gather to All.

Parameters
sendobj (*Any*)

Return type
list[*Any*]

neighbor_alltoall(*sendobj*)

Neighbor All to All.

Parameters
sendobj (*list[Any]*)

Return type
list[*Any*]

Attributes Documentation

degrees

Number of incoming and outgoing neighbors.

indegree

Number of incoming neighbors.

inedges

Incoming neighbors.

inoutedges

Incoming and outgoing neighbors.

outdegree

Number of outgoing neighbors.

outedges

Outgoing neighbors.

mpi4py.MPI.Win

class mpi4py.MPI.**Win**

Bases: object

Remote memory access context.

static __new__(*cls*, *win=None*)

Parameters
win (*Win | None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

Accumulate(origin, target_rank[, target, op])	Accumulate data into the target process.

continues on next page

Table 56 – continued from previous page

Allocate(size[, disp_unit, info, comm])	Create an window object for one-sided communication.
Allocate_shared(size[, disp_unit, info, comm])	Create an window object for one-sided communication.
Attach(memory)	Attach a local memory region.
Call_errhandler(errorcode)	Call the error handler installed on a window.
Compare_and_swap(origin, compare, result, ...)	Perform one-sided atomic compare-and-swap.
Complete()	Complete an RMA operation begun after an *Start*.
Create(memory[, disp_unit, info, comm])	Create an window object for one-sided communication.
Create_dynamic([info, comm])	Create an window object for one-sided communication.
Create_errhandler(errhandler_fn)	Create a new error handler for windows.
Create_keyval([copy_fn, delete_fn, nopython])	Create a new attribute key for windows.
Delete_attr(keyval)	Delete attribute value associated with a key.
Detach(memory)	Detach a local memory region.
Fence([assertion])	Perform an MPI fence synchronization on a window.
Fetch_and_op(origin, result, target_rank[, ...])	Perform one-sided read-modify-write.
Flush(rank)	Complete all outstanding RMA operations at a target.
Flush_all()	Complete all outstanding RMA operations at all targets.
Flush_local(rank)	Complete locally all outstanding RMA operations at a target.
Flush_local_all()	Complete locally all outstanding RMA operations at all targets.
Free()	Free a window.
Free_keyval(keyval)	Free an attribute key for windows.
Get(origin, target_rank[, target])	Get data from a memory window on a remote process.
Get_accumulate(origin, result, target_rank)	Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process.
Get_attr(keyval)	Retrieve attribute value by key.
Get_errhandler()	Get the error handler for a window.
Get_group()	Access the group of processes that created the window.
Get_info()	Return the current hints for a window.
Get_name()	Get the print name for this window.
Lock(rank[, lock_type, assertion])	Begin an RMA access epoch at the target process.
Lock_all([assertion])	Begin an RMA access epoch at all processes.
Post(group[, assertion])	Start an RMA exposure epoch.
Put(origin, target_rank[, target])	Put data into a memory window on a remote process.
Raccumulate(origin, target_rank[, target, op])	Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process.
Rget(origin, target_rank[, target])	Get data from a memory window on a remote process.
Rget_accumulate(origin, result, target_rank)	Accumulate data into the target process using remote memory access.
Rput(origin, target_rank[, target])	Put data into a memory window on a remote process.
Set_attr(keyval, attrval)	Store attribute value associated with a key.
Set_errhandler(errhandler)	Set the error handler for a window.
Set_info(info)	Set new values for the hints associated with a window.
Set_name(name)	Set the print name for this window.
Shared_query(rank)	Query the process-local address for remote memory segments.
Start(group[, assertion])	Start an RMA access epoch for MPI.
Sync()	Synchronize public and private copies of the window.

continues on next page

Table 56 – continued from previous page

Test()	Test whether an RMA exposure epoch has completed.
Unlock(rank)	Complete an RMA access epoch at the target process.
Unlock_all()	Complete an RMA access epoch at all processes.
Wait()	Complete an RMA exposure epoch begun with *Post*.
f2py(arg)	
free()	Call *Free* if not null.
fromhandle(handle)	Create object from MPI handle.
fromint(arg, /)	Translate integer handle to object.
py2f()	
toint()	Translate object to integer handle.
tomemory()	Return window memory buffer.

Attributes Summary

attrs	Attributes.
flavor	Create flavor.
group	Group.
group_rank	Group rank.
group_size	Group size.
handle	MPI handle.
info	Info hints.
model	Memory model.
name	Print name.

Methods Documentation

Accumulate(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target=None*, *op=SUM*)

Accumulate data into the target process.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec | *None*)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
None

classmethod Allocate(*size*, *disp_unit=1*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *comm=COMM_SELF*)

Create an window object for one-sided communication.

Parameters

- **size** (*int*)
- **disp_unit** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)
- **comm** (Intracomm)

Return type
Self

classmethod Allocate_shared(*size*, *disp_unit=1*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *comm=COMM_SELF*)

Create an window object for one-sided communication.

Parameters

- **size** (*int*)
- **disp_unit** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)
- **comm** (Intracomm)

Return type
Self

Attach(*memory*)

Attach a local memory region.

Parameters
memory (Buffer)

Return type
None

Call_errhandler(*errorcode*)

Call the error handler installed on a window.

Parameters
errorcode (*int*)

Return type
None

Compare_and_swap(*origin*, *compare*, *result*, *target_rank*, *target_disp=0*)

Perform one-sided atomic compare-and-swap.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **compare** (BufSpec)
- **result** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target_disp** (*int*)

Return type
None

Complete()

Complete an RMA operation begun after an *Start*.

Return type
None

classmethod Create(*memory*, *disp_unit=1*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *comm=COMM_SELF*)

Create an window object for one-sided communication.

Parameters

- **memory** (Buffer | Bottom)
- **disp_unit** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)
- **comm** (Intracomm)

Return type
Self

classmethod Create_dynamic(*info=INFO_NULL*, *comm=COMM_SELF*)

Create an window object for one-sided communication.

Parameters

- **info** (Info)
- **comm** (Intracomm)

Return type
Self

classmethod Create_errhandler(*errhandler_fn*)

Create a new error handler for windows.

Parameters
errhandler_fn (*Callable[[Win, int], None]*)

Return type
Errhandler

classmethod Create_keyval(*copy_fn=None*, *delete_fn=None*, *nopython=False*)

Create a new attribute key for windows.

Parameters

- **copy_fn** (*Callable[[Win, int, Any], Any] | None*)
- **delete_fn** (*Callable[[Win, int, Any], None] | None*)
- **nopython** (*bool*)

Return type
int

Delete_attr(*keyval*)

Delete attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
None

Detach(*memory*)

Detach a local memory region.

Parameters
memory (Buffer)

Return type
None

Fence(*assertion=0*)

Perform an MPI fence synchronization on a window.

Parameters
assertion (*int*)

Return type
None

Fetch_and_op(*origin*, *result*, *target_rank*, *target_disp=0*, *op=SUM*)

Perform one-sided read-modify-write.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **result** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target_disp** (*int*)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
None

Flush(*rank*)

Complete all outstanding RMA operations at a target.

Parameters
rank (*int*)

Return type
None

Flush_all()

Complete all outstanding RMA operations at all targets.

Return type
None

Flush_local(*rank*)

Complete locally all outstanding RMA operations at a target.

Parameters
rank (*int*)

Return type
None

Flush_local_all()

Complete locally all outstanding RMA operations at all targets.

Return type
None

Free()

Free a window.

Return type
None

classmethod Free_keyval(*keyval*)

Free an attribute key for windows.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
int

Get(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target=None*)

Get data from a memory window on a remote process.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec | *None*)

Return type
None

Get_accumulate(*origin*, *result*, *target_rank*, *target=None*, *op=SUM*)

Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **result** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec | *None*)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
None

Get_attr(*keyval*)

Retrieve attribute value by key.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
int | *Any* | None

Get_errhandler()

Get the error handler for a window.

Return type
Errhandler

Get_group()

Access the group of processes that created the window.

Return type
Group

Get_info()

Return the current hints for a window.

Return type
Info

Get_name()

Get the print name for this window.

Return type
str

Lock(*rank*, *lock_type=LOCK_EXCLUSIVE*, *assertion=0*)

Begin an RMA access epoch at the target process.

Parameters

- **rank** (*int*)
- **lock_type** (*int*)
- **assertion** (*int*)

Return type
None

Lock_all(*assertion=0*)

Begin an RMA access epoch at all processes.

Parameters
assertion (*int*)

Return type
None

Post(*group*, *assertion=0*)

Start an RMA exposure epoch.

Parameters

- **group** (Group)
- **assertion** (*int*)

Return type
None

Put(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target=None*)

Put data into a memory window on a remote process.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec | *None*)

Return type
None

Raccumulate(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target=None*, *op=SUM*)

Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec | *None*)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
Request

Rget(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target=None*)

Get data from a memory window on a remote process.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec | *None*)

Return type
Request

Rget_accumulate(*origin*, *result*, *target_rank*, *target=None*, *op=SUM*)

Accumulate data into the target process using remote memory access.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **result** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec | *None*)
- **op** (Op)

Return type
Request

Rput(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target=None*)

Put data into a memory window on a remote process.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec | *None*)

Return type
Request

Set_attr(*keyval*, *attrval*)

Store attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters

- **keyval** (*int*)
- **attrval** (*Any*)

Return type
None

Set_errhandler(*errhandler*)

Set the error handler for a window.

Parameters
errhandler (Errhandler)

Return type
None

Set_info(*info*)

Set new values for the hints associated with a window.

Parameters
info (Info)

Return type
None

Set_name(*name*)

Set the print name for this window.

Parameters
name (*str*)

Return type
None

Shared_query(*rank*)

Query the process-local address for remote memory segments.

Parameters
rank (*int*)

Return type
tuple[buffer, int]

Start(*group*, *assertion=0*)

Start an RMA access epoch for MPI.

Parameters

- **group** (Group)
- **assertion** (*int*)

Return type
None

Sync()

Synchronize public and private copies of the window.

Return type
None

Test()

Test whether an RMA exposure epoch has completed.

Return type
bool

Unlock(*rank*)

Complete an RMA access epoch at the target process.

Parameters
rank (*int*)

Return type
None

Unlock_all()

Complete an RMA access epoch at all processes.

Return type
None

Wait()

Complete an RMA exposure epoch begun with *Post*.

Return type
Literal[True]

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Win

free()

Call *Free* if not null.

Return type
None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Win

classmethod fromint(*arg*, */*)

Translate integer handle to object.

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Win

py2f()

Return type
int

toint()

Translate object to integer handle.

Return type
int

tomemory()

Return window memory buffer.

Return type
buffer

Attributes Documentation

attrs

Attributes.

flavor

Create flavor.

group

Group.

group_rank

Group rank.

group_size

Group size.

handle

MPI handle.

info

Info hints.

model

Memory model.

name

Print name.

mpi4py.MPI.buffer

class mpi4py.MPI.**buffer**

Bases: object

Buffer.

static __new__(*cls*, *buf*, /)

Parameters
buf (Buffer)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

allocate(nbytes[, clear])	Buffer allocation.
cast(format[, shape])	Cast to a memoryview with new format or shape.
fromaddress(address, nbytes[, readonly])	Buffer from address and size in bytes.
frombuffer(obj[, readonly])	Buffer from buffer-like object.

continues on next page

Table 58 – continued from previous page

release()	Release the underlying buffer exposed by the buffer object.
tobytes([order])	Return the data in the buffer as a byte string.
toreadonly()	Return a readonly version of the buffer object.

Attributes Summary

address	Buffer address.
format	Format of each element.
itemsize	Size (in bytes) of each element.
nbytes	Buffer size (in bytes).
obj	Object exposing buffer.
readonly	Buffer is read-only.

Methods Documentation

static allocate(*nbytes*, *clear=False*)

Buffer allocation.

Parameters

- **nbytes** (*int*)
- **clear** (*bool*)

Return type
buffer

cast(*format*, *shape=Ellipsis*)

Cast to a memoryview with new format or shape.

Parameters

- **format** (*str*)
- **shape** (*list[int] | tuple[int, ...]*)

Return type
memoryview

static fromaddress(*address*, *nbytes*, *readonly=False*)

Buffer from address and size in bytes.

Parameters

- **address** (*int*)
- **nbytes** (*int*)
- **readonly** (*bool*)

Return type
buffer

static frombuffer(*obj*, *readonly=False*)

Buffer from buffer-like object.

Parameters

- **obj** (Buffer)
- **readonly** (*bool*)

Return type
buffer

release()

Release the underlying buffer exposed by the buffer object.

Return type
None

tobytes(*order=None*)

Return the data in the buffer as a byte string.

Parameters
order (*str | None*)

Return type
bytes

toreadonly()

Return a readonly version of the buffer object.

Return type
buffer

Attributes Documentation

address

Buffer address.

format

Format of each element.

itemsize

Size (in bytes) of each element.

nbytes

Buffer size (in bytes).

obj

Object exposing buffer.

readonly

Buffer is read-only.

mpi4py.MPI.memory

mpi4py.MPI.**memory**

alias of *buffer*

Exceptions

Exception	Exception class.

mpi4py.MPI.Exception

exception mpi4py.MPI.**Exception**

Bases: RuntimeError

Exception class.

__init__(*ierr=SUCCESS*, */*)

Parameters
ierr (*int*)

Return type
None

Methods Summary

Get_error_class()	Error class.
Get_error_code()	Error code.
Get_error_string()	Error string.

Attributes Summary

error_class	Error class.
error_code	Error code.
error_string	Error string.

Methods Documentation

Get_error_class()

Error class.

Return type
int

Get_error_code()

Error code.

Return type
int

Get_error_string()

Error string.

Return type
str

Attributes Documentation

error_class

Error class.

error_code

Error code.

error_string

Error string.

Functions

Add_error_class()	Add an *error class* to the known error classes.
Add_error_code(errorclass)	Add an *error code* to an *error class*.
Add_error_string(errorcode, string)	Associate an *error string* with an *error class* or *error code*.
Aint_add(base, disp)	Return the sum of base address and displacement.
Aint_diff(addr1, addr2)	Return the difference between absolute addresses.
Alloc_mem(size[, info])	Allocate memory for message passing and remote memory access.
Attach_buffer(buf)	Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode.
Close_port(port_name)	Close a port.
Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)	Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction.
Detach_buffer()	Remove an existing attached buffer.
Finalize()	Terminate the MPI execution environment.
Flush_buffer()	Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted.
Free_mem(mem)	Free memory allocated with *Alloc_mem*.
Get_abi_fortran_info()	Obtain information about the Fortran MPI ABI.
Get_abi_info()	Obtain information about the MPI ABI.
Get_abi_version()	Obtain the MPI ABI version number.
Get_address(location)	Get the address of a location in memory.
Get_error_class(errorcode)	Convert an *error code* into an *error class*.
Get_error_string(errorcode)	Return the *error string* for a given *error class* or *error code*.
Get_hw_resource_info()	Obtain information about the hardware platform of the calling processor.
Get_library_version()	Obtain the version string of the MPI library.
Get_processor_name()	Obtain the name of the calling processor.
Get_version()	Obtain the version number of the MPI standard.
Iflush_buffer()	Nonblocking flush for buffered messages.
Init()	Initialize the MPI execution environment.
Init_thread([required])	Initialize the MPI execution environment.
Is_finalized()	Indicate whether *Finalize* has completed.
Is_initialized()	Indicate whether *Init* has been called.
Is_thread_main()	Indicate whether this thread called *Init* or *Init_thread*.
Lookup_name(service_name[, info])	Lookup a port name given a service name.
Open_port([info])	Return an address used to connect group of processes.
Pcontrol(level)	Control profiling.
Publish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])	Publish a service name.
Query_thread()	Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library.
Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn, ...)	Register user-defined data representations.
Remove_error_class(errorclass)	Remove an *error class* from the known error classes.
Remove_error_code(errorcode)	Remove an *error code* from the known error codes.
Remove_error_string(errorcode)	Remove *error string* association from *error class* or *error code*.
Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])	Unpublish a service name.
Wtick()	Return the resolution of *Wtime*.
Wtime()	Return an elapsed time on the calling processor.

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Table 63 – continued from previous page

get_vendor()	Information about the underlying MPI implementation.

mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_class

mpi4py.MPI.**Add_error_class**()

Add an *error class* to the known error classes.

Return type
int

mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_code

mpi4py.MPI.**Add_error_code**(*errorclass*)

Add an *error code* to an *error class*.

Parameters
errorclass (*int*)

Return type
int

mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_string

mpi4py.MPI.**Add_error_string**(*errorcode*, *string*)

Associate an *error string* with an *error class* or *error code*.

Parameters

- **errorcode** (*int*)
- **string** (*str*)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Aint_add

mpi4py.MPI.**Aint_add**(*base*, *disp*)

Return the sum of base address and displacement.

Parameters

- **base** (*int*)
- **disp** (*int*)

Return type
int

mpi4py.MPI.Aint_diff

mpi4py.MPI.**Aint_diff**(*addr1*, *addr2*)

Return the difference between absolute addresses.

Parameters

- **addr1** (*int*)
- **addr2** (*int*)

Return type
int

mpi4py.MPI.Alloc_mem

mpi4py.MPI.**Alloc_mem**(*size*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Allocate memory for message passing and remote memory access.

Parameters

- **size** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
buffer

mpi4py.MPI.Attach_buffer

mpi4py.MPI.**Attach_buffer**(*buf*)

Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode.

Parameters
buf (Buffer | *None*)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Close_port

mpi4py.MPI.**Close_port**(*port_name*)

Close a port.

Parameters
port_name (*str*)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Compute_dims

mpi4py.MPI.**Compute_dims**(*nnodes*, *dims*)

Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction.

Parameters

- **nnodes** (*int*)
- **dims** (*int* | *Sequence[int]*)

Return type
list[int]

mpi4py.MPI.Detach_buffer

mpi4py.MPI.**Detach_buffer**()

Remove an existing attached buffer.

Return type
Buffer | None

mpi4py.MPI.Finalize

mpi4py.MPI.**Finalize**()

Terminate the MPI execution environment.

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Flush_buffer

mpi4py.MPI.**Flush_buffer**()

Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted.

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Free_mem

mpi4py.MPI.**Free_mem**(*mem*)

Free memory allocated with *Alloc_mem*.

Parameters
mem (buffer)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Get_abi_fortran_info

mpi4py.MPI.**Get_abi_fortran_info**()

Obtain information about the Fortran MPI ABI.

Return type
Info

mpi4py.MPI.Get_abi_info

mpi4py.MPI.**Get_abi_info**()

Obtain information about the MPI ABI.

Return type
Info

mpi4py.MPI.Get_abi_version

mpi4py.MPI.**Get_abi_version**()

Obtain the MPI ABI version number.

Return type
tuple[int, int]

mpi4py.MPI.Get_address

mpi4py.MPI.**Get_address**(*location*)

Get the address of a location in memory.

Parameters
location (Buffer | Bottom)

Return type
int

mpi4py.MPI.Get_error_class

mpi4py.MPI.**Get_error_class**(*errorcode*)

Convert an *error code* into an *error class*.

Parameters
errorcode (*int*)

Return type
int

mpi4py.MPI.Get_error_string

mpi4py.MPI.**Get_error_string**(*errorcode*)

Return the *error string* for a given *error class* or *error code*.

Parameters
errorcode (*int*)

Return type
str

mpi4py.MPI.Get_hw_resource_info

mpi4py.MPI.**Get_hw_resource_info**()

Obtain information about the hardware platform of the calling processor.

Return type
Info

mpi4py.MPI.Get_library_version

mpi4py.MPI.**Get_library_version**()

Obtain the version string of the MPI library.

Return type
str

mpi4py.MPI.Get_processor_name

mpi4py.MPI.**Get_processor_name**()

Obtain the name of the calling processor.

Return type
str

mpi4py.MPI.Get_version

mpi4py.MPI.**Get_version**()

Obtain the version number of the MPI standard.

Return type
tuple[int, int]

mpi4py.MPI.Iflush_buffer

mpi4py.MPI.**Iflush_buffer**()

Nonblocking flush for buffered messages.

Return type
Request

mpi4py.MPI.Init

mpi4py.MPI.**Init**()

Initialize the MPI execution environment.

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Init_thread

mpi4py.MPI.**Init_thread**(*required=THREAD_MULTIPLE*)

Initialize the MPI execution environment.

Parameters
required (*int*)

Return type
int

mpi4py.MPI.Is_finalized

mpi4py.MPI.**Is_finalized**()

Indicate whether *Finalize* has completed.

Return type
bool

mpi4py.MPI.Is_initialized

mpi4py.MPI.**Is_initialized**()

Indicate whether *Init* has been called.

Return type
bool

mpi4py.MPI.Is_thread_main

mpi4py.MPI.**Is_thread_main**()

Indicate whether this thread called *Init* or *Init_thread*.

Return type
bool

mpi4py.MPI.Lookup_name

mpi4py.MPI.**Lookup_name**(*service_name*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Lookup a port name given a service name.

Parameters

- **service_name** (*str*)

- **info** (Info)

Return type
str

mpi4py.MPI.Open_port

mpi4py.MPI.**Open_port**(*info=INFO_NULL*)

Return an address used to connect group of processes.

Parameters
info (Info)

Return type
str

mpi4py.MPI.Pcontrol

mpi4py.MPI.**Pcontrol**(*level*)

Control profiling.

Parameters
level (*int*)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Publish_name

mpi4py.MPI.**Publish_name**(*service_name*, *port_name*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Publish a service name.

Parameters

- **service_name** (*str*)
- **port_name** (*str*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Query_thread

mpi4py.MPI.**Query_thread**()

Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library.

Return type
int

mpi4py.MPI.Register_datarep

mpi4py.MPI.**Register_datarep**(*datarep*, *read_fn*, *write_fn*, *extent_fn*)

Register user-defined data representations.

Parameters

- **datarep** (*str*)
- **read_fn** (*Callable[[Buffer, Datatype, int, Buffer, int], None]*)

- **write_fn** (*Callable[[Buffer, Datatype, int, Buffer, int], None]*)
- **extent_fn** (*Callable[[Datatype], int]*)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Remove_error_class

mpi4py.MPI.**Remove_error_class**(*errorclass*)

Remove an *error class* from the known error classes.

Parameters
errorclass (*int*)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Remove_error_code

mpi4py.MPI.**Remove_error_code**(*errorcode*)

Remove an *error code* from the known error codes.

Parameters
errorcode (*int*)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Remove_error_string

mpi4py.MPI.**Remove_error_string**(*errorcode*)

Remove *error string* association from *error class* or *error code*.

Parameters
errorcode (*int*)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Unpublish_name

mpi4py.MPI.**Unpublish_name**(*service_name*, *port_name*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Unpublish a service name.

Parameters

- **service_name** (*str*)
- **port_name** (*str*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type
None

mpi4py.MPI.Wtick

mpi4py.MPI.**Wtick**()

Return the resolution of *Wtime*.

Return type
float

mpi4py.MPI.Wtime

mpi4py.MPI.**Wtime**()

Return an elapsed time on the calling processor.

Return type
float

mpi4py.MPI.get_vendor

mpi4py.MPI.**get_vendor**()

Information about the underlying MPI implementation.

Returns

- string with the name of the MPI implementation.
- integer 3-tuple version number `(major, minor, micro)`.

Return type
tuple[str, tuple[int, int, int]]

Attributes

UNDEFINED	Constant UNDEFINED of type int
ANY_SOURCE	Constant ANY_SOURCE of type int
ANY_TAG	Constant ANY_TAG of type int
PROC_NULL	Constant PROC_NULL of type int
ROOT	Constant ROOT of type int
KEYVAL_INVALID	Constant KEYVAL_INVALID of type int
TAG_UB	Constant TAG_UB of type int
IO	Constant IO of type int
WTIME_IS_GLOBAL	Constant WTIME_IS_GLOBAL of type int
UNIVERSE_SIZE	Constant UNIVERSE_SIZE of type int
APPNUM	Constant APPNUM of type int
LASTUSEDCODE	Constant LASTUSEDCODE of type int
WIN_BASE	Constant WIN_BASE of type int
WIN_SIZE	Constant WIN_SIZE of type int
WIN_DISP_UNIT	Constant WIN_DISP_UNIT of type int
WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR	Constant WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR of type int
WIN_FLAVOR	Constant WIN_FLAVOR of type int
WIN_MODEL	Constant WIN_MODEL of type int
SUCCESS	Constant SUCCESS of type int
ERR_LASTCODE	Constant ERR_LASTCODE of type int
ERR_ABI	Constant ERR_ABI of type int
ERR_TYPE	Constant ERR_TYPE of type int
ERR_REQUEST	Constant ERR_REQUEST of type int
ERR_OP	Constant ERR_OP of type int
ERR_GROUP	Constant ERR_GROUP of type int

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Table 64 – continued from previous page

ERR_INFO	Constant ERR_INFO of type int
ERR_ERRHANDLER	Constant ERR_ERRHANDLER of type int
ERR_SESSION	Constant ERR_SESSION of type int
ERR_COMM	Constant ERR_COMM of type int
ERR_WIN	Constant ERR_WIN of type int
ERR_FILE	Constant ERR_FILE of type int
ERR_BUFFER	Constant ERR_BUFFER of type int
ERR_COUNT	Constant ERR_COUNT of type int
ERR_TAG	Constant ERR_TAG of type int
ERR_RANK	Constant ERR_RANK of type int
ERR_ROOT	Constant ERR_ROOT of type int
ERR_TRUNCATE	Constant ERR_TRUNCATE of type int
ERR_IN_STATUS	Constant ERR_IN_STATUS of type int
ERR_PENDING	Constant ERR_PENDING of type int
ERR_TOPOLOGY	Constant ERR_TOPOLOGY of type int
ERR_DIMS	Constant ERR_DIMS of type int
ERR_ARG	Constant ERR_ARG of type int
ERR_OTHER	Constant ERR_OTHER of type int
ERR_UNKNOWN	Constant ERR_UNKNOWN of type int
ERR_INTERN	Constant ERR_INTERN of type int
ERR_KEYVAL	Constant ERR_KEYVAL of type int
ERR_NO_MEM	Constant ERR_NO_MEM of type int
ERR_INFO_KEY	Constant ERR_INFO_KEY of type int
ERR_INFO_VALUE	Constant ERR_INFO_VALUE of type int
ERR_INFO_NOKEY	Constant ERR_INFO_NOKEY of type int
ERR_SPAWN	Constant ERR_SPAWN of type int
ERR_PORT	Constant ERR_PORT of type int
ERR_SERVICE	Constant ERR_SERVICE of type int
ERR_NAME	Constant ERR_NAME of type int
ERR_PROC_ABORTED	Constant ERR_PROC_ABORTED of type int
ERR_BASE	Constant ERR_BASE of type int
ERR_SIZE	Constant ERR_SIZE of type int
ERR_DISP	Constant ERR_DISP of type int
ERR_ASSERT	Constant ERR_ASSERT of type int
ERR_LOCKTYPE	Constant ERR_LOCKTYPE of type int
ERR_RMA_CONFLICT	Constant ERR_RMA_CONFLICT of type int
ERR_RMA_SYNC	Constant ERR_RMA_SYNC of type int
ERR_RMA_RANGE	Constant ERR_RMA_RANGE of type int
ERR_RMA_ATTACH	Constant ERR_RMA_ATTACH of type int
ERR_RMA_SHARED	Constant ERR_RMA_SHARED of type int
ERR_RMA_FLAVOR	Constant ERR_RMA_FLAVOR of type int
ERR_BAD_FILE	Constant ERR_BAD_FILE of type int
ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE	Constant ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE of type int
ERR_FILE_EXISTS	Constant ERR_FILE_EXISTS of type int
ERR_FILE_IN_USE	Constant ERR_FILE_IN_USE of type int
ERR_AMODE	Constant ERR_AMODE of type int
ERR_ACCESS	Constant ERR_ACCESS of type int
ERR_READ_ONLY	Constant ERR_READ_ONLY of type int
ERR_NO_SPACE	Constant ERR_NO_SPACE of type int
ERR_QUOTA	Constant ERR_QUOTA of type int
ERR_NOT_SAME	Constant ERR_NOT_SAME of type int
ERR_IO	Constant ERR_IO of type int

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Table 64 – continued from previous page

ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION	Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION of type int
ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP	Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP of type int
ERR_CONVERSION	Constant ERR_CONVERSION of type int
ERR_DUP_DATAREP	Constant ERR_DUP_DATAREP of type int
ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE	Constant ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE of type int
ERR_REVOKED	Constant ERR_REVOKED of type int
ERR_PROC_FAILED	Constant ERR_PROC_FAILED of type int
ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING	Constant ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING of type int
ORDER_C	Constant ORDER_C of type int
ORDER_FORTRAN	Constant ORDER_FORTRAN of type int
ORDER_F	Constant ORDER_F of type int
TYPECLASS_LOGICAL	Constant TYPECLASS_LOGICAL of type int
TYPECLASS_INTEGER	Constant TYPECLASS_INTEGER of type int
TYPECLASS_REAL	Constant TYPECLASS_REAL of type int
TYPECLASS_COMPLEX	Constant TYPECLASS_COMPLEX of type int
DISTRIBUTE_NONE	Constant DISTRIBUTE_NONE of type int
DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK	Constant DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK of type int
DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC	Constant DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC of type int
DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG	Constant DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG of type int
COMBINER_NAMED	Constant COMBINER_NAMED of type int
COMBINER_DUP	Constant COMBINER_DUP of type int
COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS	Constant COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS of type int
COMBINER_VECTOR	Constant COMBINER_VECTOR of type int
COMBINER_HVECTOR	Constant COMBINER_HVECTOR of type int
COMBINER_INDEXED	Constant COMBINER_INDEXED of type int
COMBINER_HINDEXED	Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED of type int
COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK	Constant COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK of type int
COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK	Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK of type int
COMBINER_STRUCT	Constant COMBINER_STRUCT of type int
COMBINER_SUBARRAY	Constant COMBINER_SUBARRAY of type int
COMBINER_DARRAY	Constant COMBINER_DARRAY of type int
COMBINER_RESIZED	Constant COMBINER_RESIZED of type int
COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX	Constant COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX of type int
COMBINER_F90_INTEGER	Constant COMBINER_F90_INTEGER of type int
COMBINER_F90_REAL	Constant COMBINER_F90_REAL of type int
COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX	Constant COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX of type int
F_SOURCE	Constant F_SOURCE of type int
F_TAG	Constant F_TAG of type int
F_ERROR	Constant F_ERROR of type int
F_STATUS_SIZE	Constant F_STATUS_SIZE of type int
IDENT	Constant IDENT of type int
CONGRUENT	Constant CONGRUENT of type int
SIMILAR	Constant SIMILAR of type int
UNEQUAL	Constant UNEQUAL of type int
CART	Constant CART of type int
GRAPH	Constant GRAPH of type int
DIST_GRAPH	Constant DIST_GRAPH of type int
UNWEIGHTED	Constant UNWEIGHTED of type int
WEIGHTS_EMPTY	Constant WEIGHTS_EMPTY of type int
COMM_TYPE_SHARED	Constant COMM_TYPE_SHARED of type int
COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED	Constant COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED of type int
COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED	Constant COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED of type int

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Table 64 – continued from previous page

COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED	Constant COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED of type int
BSEND_OVERHEAD	Constant BSEND_OVERHEAD of type int
WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE	Constant WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE of type int
WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE	Constant WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE of type int
WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC	Constant WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC of type int
WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED	Constant WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED of type int
WIN_SEPARATE	Constant WIN_SEPARATE of type int
WIN_UNIFIED	Constant WIN_UNIFIED of type int
MODE_NOCHECK	Constant MODE_NOCHECK of type int
MODE_NOSTORE	Constant MODE_NOSTORE of type int
MODE_NOPUT	Constant MODE_NOPUT of type int
MODE_NOPRECEDE	Constant MODE_NOPRECEDE of type int
MODE_NOSUCCEED	Constant MODE_NOSUCCEED of type int
LOCK_EXCLUSIVE	Constant LOCK_EXCLUSIVE of type int
LOCK_SHARED	Constant LOCK_SHARED of type int
MODE_RDONLY	Constant MODE_RDONLY of type int
MODE_WRONLY	Constant MODE_WRONLY of type int
MODE_RDWR	Constant MODE_RDWR of type int
MODE_CREATE	Constant MODE_CREATE of type int
MODE_EXCL	Constant MODE_EXCL of type int
MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE	Constant MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE of type int
MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN	Constant MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN of type int
MODE_SEQUENTIAL	Constant MODE_SEQUENTIAL of type int
MODE_APPEND	Constant MODE_APPEND of type int
SEEK_SET	Constant SEEK_SET of type int
SEEK_CUR	Constant SEEK_CUR of type int
SEEK_END	Constant SEEK_END of type int
DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT	Constant DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT of type int
DISP_CUR	Constant DISP_CUR of type int
THREAD_SINGLE	Constant THREAD_SINGLE of type int
THREAD_FUNNELED	Constant THREAD_FUNNELED of type int
THREAD_SERIALIZED	Constant THREAD_SERIALIZED of type int
THREAD_MULTIPLE	Constant THREAD_MULTIPLE of type int
VERSION	Constant VERSION of type int
SUBVERSION	Constant SUBVERSION of type int
MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME	Constant MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME of type int
MAX_ERROR_STRING	Constant MAX_ERROR_STRING of type int
MAX_PORT_NAME	Constant MAX_PORT_NAME of type int
MAX_INFO_KEY	Constant MAX_INFO_KEY of type int
MAX_INFO_VAL	Constant MAX_INFO_VAL of type int
MAX_OBJECT_NAME	Constant MAX_OBJECT_NAME of type int
MAX_DATAREP_STRING	Constant MAX_DATAREP_STRING of type int
MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING	Constant MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING of type int
MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN	Constant MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN of type int
MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN	Constant MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN of type int
DATATYPE_NULL	Object DATATYPE_NULL of type *Datatype*
PACKED	Object PACKED of type *Datatype*
BYTE	Object BYTE of type *Datatype*
AINT	Object AINT of type *Datatype*
OFFSET	Object OFFSET of type *Datatype*
COUNT	Object COUNT of type *Datatype*
CHAR	Object CHAR of type *Datatype*

continues on next page

Table 64 – continued from previous page

WCHAR	Object WCHAR of type *Datatype*
SIGNED_CHAR	Object SIGNED_CHAR of type *Datatype*
SHORT	Object SHORT of type *Datatype*
INT	Object INT of type *Datatype*
LONG	Object LONG of type *Datatype*
LONG_LONG	Object LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED_CHAR	Object UNSIGNED_CHAR of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED_SHORT	Object UNSIGNED_SHORT of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED	Object UNSIGNED of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED_LONG	Object UNSIGNED_LONG of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG	Object UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*
FLOAT	Object FLOAT of type *Datatype*
DOUBLE	Object DOUBLE of type *Datatype*
LONG_DOUBLE	Object LONG_DOUBLE of type *Datatype*
C_BOOL	Object C_BOOL of type *Datatype*
INT8_T	Object INT8_T of type *Datatype*
INT16_T	Object INT16_T of type *Datatype*
INT32_T	Object INT32_T of type *Datatype*
INT64_T	Object INT64_T of type *Datatype*
UINT8_T	Object UINT8_T of type *Datatype*
UINT16_T	Object UINT16_T of type *Datatype*
UINT32_T	Object UINT32_T of type *Datatype*
UINT64_T	Object UINT64_T of type *Datatype*
FLOAT16_T	Object FLOAT16_T of type *Datatype*
FLOAT32_T	Object FLOAT32_T of type *Datatype*
FLOAT64_T	Object FLOAT64_T of type *Datatype*
BFLOAT16_T	Object BFLOAT16_T of type *Datatype*
C_COMPLEX	Object C_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
C_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Object C_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
CXX_BOOL	Object CXX_BOOL of type *Datatype*
CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Object CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
SHORT_INT	Object SHORT_INT of type *Datatype*
INT_INT	Object INT_INT of type *Datatype*
TWOINT	Object TWOINT of type *Datatype*
LONG_INT	Object LONG_INT of type *Datatype*
FLOAT_INT	Object FLOAT_INT of type *Datatype*
DOUBLE_INT	Object DOUBLE_INT of type *Datatype*
LONG_DOUBLE_INT	Object LONG_DOUBLE_INT of type *Datatype*
CHARACTER	Object CHARACTER of type *Datatype*
LOGICAL	Object LOGICAL of type *Datatype*
INTEGER	Object INTEGER of type *Datatype*
REAL	Object REAL of type *Datatype*
DOUBLE_PRECISION	Object DOUBLE_PRECISION of type *Datatype*
COMPLEX	Object COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
LOGICAL1	Object LOGICAL1 of type *Datatype*
LOGICAL2	Object LOGICAL2 of type *Datatype*
LOGICAL4	Object LOGICAL4 of type *Datatype*

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Table 64 – continued from previous page

LOGICAL8	Object LOGICAL8 of type *Datatype*
LOGICAL16	Object LOGICAL16 of type *Datatype*
INTEGER1	Object INTEGER1 of type *Datatype*
INTEGER2	Object INTEGER2 of type *Datatype*
INTEGER4	Object INTEGER4 of type *Datatype*
INTEGER8	Object INTEGER8 of type *Datatype*
INTEGER16	Object INTEGER16 of type *Datatype*
REAL2	Object REAL2 of type *Datatype*
REAL4	Object REAL4 of type *Datatype*
REAL8	Object REAL8 of type *Datatype*
REAL16	Object REAL16 of type *Datatype*
COMPLEX4	Object COMPLEX4 of type *Datatype*
COMPLEX8	Object COMPLEX8 of type *Datatype*
COMPLEX16	Object COMPLEX16 of type *Datatype*
COMPLEX32	Object COMPLEX32 of type *Datatype*
UNSIGNED_INT	Object UNSIGNED_INT of type *Datatype*
SIGNED_SHORT	Object SIGNED_SHORT of type *Datatype*
SIGNED_INT	Object SIGNED_INT of type *Datatype*
SIGNED_LONG	Object SIGNED_LONG of type *Datatype*
SIGNED_LONG_LONG	Object SIGNED_LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*
BOOL	Object BOOL of type *Datatype*
SINT8_T	Object SINT8_T of type *Datatype*
SINT16_T	Object SINT16_T of type *Datatype*
SINT32_T	Object SINT32_T of type *Datatype*
SINT64_T	Object SINT64_T of type *Datatype*
F_BOOL	Object F_BOOL of type *Datatype*
F_INT	Object F_INT of type *Datatype*
F_FLOAT	Object F_FLOAT of type *Datatype*
F_DOUBLE	Object F_DOUBLE of type *Datatype*
F_COMPLEX	Object F_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
F_FLOAT_COMPLEX	Object F_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX	Object F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*
REQUEST_NULL	Object REQUEST_NULL of type *Request*
MESSAGE_NULL	Object MESSAGE_NULL of type *Message*
MESSAGE_NO_PROC	Object MESSAGE_NO_PROC of type *Message*
OP_NULL	Object OP_NULL of type *Op*
MAX	Object MAX of type *Op*
MIN	Object MIN of type *Op*
SUM	Object SUM of type *Op*
PROD	Object PROD of type *Op*
LAND	Object LAND of type *Op*
BAND	Object BAND of type *Op*
LOR	Object LOR of type *Op*
BOR	Object BOR of type *Op*
LXOR	Object LXOR of type *Op*
BXOR	Object BXOR of type *Op*
MAXLOC	Object MAXLOC of type *Op*
MINLOC	Object MINLOC of type *Op*
REPLACE	Object REPLACE of type *Op*
NO_OP	Object NO_OP of type *Op*
GROUP_NULL	Object GROUP_NULL of type *Group*
GROUP_EMPTY	Object GROUP_EMPTY of type *Group*

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Table 64 – continued from previous page

INFO_NULL	Object INFO_NULL of type *Info*
INFO_ENV	Object INFO_ENV of type *Info*
ERRHANDLER_NULL	Object ERRHANDLER_NULL of type *Errhandler*
ERRORS_RETURN	Object ERRORS_RETURN of type *Errhandler*
ERRORS_ABORT	Object ERRORS_ABORT of type *Errhandler*
ERRORS_ARE_FATAL	Object ERRORS_ARE_FATAL of type *Errhandler*
SESSION_NULL	Object SESSION_NULL of type *Session*
COMM_NULL	Object COMM_NULL of type *Comm*
COMM_SELF	Object COMM_SELF of type *Intracomm*
COMM_WORLD	Object COMM_WORLD of type *Intracomm*
WIN_NULL	Object WIN_NULL of type *Win*
FILE_NULL	Object FILE_NULL of type *File*
BOTTOM	Object BOTTOM of type *BottomType*
IN_PLACE	Object IN_PLACE of type *InPlaceType*
BUFFER_AUTOMATIC	Object BUFFER_AUTOMATIC of type *BufferAutomaticType*
pickle	Object pickle of type *Pickle*

mpi4py.MPI.UNDEFINED

mpi4py.MPI.**UNDEFINED**: int = **UNDEFINED**

Constant UNDEFINED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ANY_SOURCE

mpi4py.MPI.**ANY_SOURCE**: int = **ANY_SOURCE**

Constant ANY_SOURCE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ANY_TAG

mpi4py.MPI.**ANY_TAG**: int = **ANY_TAG**

Constant ANY_TAG of type int

mpi4py.MPI.PROC_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**PROC_NULL**: int = **PROC_NULL**

Constant PROC_NULL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ROOT

mpi4py.MPI.**ROOT**: int = **ROOT**

Constant ROOT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.KEYVAL_INVALID

mpi4py.MPI.**KEYVAL_INVALID**: int = **KEYVAL_INVALID**

Constant KEYVAL_INVALID of type int

mpi4py.MPI.TAG_UB

mpi4py.MPI.**TAG_UB**: int = **TAG_UB**

Constant TAG_UB of type int

mpi4py.MPI.IO

mpi4py.MPI.**IO**: int = **IO**

Constant IO of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WTIME_IS_GLOBAL

mpi4py.MPI.**WTIME_IS_GLOBAL**: int = **WTIME_IS_GLOBAL**

Constant WTIME_IS_GLOBAL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.UNIVERSE_SIZE

mpi4py.MPI.**UNIVERSE_SIZE**: int = **UNIVERSE_SIZE**

Constant UNIVERSE_SIZE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.APPNUM

mpi4py.MPI.**APPNUM**: int = **APPNUM**

Constant APPNUM of type int

mpi4py.MPI.LASTUSEDCODE

mpi4py.MPI.**LASTUSEDCODE**: int = **LASTUSEDCODE**

Constant LASTUSEDCODE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_BASE

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_BASE**: int = **WIN_BASE**

Constant WIN_BASE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_SIZE

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_SIZE**: int = **WIN_SIZE**

Constant WIN_SIZE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_DISP_UNIT

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_DISP_UNIT**: int = **WIN_DISP_UNIT**

Constant WIN_DISP_UNIT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR**: int = **WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR**

Constant WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_FLAVOR**: int = **WIN_FLAVOR**

Constant WIN_FLAVOR of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_MODEL

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_MODEL**: int = **WIN_MODEL**

Constant WIN_MODEL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.SUCCESS

mpi4py.MPI.**SUCCESS**: int = **SUCCESS**

Constant SUCCESS of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_LASTCODE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_LASTCODE**: int = **ERR_LASTCODE**

Constant ERR_LASTCODE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ABI

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_ABI**: int = **ERR_ABI**

Constant ERR_ABI of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TYPE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_TYPE**: int = **ERR_TYPE**

Constant ERR_TYPE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_REQUEST

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_REQUEST**: int = **ERR_REQUEST**

Constant ERR_REQUEST of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_OP

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_OP**: int = **ERR_OP**

Constant ERR_OP of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_GROUP

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_GROUP**: int = **ERR_GROUP**

Constant ERR_GROUP of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_INFO**: int = **ERR_INFO**

Constant ERR_INFO of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ERRHANDLER

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_ERRHANDLER**: int = **ERR_ERRHANDLER**

Constant ERR_ERRHANDLER of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SESSION

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_SESSION**: int = **ERR_SESSION**

Constant ERR_SESSION of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_COMM

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_COMM**: int = **ERR_COMM**

Constant ERR_COMM of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_WIN

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_WIN**: int = **ERR_WIN**

Constant ERR_WIN of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_FILE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_FILE**: int = **ERR_FILE**

Constant ERR_FILE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_BUFFER

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_BUFFER**: int = **ERR_BUFFER**

Constant ERR_BUFFER of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_COUNT

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_COUNT**: int = **ERR_COUNT**

Constant ERR_COUNT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TAG

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_TAG**: int = **ERR_TAG**

Constant ERR_TAG of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RANK

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_RANK**: int = **ERR_RANK**

Constant ERR_RANK of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ROOT

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_ROOT**: int = **ERR_ROOT**

Constant ERR_ROOT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TRUNCATE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_TRUNCATE**: int = **ERR_TRUNCATE**

Constant ERR_TRUNCATE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_IN_STATUS

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_IN_STATUS**: int = **ERR_IN_STATUS**

Constant ERR_IN_STATUS of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PENDING

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_PENDING**: int = **ERR_PENDING**

Constant ERR_PENDING of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TOPOLOGY

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_TOPOLOGY**: int = **ERR_TOPOLOGY**

Constant ERR_TOPOLOGY of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_DIMS

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_DIMS**: int = **ERR_DIMS**

Constant ERR_DIMS of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ARG

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_ARG**: int = **ERR_ARG**

Constant ERR_ARG of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_OTHER

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_OTHER**: int = **ERR_OTHER**

Constant ERR_OTHER of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_UNKNOWN

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_UNKNOWN**: int = **ERR_UNKNOWN**

Constant ERR_UNKNOWN of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INTERN

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_INTERN**: int = **ERR_INTERN**

Constant ERR_INTERN of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_KEYVAL

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_KEYVAL**: int = **ERR_KEYVAL**

Constant ERR_KEYVAL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NO_MEM

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_NO_MEM**: int = **ERR_NO_MEM**

Constant ERR_NO_MEM of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO_KEY

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_INFO_KEY**: int = **ERR_INFO_KEY**

Constant ERR_INFO_KEY of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO_VALUE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_INFO_VALUE**: int = **ERR_INFO_VALUE**

Constant ERR_INFO_VALUE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO_NOKEY

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_INFO_NOKEY**: int = **ERR_INFO_NOKEY**

Constant ERR_INFO_NOKEY of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SPAWN

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_SPAWN**: int = **ERR_SPAWN**

Constant ERR_SPAWN of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PORT

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_PORT**: int = **ERR_PORT**

Constant ERR_PORT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SERVICE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_SERVICE**: int = **ERR_SERVICE**

Constant ERR_SERVICE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NAME

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_NAME**: int = **ERR_NAME**

Constant ERR_NAME of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PROC_ABORTED

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_PROC_ABORTED**: int = **ERR_PROC_ABORTED**

Constant ERR_PROC_ABORTED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_BASE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_BASE**: int = **ERR_BASE**

Constant ERR_BASE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SIZE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_SIZE**: int = **ERR_SIZE**

Constant ERR_SIZE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_DISP

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_DISP**: int = **ERR_DISP**

Constant ERR_DISP of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ASSERT

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_ASSERT**: int = **ERR_ASSERT**

Constant ERR_ASSERT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_LOCKTYPE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_LOCKTYPE**: int = **ERR_LOCKTYPE**

Constant ERR_LOCKTYPE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_CONFLICT

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_RMA_CONFLICT**: int = **ERR_RMA_CONFLICT**

Constant ERR_RMA_CONFLICT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_SYNC

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_RMA_SYNC**: int = **ERR_RMA_SYNC**

Constant ERR_RMA_SYNC of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_RANGE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_RMA_RANGE**: int = **ERR_RMA_RANGE**

Constant ERR_RMA_RANGE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_ATTACH

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_RMA_ATTACH**: int = **ERR_RMA_ATTACH**

Constant ERR_RMA_ATTACH of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_SHARED

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_RMA_SHARED**: int = **ERR_RMA_SHARED**

Constant ERR_RMA_SHARED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_FLAVOR

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_RMA_FLAVOR**: int = **ERR_RMA_FLAVOR**

Constant ERR_RMA_FLAVOR of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_BAD_FILE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_BAD_FILE**: int = **ERR_BAD_FILE**

Constant ERR_BAD_FILE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE**: int = **ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE**

Constant ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_FILE_EXISTS

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_FILE_EXISTS**: int = **ERR_FILE_EXISTS**

Constant ERR_FILE_EXISTS of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_FILE_IN_USE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_FILE_IN_USE**: int = **ERR_FILE_IN_USE**

Constant ERR_FILE_IN_USE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_AMODE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_AMODE**: int = **ERR_AMODE**

Constant ERR_AMODE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ACCESS

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_ACCESS**: int = **ERR_ACCESS**

Constant ERR_ACCESS of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_READ_ONLY

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_READ_ONLY**: int = **ERR_READ_ONLY**

Constant ERR_READ_ONLY of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NO_SPACE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_NO_SPACE**: int = **ERR_NO_SPACE**

Constant ERR_NO_SPACE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_QUOTA

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_QUOTA**: int = **ERR_QUOTA**

Constant ERR_QUOTA of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NOT_SAME

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_NOT_SAME**: int = **ERR_NOT_SAME**

Constant ERR_NOT_SAME of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_IO

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_IO**: int = **ERR_IO**

Constant ERR_IO of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION**: int = **ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION**

Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP**: int = **ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP**

Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_CONVERSION

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_CONVERSION**: int = **ERR_CONVERSION**

Constant ERR_CONVERSION of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_DUP_DATAREP

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_DUP_DATAREP**: int = **ERR_DUP_DATAREP**

Constant ERR_DUP_DATAREP of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE**: int = **ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE**

Constant ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_REVOKED

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_REVOKED**: int = **ERR_REVOKED**

Constant ERR_REVOKED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PROC_FAILED

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_PROC_FAILED**: int = **ERR_PROC_FAILED**

Constant ERR_PROC_FAILED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING

mpi4py.MPI.**ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING**: int = **ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING**

Constant ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ORDER_C

mpi4py.MPI.**ORDER_C**: int = **ORDER_C**

Constant ORDER_C of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ORDER_FORTRAN

mpi4py.MPI.**ORDER_FORTRAN**: int = **ORDER_FORTRAN**

Constant ORDER_FORTRAN of type int

mpi4py.MPI.ORDER_F

mpi4py.MPI.**ORDER_F**: int = **ORDER_F**

Constant ORDER_F of type int

mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS_LOGICAL

mpi4py.MPI.**TYPECLASS_LOGICAL**: int = **TYPECLASS_LOGICAL**

Constant TYPECLASS_LOGICAL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS_INTEGER

mpi4py.MPI.**TYPECLASS_INTEGER**: int = **TYPECLASS_INTEGER**

Constant TYPECLASS_INTEGER of type int

mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS_REAL

mpi4py.MPI.**TYPECLASS_REAL**: int = **TYPECLASS_REAL**

Constant TYPECLASS_REAL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**TYPECLASS_COMPLEX**: int = **TYPECLASS_COMPLEX**

Constant TYPECLASS_COMPLEX of type int

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_NONE

mpi4py.MPI.**DISTRIBUTE_NONE**: int = **DISTRIBUTE_NONE**

Constant DISTRIBUTE_NONE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK

mpi4py.MPI.**DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK**: int = **DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK**

Constant DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK of type int

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC

mpi4py.MPI.**DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC**: int = **DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC**

Constant DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC of type int

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG

mpi4py.MPI.**DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG**: int = **DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG**

Constant DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_NAMED

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_NAMED**: int = **COMBINER_NAMED**

Constant COMBINER_NAMED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_DUP

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_DUP**: int = **COMBINER_DUP**

Constant COMBINER_DUP of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS**: int = **COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS**

Constant COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_VECTOR

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_VECTOR**: int = **COMBINER_VECTOR**

Constant COMBINER_VECTOR of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_HVECTOR

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_HVECTOR**: int = **COMBINER_HVECTOR**

Constant COMBINER_HVECTOR of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_INDEXED

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_INDEXED**: int = **COMBINER_INDEXED**

Constant COMBINER_INDEXED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_HINDEXED

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_HINDEXED**: int = **COMBINER_HINDEXED**

Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK**: int = **COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK**

Constant COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK**: int = **COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK**

Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_STRUCT

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_STRUCT**: int = **COMBINER_STRUCT**

Constant COMBINER_STRUCT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_SUBARRAY

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_SUBARRAY**: int = **COMBINER_SUBARRAY**

Constant COMBINER_SUBARRAY of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_DARRAY

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_DARRAY**: int = **COMBINER_DARRAY**

Constant COMBINER_DARRAY of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_RESIZED

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_RESIZED**: int = **COMBINER_RESIZED**

Constant COMBINER_RESIZED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX**: int = **COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX**

Constant COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_F90_INTEGER

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_F90_INTEGER**: int = **COMBINER_F90_INTEGER**

Constant COMBINER_F90_INTEGER of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_F90_REAL

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_F90_REAL**: int = **COMBINER_F90_REAL**

Constant COMBINER_F90_REAL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX**: int = **COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX**

Constant COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX of type int

mpi4py.MPI.F_SOURCE

mpi4py.MPI.**F_SOURCE**: int = **F_SOURCE**

Constant F_SOURCE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.F_TAG

mpi4py.MPI.**F_TAG**: int = **F_TAG**

Constant F_TAG of type int

mpi4py.MPI.F_ERROR

mpi4py.MPI.**F_ERROR**: int = **F_ERROR**

Constant F_ERROR of type int

mpi4py.MPI.F_STATUS_SIZE

mpi4py.MPI.**F_STATUS_SIZE**: int = **F_STATUS_SIZE**

Constant F_STATUS_SIZE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.IDENT

mpi4py.MPI.**IDENT**: int = **IDENT**

Constant IDENT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.CONGRUENT

mpi4py.MPI.**CONGRUENT**: int = **CONGRUENT**

Constant CONGRUENT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.SIMILAR

mpi4py.MPI.**SIMILAR**: int = **SIMILAR**

Constant SIMILAR of type int

mpi4py.MPI.UNEQUAL

mpi4py.MPI.**UNEQUAL**: int = **UNEQUAL**

Constant UNEQUAL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.CART

mpi4py.MPI.**CART**: int = **CART**

Constant CART of type int

mpi4py.MPI.GRAPH

mpi4py.MPI.**GRAPH**: int = **GRAPH**

Constant GRAPH of type int

mpi4py.MPI.DIST_GRAPH

mpi4py.MPI.**DIST_GRAPH**: int = **DIST_GRAPH**

Constant DIST_GRAPH of type int

mpi4py.MPI.UNWEIGHTED

mpi4py.MPI.**UNWEIGHTED**: int = **UNWEIGHTED**

Constant UNWEIGHTED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WEIGHTS_EMPTY

mpi4py.MPI.**WEIGHTS_EMPTY**: int = **WEIGHTS_EMPTY**

Constant WEIGHTS_EMPTY of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_SHARED

mpi4py.MPI.**COMM_TYPE_SHARED**: int = **COMM_TYPE_SHARED**

Constant COMM_TYPE_SHARED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED

mpi4py.MPI.**COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED**: int = **COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED**

Constant COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED

mpi4py.MPI.**COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED**: int = **COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED**

Constant COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED

mpi4py.MPI.**COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED**: int = **COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED**

Constant COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.BSEND_OVERHEAD

mpi4py.MPI.**BSEND_OVERHEAD**: int = **BSEND_OVERHEAD**

Constant BSEND_OVERHEAD of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE**: int = **WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE**

Constant WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE**: int = **WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE**

Constant WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC**: int = **WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC**

Constant WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED**: int = **WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED**

Constant WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_SEPARATE

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_SEPARATE**: int = **WIN_SEPARATE**

Constant WIN_SEPARATE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_UNIFIED

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_UNIFIED**: int = **WIN_UNIFIED**

Constant WIN_UNIFIED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOCHECK

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_NOCHECK**: int = **MODE_NOCHECK**

Constant MODE_NOCHECK of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOSTORE

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_NOSTORE**: int = **MODE_NOSTORE**

Constant MODE_NOSTORE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOPUT

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_NOPUT**: int = **MODE_NOPUT**

Constant MODE_NOPUT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOPRECEDE

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_NOPRECEDE**: int = **MODE_NOPRECEDE**

Constant MODE_NOPRECEDE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOSUCCEED

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_NOSUCCEED**: int = **MODE_NOSUCCEED**

Constant MODE_NOSUCCEED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.LOCK_EXCLUSIVE

mpi4py.MPI.**LOCK_EXCLUSIVE**: int = **LOCK_EXCLUSIVE**

Constant LOCK_EXCLUSIVE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.LOCK_SHARED

mpi4py.MPI.**LOCK_SHARED**: int = **LOCK_SHARED**

Constant LOCK_SHARED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_RDONLY

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_RDONLY**: int = **MODE_RDONLY**

Constant MODE_RDONLY of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_WRONLY

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_WRONLY**: int = **MODE_WRONLY**

Constant MODE_WRONLY of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_RDWR

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_RDWR**: int = **MODE_RDWR**

Constant MODE_RDWR of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_CREATE

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_CREATE**: int = **MODE_CREATE**

Constant MODE_CREATE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_EXCL

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_EXCL**: int = **MODE_EXCL**

Constant MODE_EXCL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE**: int = **MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE**

Constant MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN**: int = **MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN**

Constant MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_SEQUENTIAL

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_SEQUENTIAL**: int = **MODE_SEQUENTIAL**

Constant MODE_SEQUENTIAL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_APPEND

mpi4py.MPI.**MODE_APPEND**: int = **MODE_APPEND**

Constant MODE_APPEND of type int

mpi4py.MPI.SEEK_SET

mpi4py.MPI.**SEEK_SET**: int = **SEEK_SET**

Constant SEEK_SET of type int

mpi4py.MPI.SEEK_CUR

mpi4py.MPI.**SEEK_CUR**: int = **SEEK_CUR**

Constant SEEK_CUR of type int

mpi4py.MPI.SEEK_END

mpi4py.MPI.**SEEK_END**: int = **SEEK_END**

Constant SEEK_END of type int

mpi4py.MPI.DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT

mpi4py.MPI.**DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT**: int = **DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT**

Constant DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT of type int

mpi4py.MPI.DISP_CUR

mpi4py.MPI.**DISP_CUR**: int = **DISP_CUR**

Constant DISP_CUR of type int

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_SINGLE

mpi4py.MPI.**THREAD_SINGLE**: int = **THREAD_SINGLE**

Constant THREAD_SINGLE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_FUNNELED

mpi4py.MPI.**THREAD_FUNNELED**: int = **THREAD_FUNNELED**

Constant THREAD_FUNNELED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_SERIALIZED

mpi4py.MPI.**THREAD_SERIALIZED**: int = **THREAD_SERIALIZED**

Constant THREAD_SERIALIZED of type int

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_MULTIPLE

mpi4py.MPI.**THREAD_MULTIPLE**: int = **THREAD_MULTIPLE**

Constant THREAD_MULTIPLE of type int

mpi4py.MPI.VERSION

mpi4py.MPI.**VERSION**: int = **VERSION**

Constant VERSION of type int

mpi4py.MPI.SUBVERSION

mpi4py.MPI.**SUBVERSION**: int = **SUBVERSION**

Constant SUBVERSION of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME**: int = **MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME**

Constant MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_ERROR_STRING

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX_ERROR_STRING**: int = **MAX_ERROR_STRING**

Constant MAX_ERROR_STRING of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_PORT_NAME

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX_PORT_NAME**: int = **MAX_PORT_NAME**

Constant MAX_PORT_NAME of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_INFO_KEY

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX_INFO_KEY**: int = **MAX_INFO_KEY**

Constant MAX_INFO_KEY of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_INFO_VAL

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX_INFO_VAL**: int = **MAX_INFO_VAL**

Constant MAX_INFO_VAL of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_OBJECT_NAME

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX_OBJECT_NAME**: int = **MAX_OBJECT_NAME**

Constant MAX_OBJECT_NAME of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_DATAREP_STRING

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX_DATAREP_STRING**: int = **MAX_DATAREP_STRING**

Constant MAX_DATAREP_STRING of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING**: int = **MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING**

Constant MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN**: int = **MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN**

Constant MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN of type int

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN**: int = **MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN**

Constant MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN of type int

mpi4py.MPI.DATATYPE_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**DATATYPE_NULL**: *Datatype* = **DATATYPE_NULL**

Object DATATYPE_NULL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.PACKED

mpi4py.MPI.**PACKED**: *Datatype* = **PACKED**

Object PACKED of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.BYTE

mpi4py.MPI.**BYTE**: *Datatype* = **BYTE**

Object BYTE of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.AINT

mpi4py.MPI.**AINT**: *Datatype* = **AINT**

Object AINT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.OFFSET

mpi4py.MPI.**OFFSET**: *Datatype* = **OFFSET**

Object OFFSET of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COUNT

mpi4py.MPI.**COUNT**: *Datatype* = **COUNT**

Object COUNT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CHAR

mpi4py.MPI.**CHAR**: *Datatype* = **CHAR**

Object CHAR of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.WCHAR

mpi4py.MPI.**WCHAR**: *Datatype* = **WCHAR**

Object WCHAR of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_CHAR

mpi4py.MPI.**SIGNED_CHAR**: *Datatype* = **SIGNED_CHAR**

Object SIGNED_CHAR of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SHORT

mpi4py.MPI.**SHORT**: *Datatype* = **SHORT**

Object SHORT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT

mpi4py.MPI.**INT**: *Datatype* = **INT**

Object INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LONG

mpi4py.MPI.**LONG**: *Datatype* = **LONG**

Object LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LONG_LONG

mpi4py.MPI.**LONG_LONG**: *Datatype* = **LONG_LONG**

Object LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_CHAR

mpi4py.MPI.**UNSIGNED_CHAR**: *Datatype* = **UNSIGNED_CHAR**

Object UNSIGNED_CHAR of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_SHORT

mpi4py.MPI.**UNSIGNED_SHORT**: *Datatype* = **UNSIGNED_SHORT**

Object UNSIGNED_SHORT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED

mpi4py.MPI.**UNSIGNED**: *Datatype* = **UNSIGNED**

Object UNSIGNED of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_LONG

mpi4py.MPI.**UNSIGNED_LONG**: *Datatype* = **UNSIGNED_LONG**

Object UNSIGNED_LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG

mpi4py.MPI.**UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG**: *Datatype* = **UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG**

Object UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT

mpi4py.MPI.**FLOAT**: *Datatype* = **FLOAT**

Object FLOAT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE

mpi4py.MPI.**DOUBLE**: *Datatype* = **DOUBLE**

Object DOUBLE of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LONG_DOUBLE

mpi4py.MPI.**LONG_DOUBLE**: *Datatype* = **LONG_DOUBLE**

Object LONG_DOUBLE of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.C_BOOL

mpi4py.MPI.**C_BOOL**: *Datatype* = **C_BOOL**

Object C_BOOL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT8_T

mpi4py.MPI.**INT8_T**: *Datatype* = **INT8_T**

Object INT8_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT16_T

mpi4py.MPI.**INT16_T**: *Datatype* = **INT16_T**

Object INT16_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT32_T

mpi4py.MPI.**INT32_T**: *Datatype* = **INT32_T**

Object INT32_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT64_T

mpi4py.MPI.**INT64_T**: *Datatype* = **INT64_T**

Object INT64_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UINT8_T

mpi4py.MPI.**UINT8_T**: *Datatype* = **UINT8_T**

Object UINT8_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UINT16_T

mpi4py.MPI.**UINT16_T**: *Datatype* = **UINT16_T**

Object UINT16_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UINT32_T

mpi4py.MPI.**UINT32_T**: *Datatype* = **UINT32_T**

Object UINT32_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UINT64_T

mpi4py.MPI.**UINT64_T**: *Datatype* = **UINT64_T**

Object UINT64_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT16_T

mpi4py.MPI.**FLOAT16_T**: *Datatype* = **FLOAT16_T**

Object FLOAT16_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT32_T

mpi4py.MPI.**FLOAT32_T**: *Datatype* = **FLOAT32_T**

Object FLOAT32_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT64_T

mpi4py.MPI.**FLOAT64_T**: *Datatype* = **FLOAT64_T**

Object FLOAT64_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.BFLOAT16_T

mpi4py.MPI.**BFLOAT16_T**: *Datatype* = **BFLOAT16_T**

Object BFLOAT16_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.C_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**C_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **C_COMPLEX**

Object C_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.C_FLOAT_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**C_FLOAT_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **C_FLOAT_COMPLEX**

Object C_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX**

Object C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX**

Object C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CXX_BOOL

mpi4py.MPI.**CXX_BOOL**: *Datatype* = **CXX_BOOL**

Object CXX_BOOL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX**

Object CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX**

Object CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX**

Object CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SHORT_INT

mpi4py.MPI.**SHORT_INT**: *Datatype* = **SHORT_INT**

Object SHORT_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT_INT

mpi4py.MPI.**INT_INT**: *Datatype* = **INT_INT**

Object INT_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.TWOINT

mpi4py.MPI.**TWOINT**: *Datatype* = **TWOINT**

Object TWOINT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LONG_INT

mpi4py.MPI.**LONG_INT**: *Datatype* = **LONG_INT**

Object LONG_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT_INT

mpi4py.MPI.**FLOAT_INT**: *Datatype* = **FLOAT_INT**

Object FLOAT_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE_INT

mpi4py.MPI.**DOUBLE_INT**: *Datatype* = **DOUBLE_INT**

Object DOUBLE_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LONG_DOUBLE_INT

mpi4py.MPI.**LONG_DOUBLE_INT**: *Datatype* = **LONG_DOUBLE_INT**

Object LONG_DOUBLE_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CHARACTER

mpi4py.MPI.**CHARACTER**: *Datatype* = **CHARACTER**

Object CHARACTER of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL

mpi4py.MPI.**LOGICAL**: *Datatype* = **LOGICAL**

Object LOGICAL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER

mpi4py.MPI.**INTEGER**: *Datatype* = **INTEGER**

Object INTEGER of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REAL

mpi4py.MPI.**REAL**: *Datatype* = **REAL**

Object REAL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE_PRECISION

mpi4py.MPI.**DOUBLE_PRECISION**: *Datatype* = **DOUBLE_PRECISION**

Object DOUBLE_PRECISION of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **COMPLEX**

Object COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**DOUBLE_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **DOUBLE_COMPLEX**

Object DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL1

mpi4py.MPI.**LOGICAL1**: *Datatype* = **LOGICAL1**

Object LOGICAL1 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL2

mpi4py.MPI.**LOGICAL2**: *Datatype* = **LOGICAL2**

Object LOGICAL2 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL4

mpi4py.MPI.**LOGICAL4**: *Datatype* = **LOGICAL4**

Object LOGICAL4 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL8

mpi4py.MPI.**LOGICAL8**: *Datatype* = **LOGICAL8**

Object LOGICAL8 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL16

mpi4py.MPI.**LOGICAL16**: *Datatype* = **LOGICAL16**

Object LOGICAL16 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER1

mpi4py.MPI.**INTEGER1**: *Datatype* = **INTEGER1**

Object INTEGER1 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER2

mpi4py.MPI.**INTEGER2**: *Datatype* = **INTEGER2**

Object INTEGER2 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER4

mpi4py.MPI.**INTEGER4**: *Datatype* = **INTEGER4**

Object INTEGER4 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER8

mpi4py.MPI.**INTEGER8**: *Datatype* = **INTEGER8**

Object INTEGER8 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER16

mpi4py.MPI.**INTEGER16**: *Datatype* = **INTEGER16**

Object INTEGER16 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REAL2

mpi4py.MPI.**REAL2**: *Datatype* = **REAL2**

Object REAL2 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REAL4

mpi4py.MPI.**REAL4**: *Datatype* = **REAL4**

Object REAL4 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REAL8

mpi4py.MPI.**REAL8**: *Datatype* = **REAL8**

Object REAL8 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REAL16

mpi4py.MPI.**REAL16**: *Datatype* = **REAL16**

Object REAL16 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX4

mpi4py.MPI.**COMPLEX4**: *Datatype* = **COMPLEX4**

Object COMPLEX4 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX8

mpi4py.MPI.**COMPLEX8**: *Datatype* = **COMPLEX8**

Object COMPLEX8 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX16

mpi4py.MPI.**COMPLEX16**: *Datatype* = **COMPLEX16**

Object COMPLEX16 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX32

mpi4py.MPI.**COMPLEX32**: *Datatype* = **COMPLEX32**

Object COMPLEX32 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_INT

mpi4py.MPI.**UNSIGNED_INT**: *Datatype* = **UNSIGNED_INT**

Object UNSIGNED_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_SHORT

mpi4py.MPI.**SIGNED_SHORT**: *Datatype* = **SIGNED_SHORT**

Object SIGNED_SHORT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_INT

mpi4py.MPI.**SIGNED_INT**: *Datatype* = **SIGNED_INT**

Object SIGNED_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_LONG

mpi4py.MPI.**SIGNED_LONG**: *Datatype* = **SIGNED_LONG**

Object SIGNED_LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_LONG_LONG

mpi4py.MPI.**SIGNED_LONG_LONG**: *Datatype* = **SIGNED_LONG_LONG**

Object SIGNED_LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.BOOL

mpi4py.MPI.**BOOL**: *Datatype* = **BOOL**

Object BOOL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SINT8_T

mpi4py.MPI.**SINT8_T**: *Datatype* = **SINT8_T**

Object SINT8_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SINT16_T

mpi4py.MPI.**SINT16_T**: *Datatype* = **SINT16_T**

Object SINT16_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SINT32_T

mpi4py.MPI.**SINT32_T**: *Datatype* = **SINT32_T**

Object SINT32_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SINT64_T

mpi4py.MPI.**SINT64_T**: *Datatype* = **SINT64_T**

Object SINT64_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_BOOL

mpi4py.MPI.**F_BOOL**: *Datatype* = **F_BOOL**

Object F_BOOL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_INT

mpi4py.MPI.**F_INT**: *Datatype* = **F_INT**

Object F_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_FLOAT

mpi4py.MPI.**F_FLOAT**: *Datatype* = **F_FLOAT**

Object F_FLOAT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_DOUBLE

mpi4py.MPI.**F_DOUBLE**: *Datatype* = **F_DOUBLE**

Object F_DOUBLE of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**F_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **F_COMPLEX**

Object F_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_FLOAT_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**F_FLOAT_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **F_FLOAT_COMPLEX**

Object F_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX

mpi4py.MPI.**F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX**: *Datatype* = **F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX**

Object F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REQUEST_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**REQUEST_NULL**: *Request* = **REQUEST_NULL**

Object REQUEST_NULL of type *Request*

mpi4py.MPI.MESSAGE_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**MESSAGE_NULL**: *Message* = **MESSAGE_NULL**

Object MESSAGE_NULL of type *Message*

mpi4py.MPI.MESSAGE_NO_PROC

mpi4py.MPI.**MESSAGE_NO_PROC**: *Message* = **MESSAGE_NO_PROC**

Object MESSAGE_NO_PROC of type *Message*

mpi4py.MPI.OP_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**OP_NULL**: *Op* = **OP_NULL**

Object OP_NULL of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.MAX

mpi4py.MPI.**MAX**: *Op* = **MAX**

Object MAX of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.MIN

mpi4py.MPI.**MIN**: *Op* = **MIN**

Object MIN of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.SUM

mpi4py.MPI.**SUM**: *Op* = **SUM**

Object SUM of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.PROD

mpi4py.MPI.**PROD**: *Op* = **PROD**

Object PROD of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.LAND

mpi4py.MPI.**LAND**: *Op* = **LAND**

Object LAND of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.BAND

mpi4py.MPI.**BAND**: *Op* = **BAND**

Object BAND of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.LOR

mpi4py.MPI.**LOR**: *Op* = **LOR**

Object LOR of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.BOR

mpi4py.MPI.**BOR**: *Op* = **BOR**

Object BOR of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.LXOR

mpi4py.MPI.**LXOR**: *Op* = **LXOR**

Object LXOR of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.BXOR

mpi4py.MPI.**BXOR**: *Op* = **BXOR**

Object BXOR of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.MAXLOC

mpi4py.MPI.**MAXLOC**: *Op* = **MAXLOC**

Object MAXLOC of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.MINLOC

mpi4py.MPI.**MINLOC**: *Op* = **MINLOC**

Object MINLOC of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.REPLACE

mpi4py.MPI.**REPLACE**: *Op* = **REPLACE**

Object REPLACE of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.NO_OP

mpi4py.MPI.**NO_OP**: *Op* = **NO_OP**

Object NO_OP of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type
Any

mpi4py.MPI.GROUP_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**GROUP_NULL**: *Group* = **GROUP_NULL**

Object GROUP_NULL of type *Group*

mpi4py.MPI.GROUP_EMPTY

mpi4py.MPI.**GROUP_EMPTY**: *Group* = **GROUP_EMPTY**

Object GROUP_EMPTY of type *Group*

mpi4py.MPI.INFO_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**INFO_NULL**: *Info* = **INFO_NULL**

Object INFO_NULL of type *Info*

mpi4py.MPI.INFO_ENV

mpi4py.MPI.**INFO_ENV**: *Info* = **INFO_ENV**

Object INFO_ENV of type *Info*

mpi4py.MPI.ERRHANDLER_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**ERRHANDLER_NULL**: *Errhandler* = **ERRHANDLER_NULL**

Object ERRHANDLER_NULL of type *Errhandler*

mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS_RETURN

mpi4py.MPI.**ERRORS_RETURN**: *Errhandler* = **ERRORS_RETURN**

Object ERRORS_RETURN of type *Errhandler*

mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS_ABORT

mpi4py.MPI.**ERRORS_ABORT**: *Errhandler* = **ERRORS_ABORT**

Object ERRORS_ABORT of type *Errhandler*

mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS_ARE_FATAL

mpi4py.MPI.**ERRORS_ARE_FATAL**: *Errhandler* = **ERRORS_ARE_FATAL**

Object ERRORS_ARE_FATAL of type *Errhandler*

mpi4py.MPI.SESSION_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**SESSION_NULL**: *Session* = **SESSION_NULL**

Object SESSION_NULL of type *Session*

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**COMM_NULL**: *Comm* = **COMM_NULL**

Object COMM_NULL of type *Comm*

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_SELF

mpi4py.MPI.**COMM_SELF**: *Intracomm* = **COMM_SELF**

Object COMM_SELF of type *Intracomm*

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_WORLD

mpi4py.MPI.**COMM_WORLD**: *Intracomm* = **COMM_WORLD**

Object COMM_WORLD of type *Intracomm*

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**WIN_NULL**: *Win* = **WIN_NULL**

Object WIN_NULL of type *Win*

mpi4py.MPI.FILE_NULL

mpi4py.MPI.**FILE_NULL**: *File* = **FILE_NULL**

Object FILE_NULL of type *File*

mpi4py.MPI.BOTTOM

mpi4py.MPI.**BOTTOM**: *BottomType* = **BOTTOM**

Object BOTTOM of type *BottomType*

mpi4py.MPI.IN_PLACE

mpi4py.MPI.**IN_PLACE**: *InPlaceType* = **IN_PLACE**

Object IN_PLACE of type *InPlaceType*

mpi4py.MPI.BUFFER_AUTOMATIC

mpi4py.MPI.**BUFFER_AUTOMATIC**: *BufferAutomaticType* = **BUFFER_AUTOMATIC**

Object BUFFER_AUTOMATIC of type *BufferAutomaticType*

mpi4py.MPI.pickle

mpi4py.MPI.**pickle**: *Pickle* = **<mpi4py.MPI.Pickle object>**

Object pickle of type *Pickle*

12 Citation

If MPI for Python been significant to a project that leads to an academic publication, please acknowledge that fact by citing the project.

- M. Rogowski, S. Aseeri, D. Keyes, and L. Dalcin, *mpi4py.futures: MPI-Based Asynchronous Task Execution for Python*, IEEE Transactions on Parallel and Distributed Systems, 34(2):611-622, 2023. https://doi.org/10.1109/TPDS.2022.3225481

- L. Dalcin and Y.-L. L. Fang, *mpi4py: Status Update After 12 Years of Development*, Computing in Science & Engineering, 23(4):47-54, 2021. https://doi.org/10.1109/MCSE.2021.3083216
- L. Dalcin, P. Kler, R. Paz, and A. Cosimo, *Parallel Distributed Computing using Python*, Advances in Water Resources, 34(9):1124-1139, 2011. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.advwatres.2011.04.013
- L. Dalcin, R. Paz, M. Storti, and J. D'Elia, *MPI for Python: performance improvements and MPI-2 extensions*, Journal of Parallel and Distributed Computing, 68(5):655-662, 2008. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpdc.2007.09.005
- L. Dalcin, R. Paz, and M. Storti, *MPI for Python*, Journal of Parallel and Distributed Computing, 65(9):1108-1115, 2005. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpdc.2005.03.010

13 Installation

13.1 Wheel packages

The mpi4py project builds and publishes binary wheels able to run in a variety of:

- operating systems: *Linux*, *macOS*, *Windows*;
- processor architectures: *AMD64*, *ARM64*;
- MPI implementations: *MPICH*, *Open MPI*, *MVAPICH*, *Intel MPI*, *HPE Cray MPICH*, *Microsoft MPI*;
- Python implementations: *CPython*, *PyPy*.

These mpi4py wheels are distributed via the Python Package Index (PyPI) and can be installed with Python package managers like pip:

```
python -m pip install mpi4py
```

The mpi4py wheels can be installed in standard Python virtual environments. The MPI runtime can be provided by other wheels installed in the same virtual environment.

Tip

Intel publishes production-grade Intel MPI wheels for Linux (x86_64) and Windows (AMD64). mpi4py and MPI wheels can be installed side by side to get a ready-to-use Python+MPI environment:

```
python -m pip install mpi4py impi-rt
```

Tip

The mpi4py project publishes MPICH wheels and Open MPI wheels for Linux (x86_64/aarch64) and macOS (arm64/x86_64). mpi4py and MPI wheels can be installed side by side to get a ready-to-use Python+MPI environment:

```
python -m pip install mpi4py mpich    # for MPICH
python -m pip install mpi4py openmpi  # for Open MPI
```

Warning

The MPI wheels are distributed with special focus on ease of use, convenience, compatibility, and interoperability. The Linux wheels are built in somewhat constrained environments with relatively dated Linux distributions (manylinux container images). Therefore, they may lack support for features like GPU awareness (CUDA/ROCm) and C++/Fortran bindings. In production scenarios, it is recommended to use external (either custom-built or system-provided) MPI installations.

The mpi4py wheels can also be installed (with pip) in conda environments and they should work out of the box, without any special tweak to environment variables, for any of the MPI packages provided by conda-forge.

Externally-provided MPI implementations may come from a system package manager, sysadmin-maintained builds accessible via module files, or customized user builds. Such usage is supported and encouraged. However, there are a few platform-specific considerations to take into account.

Linux

The Linux (x86_64/aarch64) wheels require one of

- MPICH or any other ABI-compatible derivative, like MVAPICH, Intel MPI, HPE Cray MPICH
- Open MPI or any other ABI-compatible derivative, like NVIDIA HPC-X

Users may need to set the `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` environment variable such that the dynamic linker is able to find at runtime the MPI shared library file (`libmpi.so.*`).

Fedora/RHEL

On Fedora/RHEL systems, both MPICH and Open MPI are available for installation. There is no default or preferred MPI implementation. Instead, users must select their favorite MPI implementation by loading the proper MPI module.

```
module load mpi/mpich-$(arch)    # for MPICH
module load mpi/openmpi-$(arch)  # for Open MPI
```

After loading the requested MPI module, the `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` environment variable should be properly setup.

Debian/Ubuntu

On Debian/Ubuntu systems, Open MPI is the default MPI implementation and most of the MPI-based applications and libraries provided by the distribution depend on Open MPI. Nonetheless, MPICH is also available to users for installation.

In Ubuntu 22.04 and older, due to legacy reasons, the MPICH ABI is slightly broken: the MPI shared library file is named `libmpich.so.12` instead of `libmpi.so.12` as required by the MPICH ABI Compatibility Initiative.

Users without `sudo` access can workaround this issue creating a symbolic link anywhere in their home directory and appending to `LD_LIBRARY_PATH`.

```
mkdir -p ~/.local/lib
libdir=/usr/lib/$(arch)-linux-gnu
ln -s $libdir/libmpich.so.12 ~/.local/lib/libmpi.so.12
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:~/.local/lib
```

A system-wide fix for all users requires `sudo` access:

```
libdir=/usr/lib/$(arch)-linux-gnu
sudo ln -sr $libdir/libmpi{ch,}.so.12
```

HPE Cray OS

On HPE Cray systems, users must load the `cray-mpich-abi` module. For further details, refer to man intro_mpi.

macOS

The macOS (arm64/x86_64) wheels require

- MPICH or Open MPI installed (either manually or via a package manager) in the standard system prefix `/usr/local`
- MPICH or Open MPI installed via Homebrew in the default prefix `/opt/homebrew`
- MPICH or Open MPI installed via MacPorts in the default prefix `/opt/local`

Windows

The Windows (AMD64) wheels require one of

- Intel MPI
- Microsoft MPI

User may need to set the `I_MPI_ROOT` or `MSMPI_BIN` environment variables such that the MPI dynamic link library (DLL) (`impi.dll` or `msmpi.dll`) can be found at runtime.

Intel MPI is under active development and supports recent versions of the MPI standard. Intel MPI can be installed with `pip` (see the impi-rt package on PyPI), being therefore straightforward to get it up and running within a Python environment. Intel MPI can also be installed system-wide as part of the Intel oneAPI HPC Toolkit for Windows or via standalone online/offline installers.

13.2 Conda packages

The conda-forge community provides ready-to-use binary packages from an ever growing collection of software libraries built around the multi-platform *conda* package manager. Four MPI implementations are available on conda-forge: Open MPI (Linux and macOS), MPICH (Linux and macOS), Intel MPI (Linux and Windows), and Microsoft MPI (Windows). You can install mpi4py and your preferred MPI implementation using the conda package manager:

- to use MPICH do:

```
conda install -c conda-forge mpi4py mpich
```

- to use Open MPI do:

```
conda install -c conda-forge mpi4py openmpi
```

- to use Intel MPI do:

```
conda install -c conda-forge mpi4py impi_rt
```

- to use Microsoft MPI do:

```
conda install -c conda-forge mpi4py msmpi
```

MPICH and many of its derivatives are ABI-compatible. You can provide the package specification `mpich=X.Y.*=external_*` (where `X` and `Y` are the major and minor version numbers) to request the conda package manager to use system-provided MPICH (or derivative) libraries. Similarly, you can provide the package specification `openmpi=X.Y.*=external_*` to use system-provided Open MPI libraries.

The `openmpi` package on conda-forge has built-in CUDA support, but it is disabled by default. To enable it, follow the instruction outlined during `conda install`. Additionally, UCX support is also available once the `ucx` package is installed.

Warning

The MPI conda-forge packages are built with special focus on compatibility. The MPICH and Open MPI packages are built in a constrained environment with relatively dated OS images. Therefore, they may lack support for high-performance features like cross-memory attach (XPMEM/CMA). In production scenarios, it is recommended to use external (either custom-built or system-provided) MPI installations. See the relevant conda-forge documentation about using external MPI libraries .

13.3 System packages

mpi4py is readily available through system package managers of most Linux distributions and the most popular community package managers for macOS.

Linux

On **Fedora Linux** systems (as well as **RHEL** and their derivatives using the EPEL software repository), you can install binary packages with the system package manager:

- using `dnf` and the `mpich` package:

```
sudo dnf install python3-mpi4py-mpich
```

- using `dnf` and the `openmpi` package:

```
sudo dnf install python3-mpi4py-openmpi
```

Please remember to load the correct MPI module for your chosen MPI implementation:

- for the `mpich` package do:

```
module load mpi/mpich-$(arch)
python -c "from mpi4py import MPI"
```

- for the `openmpi` package do:

```
module load mpi/openmpi-$(arch)
python -c "from mpi4py import MPI"
```

On **Ubuntu Linux** and **Debian Linux** systems, binary packages are available for installation using the system package manager:

```
sudo apt install python3-mpi4py
```

On **Arch Linux** systems, binary packages are available for installation using the system package manager:

```
sudo pacman -S python-mpi4py
```

macOS

macOS users can install mpi4py using the Homebrew package manager:

```
brew install mpi4py
```

Note that the Homebrew mpi4py package uses Open MPI. Alternatively, install the `mpich` package and next install mpi4py from sources using `pip`.

Alternatively, mpi4py can be installed from MacPorts:

```
sudo port install py-mpi4py
```

13.4 Building from sources

Installing mpi4py from pre-built binary wheels, conda packages, or system packages is not always desired or appropriate. For example, the mpi4py wheels published on PyPI may not be interoperable with non-mainstream, vendor-specific MPI implementations; or a system mpi4py package may be built with a alternative, non-default MPI implementation. In such scenarios, mpi4py can still be installed from its source distribution (sdist) using `pip`:

```
python -m pip install --no-binary=mpi4py mpi4py
```

You can also install the in-development version with:

```
python -m pip install git+https://github.com/mpi4py/mpi4py
```

or:

```
python -m pip install https://github.com/mpi4py/mpi4py/tarball/master
```

Note

Installing mpi4py from its source distribution (available on PyPI) or Git source code repository (available on GitHub) requires a C compiler and a working MPI implementation with development headers and libraries.

Warning

`pip` keeps previously built wheel files in its cache for future reuse. If you want to reinstall the `mpi4py` package from its source distribution using a different or updated MPI implementation, you have to either first remove the cached wheel file:

```
python -m pip cache remove mpi4py
python -m pip install --no-binary=mpi4py mpi4py
```

or ask `pip` to disable the cache:

```
python -m pip install --no-cache-dir --no-binary=mpi4py mpi4py
```

13.5 Build backends

mpi4py supports three different build backends: setuptools (default), scikit-build-core (CMake-based), and meson-python (Meson-based). The build backend can be selected by setting the *`MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND`* environment variable.

MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND

Choices
`"setuptools"`, `"scikit-build-core"`, `"meson-python"`

Default
`"setuptools"`

Request a build backend for building mpi4py from sources.

Using setuptools

Tip

Set the *MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND* environment variable to `"setuptools"` to use the setuptools build backend.

When using the default setuptools build backend, mpi4py relies on the legacy Python distutils framework to build C extension modules. The following environment variables affect the build configuration.

MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICC

The **mpicc** compiler wrapper command is searched for in the executable search path (`PATH` environment variable) and used to compile the *mpi4py.MPI* C extension module. Alternatively, use the *MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICC* environment variable to the full path or command corresponding to the MPI-aware C compiler.

MPI4PY_BUILD_MPILD

The **mpicc** compiler wrapper command is also used for linking the *mpi4py.MPI* C extension module. Alternatively, use the *MPI4PY_BUILD_MPILD* environment variable to specify the full path or command corresponding to the MPI-aware C linker.

MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICFG

If the MPI implementation does not provide a compiler wrapper, or it is not installed in a default system location, all relevant build information like include/library locations and library lists can be provided in an ini-style configuration file under a `[mpi]` section. mpi4py can then be asked to use the custom build information by setting the *MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICFG* environment variable to the full path of the configuration file. As an example, see the `mpi.cfg` file located in the top level mpi4py source directory.

MPI4PY_BUILD_CONFIGURE

Some vendor MPI implementations may not provide complete coverage of the MPI standard, or may provide partial features of newer MPI standard versions while advertising support for an older version. Setting the *MPI4PY_BUILD_CONFIGURE* environment variable to a non-empty string will trigger the run of exhaustive checks for the availability of all MPI constants, predefined handles, and routines.

MPI4PY_BUILD_MPIABI

Setting the *MPI4PY_BUILD_MPIABI* environment variable to `"1"` enables enhanced support for the MPI 5.0 standard ABI and the MPICH or Open MPI legacy ABIs. The *mpi4py.MPI* extension module is then able to dynamically link at runtime with older versions (down to the MPI 3.0 standard) of the corresponding MPI implementation used at compile time. This feature is only available on Linux, macOS, and Windows. POSIX-like systems other than Linux and macOS are not currently supported, although they could easily be: all what is needed is for the platform to either support weak symbols in shared modules/libraries, or support the standard POSIX `dlopen()`/`dlsym()` APIs.

MPI4PY_BUILD_PYSABI

Build with the CPython 3.10+ Stable ABI. Setting the *MPI4PY_BUILD_PYSABI* environment variable to a string `"{major}.{minor}"` defines the `Py_LIMITED_API` value to use for building extension modules.

The following environment variables are aliases for the ones described above. Having shorter names, they are convenient for occasional use in the command line. Its usage is not recommended in automation scenarios like packaging recipes, deployment scripts, and container image creation.

MPICC

Convenience alias for *MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICC*.

MPILD

Convenience alias for *MPI4PY_BUILD_MPILD*.

MPICFG

Convenience alias for *MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICFG*.

Using scikit-build-core

Tip

Set the *MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND* environment variable to `"scikit-build-core"` to use the scikit-build-core build backend.

When using the scikit-build-core build backend, mpi4py delegates all of MPI build configuration to CMake's FindMPI module. Besides the obvious advantage of cross-platform support, this delegation to CMake may be convenient in build environments exposing vendor software stacks via intricate module systems. Note however that mpi4py will not be able to look for MPI routines available beyond the MPI standard version the MPI implementation advertises to support (via the `MPI_VERSION` and `MPI_SUBVERSION` macro constants in the `mpi.h` header file), any missing MPI constant or symbol will prevent a successful build.

Using meson-python

Tip

Set the *MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND* environment variable to `"meson-python"` to use the meson-python build backend.

When using the meson-python build backend, mpi4py delegates build tasks to the Meson build system.

Warning

mpi4py support for the meson-python build backend is experimental. For the time being, users must set the `CC` environment variable to the command or path corresponding to the **`mpicc`** C compiler wrapper.

14 Development

14.1 Prerequisites

You need to have the following software properly installed to develop *MPI for Python*:

- Python 3.8 or above.
- The Cython compiler.
- A working MPI implementation like MPICH or Open MPI, preferably supporting MPI-4 and built with shared/dynamic libraries.

Optionally, consider installing the following packages:

- NumPy for enabling comprehensive testing of MPI communication.
- CuPy for enabling comprehensive testing with a GPU-aware MPI.
- Sphinx to build the documentation.

Tip

Most routine development tasks like building, installing in editable mode, testing, and generating documentation can be performed with the spin developer tool. Run **spin** at the top level source directory for a list of available subcommands.

14.2 Building

MPI for Python uses **setuptools**-based build system that relies on the `setup.py` file. Some setuptools commands (e.g., *build*) accept additional options:

--mpi=
: Lets you pass a section with MPI configuration within a special configuration file. Alternatively, you can use the *MPICFG* environment variable.

--mpicc=
: Specify the path or name of the **mpicc** C compiler wrapper. Alternatively, use the *MPICC* environment variable.

--mpild=
: Specify the full path or name for the MPI-aware C linker. Alternatively, use the *MPILD* environment variable. If not set, the **mpicc** C compiler wrapper is used for linking.

--configure
: Runs exhaustive tests for checking about missing MPI types, constants, and functions. This option should be passed in order to build *MPI for Python* against old MPI-1, MPI-2, or MPI-3 implementations, possibly providing a subset of MPI-4.

If you use a MPI implementation providing a **mpicc** C compiler wrapper (e.g., MPICH or Open MPI), it will be used for compilation and linking. This is the preferred and easiest way to build *MPI for Python*.

If **mpicc** is found in the executable search path (`PATH` environment variable), simply run the *build* command:

```
$ python setup.py build
```

If **mpicc** is not in your search path or the compiler wrapper has a different name, you can run the *build* command specifying its location, either via the *--mpicc* command option or using the *MPICC* environment variable:

```
$ python setup.py build --mpicc=/path/to/mpicc
$ env MPICC=/path/to/mpicc python setup.py build
```

Alternatively, you can provide all the relevant information about your MPI implementation by editing the `mpi.cfg` file located in the top level source directory. You can use the default section `[mpi]` or add a new custom section, for example `[vendor_mpi]` (see the examples provided in the `mpi.cfg` file as a starting point to write your own section):

```
[mpi]
include_dirs         = /usr/local/mpi/include
libraries            = mpi
library_dirs         = /usr/local/mpi/lib
runtime_library_dirs = /usr/local/mpi/lib
```

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```
[vendor_mpi]
include_dirs         = /opt/mpi/include ...
libraries            = mpi ...
library_dirs         = /opt/mpi/lib ...
runtime_library_dirs = /opt/mpi/lib ...

...
```

and then run the *build* command specifying you custom configuration section:

```
$ python setup.py build --mpi=vendor_mpi
$ env MPICFG=vendor_mpi python setup.py build
```

14.3 Installing

MPI for Python can be installed in editable mode:

```
$ python -m pip install --editable .
```

After modifying Cython sources, an in-place rebuild is needed:

```
$ python setup.py build --inplace
```

14.4 Testing

To quickly test the installation:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python -m mpi4py.bench helloworld
Hello, World! I am process 0 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 1 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 2 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 3 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 4 of 5 on localhost.

$ mpiexec -n 5 python -m mpi4py.bench ringtest -l 10 -n 1048576
time for 10 loops = 0.00361614 seconds (5 processes, 1048576 bytes)
```

If you installed from a git clone or the source distribution, issuing at the command line:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python demo/helloworld.py
```

will launch a five-process run of the Python interpreter and run the demo script `demo/helloworld.py` from the source distribution.

You can also run all the *unittest* scripts:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python test/main.py
```

or, if you have the pytest unit testing framework installed:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 pytest
```

15 Guidelines

15.1 Fair play

Summary

This section defines Rules of Play for companies and outside developers that engage with the mpi4py project. It covers:

- Restrictions on use of the mpi4py name.
- How and whether to publish a modified distribution.
- How to make us aware of patched versions.

After reading this section, companies and developers will know what kinds of behavior the mpi4py developers and contributors would like to see, and which we consider troublesome, bothersome, and unacceptable.

This document is a close adaptation of NumPy NEP 36.

Motivation

Occasionally, we learn of modified mpi4py versions and binary distributions circulated by outsiders. These patched versions can cause problems to mpi4py users (see, e.g., mpi4py/mpi4py#508). When issues like these arise, our developers waste time identifying the problematic release, locating alterations, and determining an appropriate course of action.

In addition, packages on the Python Packaging Index are sometimes named such that users assume they are sanctioned or maintained by the mpi4py developers. We wish to reduce the number of such incidents.

Scope

This document aims to define a minimal set of rules that, when followed, will be considered good-faith efforts in line with the expectations of the mpi4py developers and contributors.

Our hope is that companies and outside developers who feel they need to modify mpi4py will first consider contributing to the project, or use alternative mechanisms for patching and extending mpi4py.

When in doubt, please talk to us first. We may suggest an alternative; at minimum, we'll be informed and we may even grant an exception if deemed appropriate.

Fair play rules

1. Do not reuse the mpi4py name for projects not affiliated with the mpi4py project.

   At time of writing, there are only a handful of `mpi4py`-named packages developed by the mpi4py project, including `mpi4py` and `mpi4py-fft`. We ask that outside packages not include the phrase `mpi4py`, i.e., avoid names such as `mycompany-mpi4py` or `mpi4py-mycompany`.

   To be clear, this rule only applies to modules (package names); it is perfectly acceptable to have a *submodule* of your own package named `mycompany.mpi4py`.

2. Do not publish binary mpi4py wheels on PyPI (https://pypi.org/).

   We ask companies and outside developers to not publish binary mpi4py wheels in the main Python Package Index (https://pypi.org/) under names such `mpi4py-mpich`, `mpi4py-openmpi`, or `mpi4py-vendor_mpi`.

   The usual approaches to build binary Python wheels involve the embedding of dependent shared libraries. While such an approach may seem convenient and often is, in the particular case of MPI and mpi4py it is ultimately harmful to end users. Embedding the MPI shared libraries would prevent the use of external, system-provided MPI installations with hardware-specific optimizations and site-specific tweaks.

The MPI 5.0 standard features an Application Binary Interface (ABI) for MPI, see [mpi-abi-paper] and [mpi-abi-issue]. Such standardization allows for any binary dependent on the MPI library to be used with multiple MPI backends. Once MPI implementations provide support for the new MPI ABI, the mpi4py project will follow and add support to the binary wheels published on PyPI.

3. Do not republish modified versions of mpi4py.

   Modified versions of mpi4py make it very difficult for the developers to address bug reports, since we typically do not know which parts of mpi4py have been modified.

   If you have to break this rule (and we implore you not to!), then make it clear in the `__version__` tag that you have modified mpi4py, e.g.:

   ```
   >>> print(mpi4py.__version__)
   '4.0.0+mycompany.13`
   ```

   We understand that minor patches are often required to make a library work inside of a package ecosystem. This is totally acceptable, but we ask that no substantive changes are made.

4. Do not extend or modify mpi4py's API.

   If you absolutely have to break the previous rule, please do not add additional functions to the namespace, or modify the API of existing functions. Having additional functions exposed in distributed versions is confusing for users and developers alike.

16 LICENSE

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17 CHANGES

17.1 Release 4.1.1 [2025-10-10]

- Add MPIABI-aware import hook support.
- Support *MPI.ERR_ERRHANDLER* with Open MPI.

- Fix Windows build issues with Intel MPI 2021.16.
- Minor fixes and improvements to typing stubs.
- Minor fixes to documentation.
- Publish Python 3.8-3.14 and PyPy 3.11 wheels.
- PyPy 3.10 (EOL) wheels are no longer published.

17.2 Release 4.1.0 [2025-06-25]

- New features:
  - Publish binary wheel packages on PyPI with support for multiple operating systems (Linux, macOS, Windows), processor architectures (AMD64, ARM64), MPI implementations (MPICH, Open MPI, and their ABI-compatible derivatives), and Python implementations (CPython, PyPy).
  - Add support for the MPI 5.0 standard.
    - MPI handle serialization with integral values.
    - Fixed-size Fortran `LOGICAL` datatypes.
    - Query ABI version/info and Fortran ABI info.
  - *MPI.Datatype.Create_contiguous* now uses BigMPI's approach when using MPI implementations that do not yet support the MPI 4.0 large-count APIs.
  - Add support for *MPI.FLOAT16_T* and *MPI.BFLOAT16_T* datatypes. These datatypes are not yet standard but available as extensions in MPI implementations.
  - Add *MPI.Status.tomemory* to expose the status contents as a `memoryview` object.
- Enhancements:
  - Support (opt-in via *MPI4PY_BUILD_PYSABI*) for building with `Py_LIMITED_API` under Python 3.10+ (requires Cython 3.1+).
  - Support (opt-in via *MPI4PY_BUILD_MPIABI*) for building with the MPI 5.0 standard ABI and the MPICH or Open MPI legacy ABIs. The *MPI* extension module will be able to dynamically link at runtime with older versions (down to the MPI 3.0 standard) of the MPI implementation used at compile time. Only available on Linux, macOS, and Windows.
  - Support a `buffersize` parameter in the *MPIPoolExecutor.map()* and *MPIPoolExecutor.starmap()* methods to limit the number of pending tasks.
  - Improve ownership management of DLPack capsules.
  - Reimplement MPI DLL search path on Windows.
  - Minor fixes to typing stubs and documentation.
- Backward-incompatible changes:
  - Python 3.8+ is required.
  - The *MPI.Exception* class is now a heap type.
  - The types of the *MPI.BOTTOM*, *MPI.IN_PLACE*, and *MPI.BUFFER_AUTOMATIC* are no longer subclasses of `int`.

17.3 Release 4.0.3 [2025-02-13]

- Fix DLPack v1.0 support.

17.4 Release 4.0.2 [2025-02-01]

- Support MPI-4 features within Intel MPI 2021.14.
- Various fixes and updates to tests.
- Minor fixes to typing support.
- Minor fix to documentation.

17.5 Release 4.0.1 [2024-10-11]

- Update support for Python 3.13:
  - Enable Cython 3.1 support for free-threaded CPython.
  - Allow compiling Cython-generated C sources with the full Python C-API.
  - Fix MPI DLL path workarounds on Windows after changes to `locals()`.
- Enhancements to test suite:
  - Support XML reports via `unittest-xml-reporting`.
  - Add command line options to exclude tests by patterns and files.
  - Refactor Python 2 code to use Python 3 constructs using `pyupgrade`.
- Miscellaneous:
  - Minor and mostly inconsequential subclass fix in `mpi4py.util.pkl5`.
  - Update compatibility workarounds for legacy MPICH 3.0 release.

17.6 Release 4.0.0 [2024-07-28]

- New features:
  - Add support for the MPI-4.0 standard.
    - Use large count MPI-4 routines.
    - Add persistent collective communication.
    - Add partitioned point-to-point communication.
    - Add new communicator constructors.
    - Add the `Session` class and its methods.
  - Add support for the MPI-4.1 standard.
    - Add non-destructive completion test for multiple requests.
    - Add value-index datatype constructor.
    - Add communicator/session buffer attach/detach/flush.
    - Support for removal of error classes/codes/strings.
    - Support for querying hardware resource information.
  - Add preliminary support for the upcoming MPI-5.0 standard.

    * User-level failure mitigation (ULFM).
  - `mpi4py.util.pool`: New drop-in replacement for `multiprocessing.pool`.
  - `mpi4py.util.sync`: New synchronization utilities.
  - Add runtime check for mismatch between `mpiexec` and MPI library.
  - Support scikit-build-core as an alternative build backend.
  - Support meson-python as an alternative build backend.
- Enhancements:
  - `mpi4py.futures`: Support for parallel tasks.
  - `mpi4py.futures`: Report exception tracebacks in workers.
  - `mpi4py.util.pkl5`: Add support for collective communication.
  - Add methods `Datatype.fromcode()`, `Datatype.tocode()` and attributes `Datatype.typestr`, `Datatype.typechar` to simplify NumPy interoperability for simple cases.
  - Add methods `Comm.Create_errhandler()`, `Win.Create_errhandler()`, and `File.Create_errhandler()` to create custom error handlers.
  - Add support for pickle serialization of instances of MPI types. All instances of `Datatype`, `Info`, and `Status` can be serialized. Instances of `Op` can be serialized only if created through `mpi4py` by calling `Op.Create()`. Instances of other MPI types can be serialized only if they reference predefined handles.
  - Add `handle` attribute and `fromhandle()` class method to MPI classes to ease interoperability with external code. The handle value is an unsigned integer guaranteed to fit on the platform's `uintptr_t` C type.
  - Add lowercase `free()` method to MPI classes to ease MPI object deallocation and cleanup. This method eventually attempts to call `Free()`, but only if the object's MPI handle is not a null or predefined handle, and such call is allowed within the World Model init/finalize.
- Backward-incompatible changes:
  - Python 2 is no longer supported, Python 3.6+ is required, but typing stubs are supported for Python 3.8+.
  - The `Intracomm.Create_group()` method is no longer defined in the base `Comm` class.
  - `Group.Compare()` and `Comm.Compare()` are no longer class methods but instance methods. Existing codes using the former class methods are expected to continue working.
  - `Group.Translate_ranks()` is no longer a class method but an instance method. Existing codes using the former class method are expected to continue working.
  - The `LB` and `UB` datatypes are no longer available, use `Datatype.Create_resized()` instead.
  - The `HOST` predefined attribute key is no longer available.
  - The `MPI.memory` class has been renamed to `MPI.buffer`. The old name is still available as an alias to the new name.
  - The `mpi4py.dl` module is no longer available.
  - The `mpi4py.get_config` function returns an empty dictionary.
- Miscellaneous:
  - The project is now licensed under the BSD-3-Clause license. This change is fairly inconsequential for users and distributors. It simply adds an additional clause against using contributor names for promotional purposes without their consent.

- Add a new guidelines section to documentation laying out new fair play rules. These rules ask companies and outside developers to refrain from reusing the `mpi4py` name in unaffiliated projects, publishing binary mpi4py wheels on the main Python Package Index (PyPI), and distributing modified versions with incompatible or extended API changes. The primary motivation of these rules is to avoid fragmentation and end-user confusion.

17.7 Release 3.1.6 [2024-04-14]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- Fix various build issues.

17.8 Release 3.1.5 [2023-10-04]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- Rebuild C sources with Cython 0.29.36 to support Python 3.12.

17.9 Release 3.1.4 [2022-11-02]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- Rebuild C sources with Cython 0.29.32 to support Python 3.11.
- Fix contiguity check for DLPack and CAI buffers.
- Workaround build failures with setuptools v60.

17.10 Release 3.1.3 [2021-11-25]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- Add missing support for `MPI.BOTTOM` to generalized all-to-all collectives.

17.11 Release 3.1.2 [2021-11-04]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- `mpi4py.futures`: Add `_max_workers` property to `MPIPoolExecutor`.
- `mpi4py.util.dtlib`: Fix computation of alignment for predefined datatypes.
- `mpi4py.util.pkl5`: Fix deadlock when using `ssend()` + `mprobe()`.
- `mpi4py.util.pkl5`: Add environment variable `MPI4PY_PICKLE_THRESHOLD`.
- `mpi4py.rc`: Interpret `"y"` and `"n"` strings as boolean values.
- Fix/add typemap/typestr for `MPI.WCHAR`/`MPI.COUNT` datatypes.
- Minor fixes and additions to documentation.
- Minor fixes to typing support.
- Support for local version identifier (PEP-440).

17.12 Release 3.1.1 [2021-08-14]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- Fix typo in Requires-Python package metadata.
- Regenerate C sources with Cython 0.29.24.

17.13 Release 3.1.0 [2021-08-12]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- New features:
  - `mpi4py.util`: New package collecting miscellaneous utilities.
- Enhancements:
  - Add pickle-based `Request.waitsome()` and `Request.testsome()`.
  - Add lowercase methods `Request.get_status()` and `Request.cancel()`.
  - Support for passing Python GPU arrays compliant with the DLPack data interchange mechanism (link) and the `__cuda_array_interface__` (CAI) standard (link) to uppercase methods. This support requires that mpi4py is built against CUDA-aware MPI implementations. This feature is currently experimental and subject to future changes.
  - `mpi4py.futures`: Add support for initializers and canceling futures at shutdown. Environment variables names now follow the pattern `MPI4PY_FUTURES_*`, the previous `MPI4PY_*` names are deprecated.
  - Add type annotations to Cython code. The first line of the docstring of functions and methods displays a signature including type annotations.
  - Add companion stub files to support type checkers.
  - Support for weak references.
- Miscellaneous:

- Add a new mpi4py publication (link) to the citation listing.

17.14 Release 3.0.3 [2019-11-04]

- Regenerate Cython wrappers to support Python 3.8.

17.15 Release 3.0.2 [2019-06-11]

- Bug fixes:
  - Fix handling of readonly buffers in support for Python 2 legacy buffer interface. The issue triggers only when using a buffer-like object that is readonly and does not export the new Python 3 buffer interface.
  - Fix build issues with Open MPI 4.0.x series related to removal of many MPI-1 symbols deprecated in MPI-2 and removed in MPI-3.
  - Minor documentation fixes.

17.16 Release 3.0.1 [2019-02-15]

- Bug fixes:
  - Fix `Comm.scatter()` and other collectives corrupting input send list. Add safety measures to prevent related issues in global reduction operations.
  - Fix error-checking code for counts in `Op.Reduce_local()`.
- Enhancements:
  - Map size-specific Python/NumPy typecodes to MPI datatypes.
  - Allow partial specification of target list/tuple arguments in the various `Win` RMA methods.
  - Workaround for removal of `MPI_{LB|UB}` in Open MPI 4.0.
  - Support for Microsoft MPI v10.0.

17.17 Release 3.0.0 [2017-11-08]

- New features:
  - `mpi4py.futures`: Execute computations asynchronously using a pool of MPI processes. This package is based on `concurrent.futures` from the Python standard library.
  - `mpi4py.run`: Run Python code and abort execution in case of unhandled exceptions to prevent deadlocks.
  - `mpi4py.bench`: Run basic MPI benchmarks and tests.
- Enhancements:
  - Lowercase, pickle-based collective communication calls are now thread-safe through the use of fine-grained locking.
  - The `MPI` module now exposes a `memory` type which is a lightweight variant of the builtin `memoryview` type, but exposes both the legacy Python 2 and the modern Python 3 buffer interface under a Python 2 runtime.
  - The `MPI.Comm.Alltoallw()` method now uses `count=1` and `displ=0` as defaults, assuming that messages are specified through user-defined datatypes.
  - The `Request.Wait[all]()` methods now return `True` to match the interface of `Request.Test[all]()`.
  - The `Win` class now implements the Python buffer interface.
- Backward-incompatible changes:

- The `buf` argument of the `MPI.Comm.recv()` method is deprecated, passing anything but `None` emits a warning.
- The `MPI.Win.memory` property was removed, use the `MPI.Win.tomemory()` method instead.
- Executing `python -m mpi4py` in the command line is now equivalent to `python -m mpi4py.run`. For the former behavior, use `python -m mpi4py.bench`.
- Python 2.6 and 3.2 are no longer supported. The `mpi4py.MPI` module may still build and partially work, but other pure-Python modules under the `mpi4py` namespace will not.
- Windows: Remove support for legacy MPICH2, Open MPI, and DeinoMPI.

17.18 Release 2.0.0 [2015-10-18]

- Support for MPI-3 features.
  - Matched probes and receives.
  - Nonblocking collectives.
  - Neighborhood collectives.
  - New communicator constructors.
  - Request-based RMA operations.
  - New RMA communication and synchronisation calls.
  - New window constructors.
  - New datatype constructor.
  - New C++ boolean and floating complex datatypes.
- Support for MPI-2 features not included in previous releases.
  - Generalized All-to-All collective (`Comm.Alltoallw()`)
  - User-defined data representations (`Register_datarep()`)
- New scalable implementation of reduction operations for Python objects. This code is based on binomial tree algorithms using point-to-point communication and duplicated communicator contexts. To disable this feature, use `mpi4py.rc.fast_reduce = False`.
- Backward-incompatible changes:
  - Python 2.4, 2.5, 3.0 and 3.1 are no longer supported.
  - Default MPI error handling policies are overridden. After import, mpi4py sets the `ERRORS_RETURN` error handler in `COMM_SELF` and `COMM_WORLD`, as well as any new `Comm`, `Win`, or `File` instance created through mpi4py, thus effectively ignoring the MPI rules about error handler inheritance. This way, MPI errors translate to Python exceptions. To disable this behavior and use the standard MPI error handling rules, use `mpi4py.rc.errors = 'default'`.
  - Change signature of all send methods, `dest` is a required argument.
  - Change signature of all receive and probe methods, `source` defaults to `ANY_SOURCE`, `tag` defaults to `ANY_TAG`.
  - Change signature of send lowercase-spelling methods, `obj` arguments are not mandatory.
  - Change signature of recv lowercase-spelling methods, renamed 'obj' arguments to 'buf'.
  - Change `Request.Waitsome()` and `Request.Testsome()` to return `None` or `list`.

- Change signature of all lowercase-spelling collectives, `sendobj` arguments are now mandatory, `recvobj` arguments were removed.
- Reduction operations `MAXLOC` and `MINLOC` are no longer special-cased in lowercase-spelling methods `Comm.[all]reduce()` and `Comm.[ex]scan()`, the input object must be specified as a tuple `(obj, location)`.
- Change signature of name publishing functions. The new signatures are `Publish_name(service_name, port_name, info=INFO_NULL)` and `Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name, info=INFO_NULL)`.
- `Win` instances now cache Python objects exposing memory by keeping references instead of using MPI attribute caching.
- Change signature of `Win.Lock()`. The new signature is `Win.Lock(rank, lock_type=LOCK_EXCLUSIVE, assertion=0)`.
- Move `Cartcomm.Map()` to `Intracomm.Cart_map()`.
- Move `Graphcomm.Map()` to `Intracomm.Graph_map()`.
- Remove the `mpi4py.MPE` module.
- Rename the Cython definition file for use with `cimport` statement from `mpi_c.pxd` to `libmpi.pxd`.

17.19 Release 1.3.1 [2013-08-07]

- Regenerate C wrappers with Cython 0.19.1 to support Python 3.3.
- Install `*.pxd` files in `<site-packages>/mpi4py` to ease the support for Cython's `cimport` statement in code requiring to access mpi4py internals.
- As a side-effect of using Cython 0.19.1, ancient Python 2.3 is no longer supported. If you really need it, you can install an older Cython and run `python setup.py build_src --force`.

17.20 Release 1.3 [2012-01-20]

- Now `Comm.recv()` accept a buffer to receive the message.
- Add `Comm.irecv()` and `Request.{wait|test}[any|all]()`.
- Add `Intracomm.Spawn_multiple()`.
- Better buffer handling for PEP 3118 and legacy buffer interfaces.
- Add support for attribute attribute caching on communicators, datatypes and windows.
- Install MPI-enabled Python interpreter as `<path>/mpi4py/bin/python-mpi`.
- Windows: Support for building with Open MPI.

17.21 Release 1.2.2 [2010-09-13]

- Add `mpi4py.get_config()` to retrieve information (compiler wrappers, includes, libraries, etc) about the MPI implementation employed to build mpi4py.
- Workaround Python libraries with missing GILState-related API calls in case of non-threaded Python builds.
- Windows: look for MPICH2, DeinoMPI, Microsoft HPC Pack at their default install locations under %Program-Files.
- MPE: fix hacks related to old API's, these hacks are broken when MPE is built with a MPI implementations other than MPICH2.

- HP-MPI: fix for missing Fortran datatypes, use dlopen() to load the MPI shared library before MPI_Init()
- Many distutils-related fixes, cleanup, and enhancements, better logics to find MPI compiler wrappers.
- Support for `pip install mpi4py`.

17.22 Release 1.2.1 [2010-02-26]

- Fix declaration in Cython include file. This declaration, while valid for Cython, broke the simple-minded parsing used in conf/mpidistutils.py to implement configure-tests for availability of MPI symbols.
- Update SWIG support and make it compatible with Python 3. Also generate an warning for SWIG < 1.3.28.
- Fix distutils-related issues in Mac OS X. Now ARCHFLAGS environment variable is honored of all Python's `config/Makefile` variables.
- Fix issues with Open MPI < 1.4.2 related to error checking and `MPI_XXX_NULL` handles.

17.23 Release 1.2 [2009-12-29]

- Automatic MPI datatype discovery for NumPy arrays and PEP-3118 buffers. Now buffer-like objects can be messaged directly, it is no longer required to explicitly pass a 2/3-list/tuple like `[data, MPI.DOUBLE]`, or `[data, count, MPI.DOUBLE]`. Only basic types are supported, i.e., all C/C99-native signed/unsigned integral types and single/double precision real/complex floating types. Many thanks to Eilif Muller for the initial feedback.
- Nonblocking send of pickled Python objects. Many thanks to Andreas Kloeckner for the initial patch and enlightening discussion about this enhancement.
- `Request` instances now hold a reference to the Python object exposing the buffer involved in point-to-point communication or parallel I/O. Many thanks to Andreas Kloeckner for the initial feedback.
- Support for logging of user-defined states and events using MPE. Runtime (i.e., without requiring a recompile!) activation of logging of all MPI calls is supported in POSIX platforms implementing `dlopen()`.
- Support for all the new features in MPI-2.2 (new C99 and F90 datatypes, distributed graph topology, local reduction operation, and other minor enhancements).
- Fix the annoying issues related to Open MPI and Python dynamic loading of extension modules in platforms supporting `dlopen()`.
- Fix SLURM dynamic loading issues on SiCortex. Many thanks to Ian Langmore for providing me shell access.

17.24 Release 1.1.0 [2009-06-06]

- Fix bug in `Comm.Iprobe()` that caused segfaults as Python C-API calls were issued with the GIL released (issue #2).
- Add `Comm.bsend()` and `Comm.ssend()` for buffered and synchronous send semantics when communicating general Python objects.
- Now the call `Info.Get(key)` return a *single* value (i.e, instead of a 2-tuple); this value is `None` if `key` is not in the `Info` object, or a string otherwise. Previously, the call redundantly returned `(None, False)` for missing key-value pairs; `None` is enough to signal a missing entry.
- Add support for parametrized Fortran datatypes.
- Add support for decoding user-defined datatypes.
- Add support for user-defined reduction operations on memory buffers. However, at most 16 user-defined reduction operations can be created. Ask the author for more room if you need it.

17.25 Release 1.0.0 [2009-03-20]

This is the fist release of the all-new, Cython-based, implementation of *MPI for Python*. Unfortunately, this implementation is not backward-compatible with the previous one. The list below summarizes the more important changes that can impact user codes.

- Some communication calls had *overloaded* functionality. Now there is a clear distinction between communication of general Python object with *pickle*, and (fast, near C-speed) communication of buffer-like objects (e.g., NumPy arrays).
  - for communicating general Python objects, you have to use all-lowercase methods, like `send()`, `recv()`, `bcast()`, etc.
  - for communicating array data, you have to use `Send()`, `Recv()`, `Bcast()`, etc. methods. Buffer arguments to these calls must be explicitly specified by using a 2/3-list/tuple like `[data, MPI.DOUBLE]`, or `[data, count, MPI.DOUBLE]` (the former one uses the byte-size of `data` and the extent of the MPI datatype to define the `count`).
- Indexing a communicator with an integer returned a special object associating the communication with a target rank, alleviating you from specifying source/destination/root arguments in point-to-point and collective communications. This functionality is no longer available, expressions like:

```
MPI.COMM_WORLD[0].Send(...)
MPI.COMM_WORLD[0].Recv(...)
MPI.COMM_WORLD[0].Bcast(...)
```

  have to be replaced by:

```
MPI.COMM_WORLD.Send(..., dest=0)
MPI.COMM_WORLD.Recv(..., source=0)
MPI.COMM_WORLD.Bcast(..., root=0)
```

- Automatic MPI initialization (i.e., at import time) requests the maximum level of MPI thread support (i.e., it is done by calling `MPI_Init_thread()` and passing `MPI_THREAD_MULTIPLE`). In case you need to change this behavior, you can tweak the contents of the `mpi4py.rc` module.
- In order to obtain the values of predefined attributes attached to the world communicator, now you have to use the `Get_attr()` method on the `MPI.COMM_WORLD` instance:

```
tag_ub = MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_attr(MPI.TAG_UB)
```

- In the previous implementation, `MPI.COMM_WORLD` and `MPI.COMM_SELF` were associated to **duplicates** of the (C-level) `MPI_COMM_WORLD` and `MPI_COMM_SELF` predefined communicator handles. Now this is no longer the case, `MPI.COMM_WORLD` and `MPI.COMM_SELF` proxies the **actual** `MPI_COMM_WORLD` and `MPI_COMM_SELF` handles.
- Convenience aliases `MPI.WORLD` and `MPI.SELF` were removed. Use instead `MPI.COMM_WORLD` and `MPI.COMM_SELF`.
- Convenience constants `MPI.WORLD_SIZE` and `MPI.WORLD_RANK` were removed. Use instead `MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_size()` and `MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_rank()`.

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